#### 2004

## CANDU-6

CANDU-6

## Development of Scaling Laws on Thermal-Hydraulic Effect Test Facility for CANDU-6 Moderator

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19

(HGU-KINS) . Ar, Re CANDU-6 SPEL(1/10 STERN(1/4 ) ) SPEL , STERN , Ar 1/8가 CANDU-6 CFX5 가

### ABSTRACT

The scaling laws on thermal-hydraulic effect test facility for CANDU-6 moderator (HGU-KINS) have been investigated and manufactured. The basic laws are the satisfaction of energy conservation and dimensionless number, Ar and Re, for the similarities of thermal-hydraulic properties. And then the thermal-hydraulic scaling analyses of test facilities, SPEL(1/10 scale) and STERN(1/4 scale), have been identified by the present method. As a result, in the case of SPEL, the energy conservation is confirmed, but the similarities of Ar and the heat density are not considered. In the case of STERN, the energy conservation and the characteristics of Ar were well defined. But the similarity of the heat density is unsatisfied, either. Therefore the present method was applied with 1/8 length scale. For the performance test, CFD analysis has been accomplished by CFX5. The results of flow pattern certifications and variation of axial properties with CANDU show that the present scaling method is acceptable.

dry-out					-	
(CNSC : Canadian	Nuclear Safe	ety Commis	ssion)	,	가	
가	,		가			
	가 . 가	,	,		(CFD)	
SPEL(Koroyannask 1983 SPEL Ko jet internal heat	ki et al, 1983 proyannaski 2 1990 . STERN	20 3), STERN( Calandria CANDU STERN	Hadaller, -like cylind Hadaller	AECL 1990) drical vessel 가, 기	COG . SPEL 1/10	inlet
,				,	I	KINS
length) 가 가 BWR 1/4	가 .	, 1/10 I:	, shii(1994)	, Lee	, , No(1990) , ATL	. 가 (full , .AS
가 2	, 3		SPEL,	STERN	·	·

가

2.1

# (global scaling law)

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CANDU-6

가 , , · , · ,

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380 .

$$\dot{Q} = \dot{m}C_p \Delta T \tag{1}$$

$$\dot{Q}$$
 ,  $\dot{m}$  ,  $C_p$  ,  $\Delta T$  (T<sub>out</sub>-T<sub>in</sub>) . (1)  
(2) .

$$\dot{Q}^* = \dot{m}^* \Delta T^*$$

$$\dot{Q}^* = \frac{\dot{Q}}{\dot{Q}_{ref}}, \quad \dot{m}^* = \frac{\dot{m}}{\dot{m}_{ref}}, \quad \Delta T^* = \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta T_{ref}} \qquad .$$

$$(2)$$

$$q''' = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{Q}{0.25\pi D_{cal}^{2}L}$$
(3)

(3) (4) .  

$$(q''')^* = \frac{Q^*}{D_{cal}^{*\,2}L^*}$$
 (4)

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Re Ar가 , Ar , . Ar .

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$$Ar_{ori} = \frac{g\beta\Delta TD_{cal}}{U_m^2}$$
(5)

$$Ar = \frac{g\beta\Delta TD_{cal}}{U_{in}^{2}}$$
(6)

Re

(5)

Re

,

가

$$\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Re}_{i_{m}} = \frac{\rho U_{i_{m}} D_{col,i_{m}}}{\mu} & (7) \\ & \operatorname{Re} & (U_{i_{m}}) & (D_{cal}) \\ & \operatorname{Ar} & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & & \operatorname{Re} & \operatorname{Ar} & 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & &$$

(D<sub>pipe</sub>), (P),

(N)



(13)

Re ,

,

 $Nu_D$ 

 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{m}}$ 

가 , Re

, Re<sub>D,max</sub>, Pr, Nu<sub>D</sub> Zhukauskas(1972) (11) . Zhukauskas , (cross-flow)

 $Nu_D = C \operatorname{Re}_{D,\max}^m \operatorname{Pr}^{0.36} \left(\frac{\operatorname{Pr}}{\operatorname{Pr}_s}\right)^{1/4}$ (11)

Nu가

,  $\operatorname{Re}_{D,\max}^{m} = \frac{\rho U_{\max} D_{pipe}}{\mu}$ ,  $U_{\max} = \frac{P}{P - D_{pipe}} U_{m}$ ,  $\operatorname{Pr} = \frac{C_{p} \mu}{k}$ ,  $\operatorname{Pr}_{s} = \operatorname{Pr}|_{at \ surface}$ , m , CANDU6

Cm

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$$Nu_{D} = 0.021 \cdot \text{Re}_{D,\text{max}}^{0.84} \text{Pr}^{0.36} \left(\frac{\text{Pr}}{\text{Pr}_{s}}\right)^{1/4}$$
(12)

(D<sub>pipe</sub>), (P), (N)가

2.2

SPEL(1983) STERN(1990) , Ar

1 CANDU6 SPEL, STERN

, SPEL

$$\dot{Q}^* = \dot{m}^* \Delta T^* = \frac{1}{2023} \cdot \frac{1}{4.6} = \frac{1}{9306}$$
, 1/9306
1/3.9 ,

,

(L)

### 1. CANDU6, SPEL, STERN

	CAN	DU6	SP	EL	STE	ERN
	Value	Scale	Value	Scale	Value	Scale
D <sub>cal</sub> (m)	7.6	1	0.737	1/10.3	2	1/3.8
L (m)	6.0	1	0.254	1/23.62	0.2	1/30
Q (kW)	100000	1	10	1/10000	100	1/1000
<i>q‴</i> (W/m³)	414130	1	107526	1/3.9	181488	1/2.3
$\Delta T$ (°C)	20	1	4.4	1/4.6	10	1/2
U <sub>in</sub> (m/s)	2.04	1	0.13	1/15.7	0.761	1/2.7
ṁ(kg/s)	1011.6	1	0.5	1/2023	2.4	1/421.5

, Ar

$$Ar^{*} = \frac{\beta^{*} \Delta T^{*} D_{cal}^{*}}{(U_{in}^{*})^{2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{1.57} \cdot \frac{1}{4.6} \cdot \frac{1}{10.3}}{(\frac{1}{15.7})^{2}} = 3.3$$
(14)

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(14) SPEL Ar CANDU6 3.3 가 , CANDU6 , SPEL CANDU .

STERN

$$\dot{Q}^* = \dot{m}^* \Delta T^* = \frac{1}{421.5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{843}$$
(15)

1/843 1/1000

, STERN

	· 가	,	
	. , STERN	SPEL 가	
가		가 .	STERN
	1/2.3	가	

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, Ar STERN

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$$Ar^{*} = \frac{\beta^{*} \Delta T^{*} D_{cal}^{*}}{\left(U_{in}^{*}\right)^{2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{1.15} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3.8}}{\left(\frac{1}{2.7}\right)^{2}} = 1.2$$
(16)



## (HGU-KINS)

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### 3.1 HGU-KINS

CANDU-6

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2.

CANDU6 1/10000 10 kW , CANDU6 .  $Q^* = \frac{10 \ kW}{100000 \ kW} = \frac{1}{10000}$  (17)  $q'''^* = 1$  (18) Ar<sup>\*</sup> 1 , Re Lee (2003) , 10000 Z<sup>†</sup> .

			CANDU		aspect
ratio(L/D)가 1	(Xerox Copy)		1/21 5		$(L/D)^{-}=1$
가 .	0.35m ,		1/21.5	가	$(D_{cal} = 1/21.5)$
			3		
	,				SPEI 1/10
STERN 1/4			,	,	가
,		1/8			
$D_{cal}^{*} = \frac{1}{8}$					(19)
D <sub>cal</sub> =0.95m가					,
( (7))					
$L^* = \frac{Q}{D_{cal}}^{*2} = \frac{1}{156.2}$	3				(20)
(20)	L 0.0384m				
$(\dot{m})$ ,	(∆T),	(U <sub>in</sub> )			(A <sub>in</sub> )
	ΔΙ,	(9),			U <sub>in</sub> ,(10)
0.000	6 m <sup>2</sup> ,			-	
$A_{in}^* = \frac{0.0006m^2}{0.4602m^2} =$	$\frac{1}{767}$				(21)
(9) ,					
$\Delta T^* = \frac{1}{2.8}$					(22)
	7.14° <i>C</i> .				(10)
$U_{in}^{*} = \frac{1}{4.7}$					(23)
, 0.434m/s7∤	· .				
$\dot{m}^* = \frac{1}{3571}$					(24)
,	가				
, Ro	11000	Ar	71		가
1/55 .	11000		~1		,
$Re_{in} = 11000$					(24)

(h)

1/4

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, 10kW SPEL, STERN

1/4.3

2.



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Ar가

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		Pres	ent
		Value	Scale
	D <sub>cal</sub> (m)	0.95	1/8
	L (m)	0.0384	1/156.3
	P(m)	0.072	1/4
Geometry	D <sub>pipe</sub> (m)	0.033	1/4
	Ν	88	1/4.3
	A <sub>in</sub> (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.006	1/767
	A <sub>out</sub> (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.006	1/767
	Q (kW)	10	1/10000
Energy	$q^{\prime\prime\prime}$ (W/m <sup>3</sup> )	414130	1
	$\Delta T$ (°C)	7.14	1/2.8
	$_{\dot{m}_{in}}( ext{kg/s})$	0.3	1/3571
Dynamic	<sub>ṁ₀սս</sub> (kg/s)	0.3	1/3571
	U <sub>in</sub> (m/s)	0.434	1/4.7
Reynolds	Re <sub>in</sub>	11000	1/55
Archimedes	Ar	0.1806	1

STERN

3
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Ar

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CANDU6, STERN CANDU6 가

STERN

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SPEL,



3.2 HGU-KINS











 $U_{in} = 0.27$  m/s,  $Re_{in} = 6940$ ,  $Ar^* = 0.43$ Mixed-type flow CFX5 6 . 6(a) 가 Mixed-type flow (b)  $U_{in} = 0.18$  m/s,  $Re_{in} = 4630$ ,  $Ar^* = 0.16$ Buoyancy flow CFX5 7 7(a) . , 가 , 가 Buoyancy flow 가 . (b) , Buoyancy flow





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CANDU6





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section , (polycarnate)



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