# Consideration about the Radioactive Waste Occurrence in IMEF 

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## 1. Introduction

This paper discussed the collection, arrangement, storage, transfer, and pollution elimination method for a waste which was accumulated in atomic energy institution (IMEF) for three years.
In particular we described the decontamination method for a floor surface pollution.
This kind of waste is presented in table 1 for the IMEF.

Table 1 A kind of waste

|  | Solid Waste | Liquid waste |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hot cell | High level solid waste |  |
| Inside | The combustibility, <br> uncombustibility | Low, Very low <br> level liquid waste |



Fig. 1 Intervention area

## 2. The main discourse

A process from the occurrence to a disposal of a waste which is occured in a party institution
2.1 The reason for a waste occurrence

- Occurrence during an examination
- Pollution elimination work for an institution
- Old aged equipment exchange
- Safe operation of an institution


### 2.2 A collection of a waste.

An uncombustible and a combustible waste occured in each district of the institution. It is put into small vinyl $\operatorname{bag}(60 \times 80 \mathrm{~cm})$, and it is gathered in a special storehouse. A waste has to be classified clearly for its combustibility and uncombustibility when it is sorted.
2.3 An arrangement of a waste

The combustibility and uncombustibility, as well was the measured radiation dose for each gathered waste is determined, and it is attached with a history table.
For a furtuer processing, It is inserted in to a drum step by step and compressed with weight before the drum cover is sealed.

### 2.4 A storage of a waste

A drum is held at an appointment place, and it is transferred to a disposal site later.

### 2.5 Transfer of a waste

As for the sealed drum, the surface must be wiped well, and it must be attached with a drum card.
A related doc. is presented to site and then the waste is transfered to a storing place.

### 2.6 Decontamination method

If the floor of a intervention area is polluted, This pollution has to be removed.
First, the floor is wiped using electrical floor washing machine and then moisture is removed by scraper. Another person in a cleaned area wipes the moisture for the floor with a decontemination paper.
Through this process the decontamination completed. Usualy the surface pollution level of a floor is managed within $1 / 10$ level of a permitted surface pollution level. The volime of the waste is the same as in table 2 in IMEF.

Table 2 Volume of waste

| Con. <br> Year | Kind | Vol. <br> (Drum) | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | Combust, | 14 | Tie.B,Boot.C,Decon.p, <br> Vinyl |
|  | E,d | 7 | Steel, Elect.W |
|  | Used,F | $64 e a$ |  |
| 2006 | Combust, | 18 | Tie.B,Boot.C,Decon.p, <br> Vinyl |
|  | E.d | 1 | Steel, Elect.W |
|  | H,LR | 1.7 |  |
| 2007 | Combust, | 17 | Tie.B,Boot.C,Decon.p, <br> Vinyl |
|  | E,d | 4 | Steel, Elect.W |

## 3. Conclusion

The combustibility and uncombustibility of a waste looked by similar occurrence if we saw volume of the waste which was happened in a party institution for three years, and Also, We has known that used filter and a waste of high level radioactivity had being happened by one time in several years..


Fig. 3 Volume of waste according to a fiscal year
Consequently to reduce volume of a waste a thing carried into an institution has to be minimized.

