2004

KALIMER

Assessment of the Passive Safety System Capability for the Scaled-up KALIMER Capacity



Abstract

This study has been carried out to assess the decay heat removal capability of the passive safety systems adopted in a conceptual design of the 600 MW(e), sodium cooled, metallic fuel loaded KALIMER. Since the applicability of the PVCS has a limit to the reactor capacity of 1,000 MW(t) or less, another passive loop, PDRC, is conceptualized for the scale-up capacity. The SSC-K has already been upgraded to be capable of simulating such passive systems, and thus it is applied to the assessment of the PDRC capability for one of accidents where the passive safety systems relatively play an essential role. Besides, a feasibility analysis has also been conducted to eliminate the PVCS for the design simplification.

가

	150 MW(e),			KALIMI	KALIMER		
			PVCS(Passi	ve Vessel Cooling	System)		
. (, 2002, Chang e	t al, 2002)		1,0	000 MWt		
	가	. (Eoł	n et al., 200	2)			
	KALIMER	600	MW(e)				
			PVC	S(Passive Vessel	Cooling		
System)	가 가		,	-			
PDRC (Passive Dec	cay heat Removal Circ	cuit)	የት				
1,000 MWt				,			
Super Phenix(SPX) EFR(Europear	n Fast Rea	ctor)	. (Farrar, et al, 1	999)		
	(PSDRS, Passive Sa	afety Deca	ay heat Re	moval System) F	VCS		
PDRC	PDRC			1			
	,	, DHX(De	cay Heat	Exchanger), AHX(A	Air Heat		
Exchanger),			-	DHX(Dec	ay Heat		
Exchanger)							
,	DHX (Shell S	Side)					
	-	DHX		KAL	IMER		
IHX	DHX		AHX		. AHX		
		EFR		Helical			
		PVCS	PDRC(, 2003,	,		

2004)	SSC-K(Chang, et al., 2002)	PDRC	가	,
	가		(ULOHS)	
				,

2.

가. ULOHS

		KALI	IMER	가				
IHTS		-				(IHTS	6)	
	IHX	, IHTS			IF	ITS		ULOHS
			IHTS				IHTS	
	가		,	-				
						-	가	
	,	IHTS		가	,		2	
		가 .			가			
			,					
	,							
		KALIMER - 6	00					PVCS
	가		PDRC 7	'F	. UL	OHS		

72 가 . .

,

.

•

,

.

가 . PVCS PDRC 가

100 % 가 ,

ULOHS 가 가 . 가 . ULOHS 0 IHTS

가 . . .

• ULOHS 0 2 , 500 (Total Negative Reactivity) 가 가 6.6 % 1,000 . 3 . 가

Doppler, CRDL 가 가 가

가

가 가 , Doppler , 가 가 가

가

.

.

 가
 , 1,000

 .
 가

 .
 .

 97 %
 .

4 600 , 200 °C

 가
 .5

 200
 Overflow 가 ,

 가
 .

. 5 , ,

4.0 K . 가

가 1,000

가 . 6 PVCS PDRC

.

.

,

20 MWt

1.78 MWt

.

7 , PDRC Overflow . 가 500 , PDRC (41) 가 .

(4)

ULOHS 가 . ULOHS

20,000 (5.6) . (, 2000) IHX , アト フト . (8) 9 10 フト 17,000 , 2 7.12 MW .

8 4 가. 9 PVCS PDRC , 가 PVCS 가 3.5 . 10 19.0 K 가,

. 11 52.8 K 가 , 가 1.5 . PVCS

. 12 PVCS

38 %

.

. 13 (+) , (-) .

,

3.

· PVCS 가 가 , . Re 가 *Nu*

가 SSC-K . , Re 가

가 PVCS 가 .

PDRC 가 Freezing , DHX AHX . , AHX 2

, ULOHS

PVCS . PVCS

가

.

가

. 가 . 가

.

가



.

, "KALIMER	", KAERI/TR-220	04/2002, 2002.	8
W.P. Chang, "Model Development f	for Analysis of the K	orea Advance	d Liquid Metal
Reactor", Nuclear Engineering and De	esign, 217, 2002, pp. 63	3-80	
B. Farrar, et al.,"Fast reactor decay he	eat removal: approach	to the safety s	ystem design in
Japan and Europe."			
, "·			," ,
KAERI/TR-2565/2003			
, "KALIMER-600		フト,"	
KAERI/TR-2689/2004			
Eoh J. H. et al., "Feasibility Study or	n Enhancement of Dec	ay Heat Remo	oval Capacity in
LMR using Radiation Structures," Pro	ceedings of the KNS(K	Korean Nuclear	Society),
Yong-Pyung, Korea (October 2002)			
, " KALIMER		가	"
, 2000	10 ,		
	, "KALIMER W.P. Chang, "Model Development Reactor", Nuclear Engineering and D B. Farrar, et al.,"Fast reactor decay h Japan and Europe." ," KAERI/TR-2565/2003 ," KALIMER-600 KAERI/TR-2689/2004 Eoh J. H. et al., "Feasibility Study o LMR using Radiation Structures," Pro Yong-Pyung, Korea (October 2002) , " KALIMER	<pre>, "KALIMER ", KAERI/TR-220 W.P. Chang, "Model Development for Analysis of the K Reactor", Nuclear Engineering and Design, 217, 2002, pp. 63 B. Farrar, et al., "Fast reactor decay heat removal: approach Japan and Europe." , " KAERI/TR-2565/2003 , " KALIMER-600 KAERI/TR-2689/2004 Eoh J. H. et al., "Feasibility Study on Enhancement of Dec LMR using Radiation Structures," Proceedings of the KNS(K Yong-Pyung, Korea (October 2002) , " KALIMER ' 00 , 2000 10 ,</pre>	, "KALIMER ", KAERI/TR-2204/2002, 2002. W.P. Chang, "Model Development for Analysis of the Korea Advance Reactor", Nuclear Engineering and Design, 217, 2002, pp. 63-80 B. Farrar, et al., "Fast reactor decay heat removal: approach to the safety s Japan and Europe." , " KAERI/TR-2565/2003 , " KALIMER-600 7," KAERI/TR-2689/2004 Eoh J. H. et al., "Feasibility Study on Enhancement of Decay Heat Remo LMR using Radiation Structures," Proceedings of the KNS(Korean Nuclear Yong-Pyung, Korea (October 2002) , " KALIMER 7 , 00 , 2000 10 ,

.

•

8







2 ULOHS

























,

,

11

