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150

가

.
 .
 model trap
 가 가 trap 140ps trapping
 가 가

Abstract

The microstrutural parameters of a reactor pressure vessel steel have been nondestructively investigated by positron lifetime technique. The grain sizes were controlled and, the size and distribution of carbides was maintained nearly the same by the heat treatments. Regardless of the grain size, the lifetimes of trapped positrons, τ_2 were about 140ps and the relative intensities, I_2 decreased with increasing the grain size. The self-consistency of measured positron lifetime spectra was confirmed in the frame of trapping model and it was found that positrons were trapped mainly at the screw dislocations at grain boundaries.

1.

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[1, 2].

vacancy interstitial

. C. Lopes [3]

[3]. ,

, ,

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TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy),
FIM(Field Ion Microscopy), SANS (Small Angle Neutron Scattering)

5nm 가 vacancy
open - volume 20

[4].

(Tempered - bainite)

, (packet), (lath),

α - Fe bulk (106ps)

/ misfit 가 [5 - 7].

가 tapping model self - consistency

2.

2.1

SA 508 Gr.3

1 . 1 ,
(austenitizing)

(tempering)

. 3% natal LePera (1% Sodium
Metabisulfate + 4% Picral) (Optical Microscope)

(Scanning Electron Microscope)

ASTM , EBSD(Electron Back Scattered
Diffractometer)

SEM (Image Analyzer)

2.2

0.25×10×10mm² 가
 0.5μm
 2 230ps Fast Coincidence System 20μCi
²²Na
 1.28MeV 가
 0.511MeV
 8×10⁶ counts
 PATFIT - 88

3.

3.1

3
 가 가 25μm, 60μm
 110μm 가 가 4
 EBSD (: 15°)
 가 가 2~3
 5
 0.207~0.227μm, (aspect ratio) 1.80~1.82
 가 가 , 가 Hall -
 Petch

$$\sigma_o = \sigma_i + kd^{-1/2} \quad (1)$$

, σ_o , d (μm) σ_i k ,

가

3.2

가 (τ_1, τ_2) (I_1, I_2) . 2

($\bar{\tau} = \tau_1 I_1 + \tau_2 I_2$) . , τ_1 (thermalization)

bulk τ_2

trap . $\bar{\tau}$ H1 H2가

H3 가 가 (

) . $\tau_2 \approx 140\text{ps}$ $\alpha\text{-Fe}$ (screw

dislocation) trap

. I_2 가 가

trap / misfit

Fe_3C cementite 91ps

misfit 가 trap

[5, 9]. 가 (low - angle boundary)

(edge dislocation) (tilt boundary)

(twist boundary) 가 가

가 . 가

trapping model self - consistency .

rate equation .

$$\frac{dn_b(t)}{dt} = -(\lambda_b + k_d)n_b(t) \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{dn_d(t)}{dt} = -\lambda_d n_d(t) + k_d n_b(t) \quad (3)$$

, n_b, n_d t bulk , λ_b, λ_d bulk

κ_d trapping rate . , $n_b(0) = N_0$,

$n_d(0) = 0$.

$$\tau_1^{TM} = \frac{1}{\lambda_b + k_d}, \quad \tau_2 = \frac{1}{\lambda_d} \quad (4)$$

$$k_d = I_2 \left(\frac{1}{\tau_1} - \frac{1}{\tau_2} \right) = \frac{I_2}{I_1} \left(\frac{1}{\tau_b} - \frac{1}{\tau_d} \right) \quad (5)$$

model 2 τ_1^{TM} , trap 가 trapping
 , 가 trap

4.

가

(1) 가 가 Hall - Petch
 가 가

(2) trap 140ps
 가 가 , 가
 trap

(3) 가 tapping
 model 가
 가 trap

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Table 1. Chemical composition of the SA 508 Gr.3 steel

Element	C	Si	Mn	P	S	Ni	Cr	Mo	Al	Cu
Content(wt. %)	0.21	0.24	1.36	0.007	0.003	0.93	0.21	0.49	0.022	0.03

Table 2. Two - component decomposition of positron lifetime spectra

Material	τ_1 [ps]	τ_2 [ps]	I_2 [%]	$\bar{\tau}$ [ps]	τ_1^{TM} [ps]
H1	91	138	71	124	83
H2	89	141	68	124	82
H3	91	133	62	117	86

H1 : 880°C/6H, H2 : 960°C/6H, H3 : 1000°C/6H

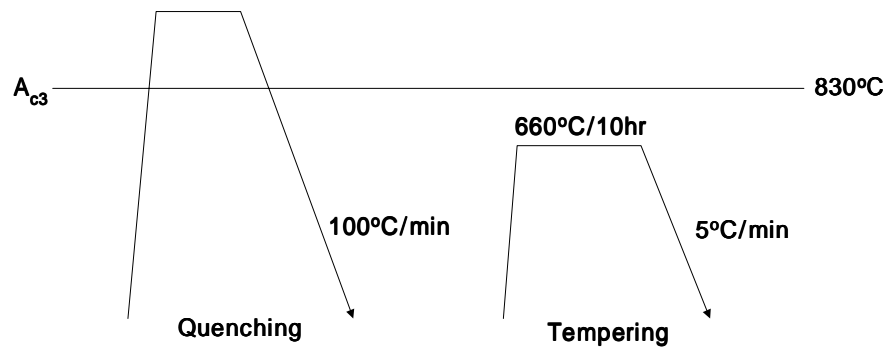


Fig. 1. Schematic sketch of three heat treatment conditions

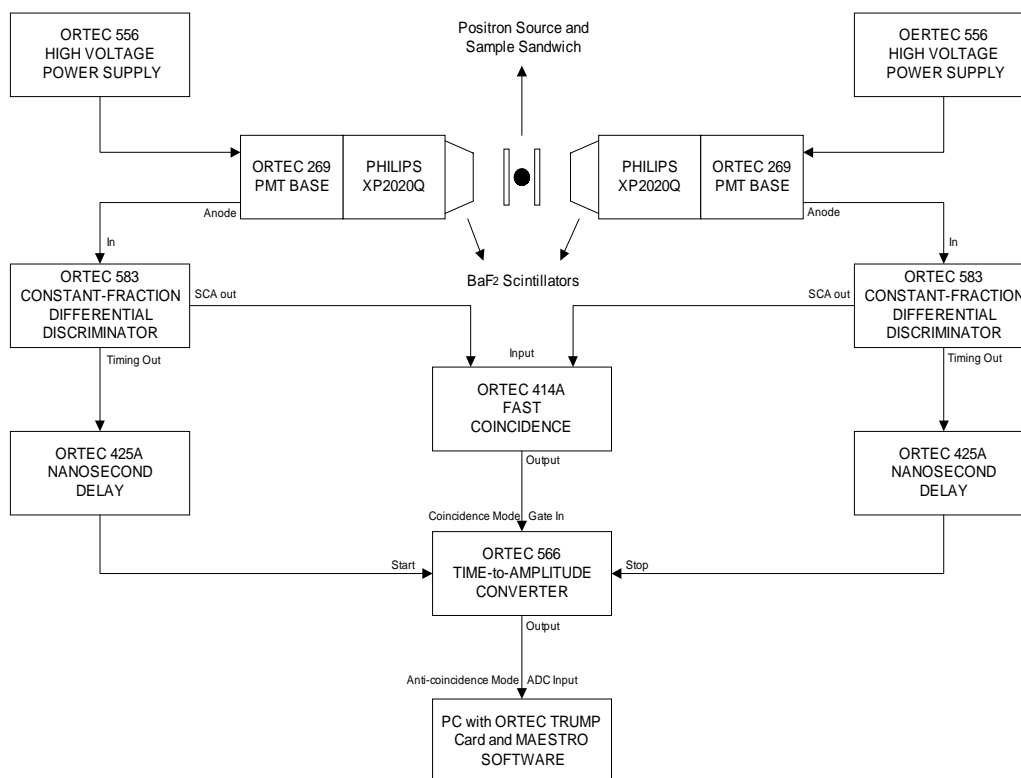
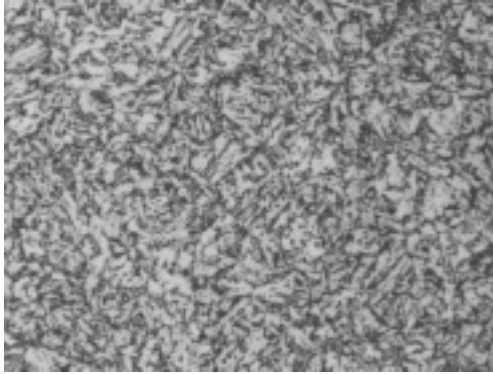
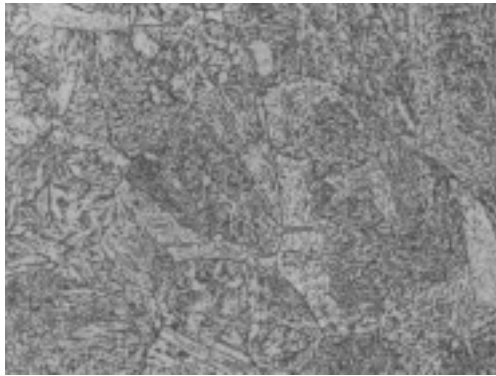
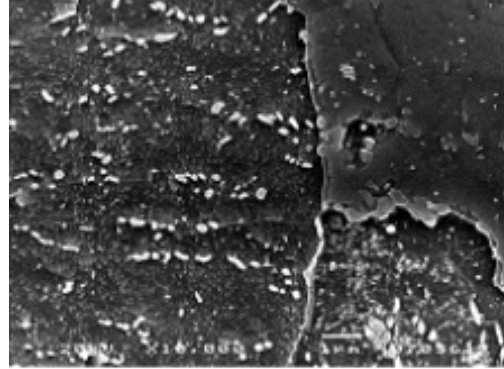


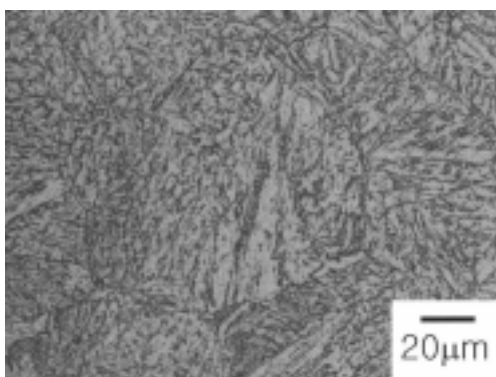
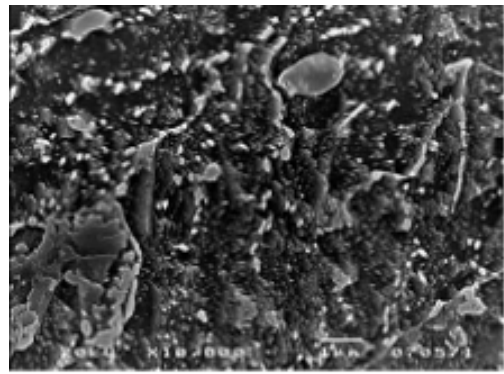
Fig. 2. Schematic illustration of positron lifetime measurement system



(a)



(b)



(c)

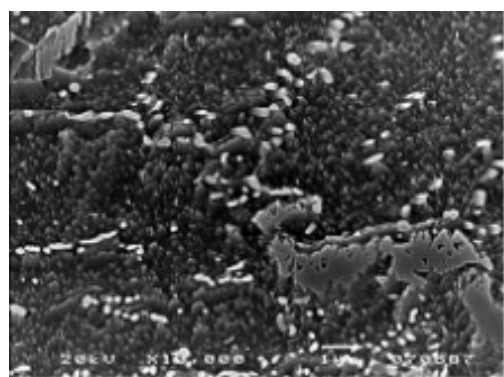


Fig. 3. Microstructures of the tested materials, (a) H1, (b) H2 and (c) H3.

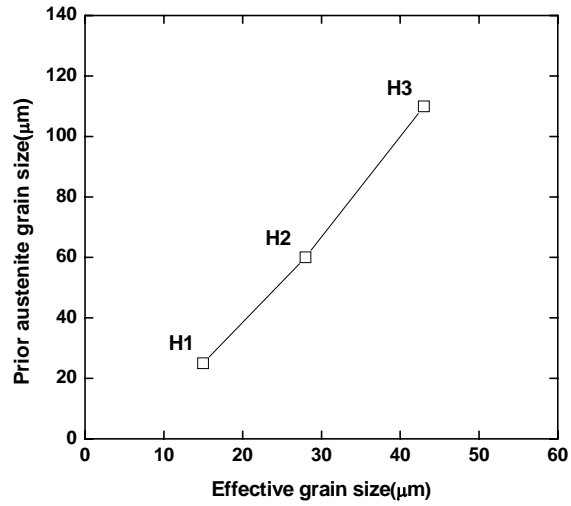


Fig. 4. Variation of grain size with the effective grain size

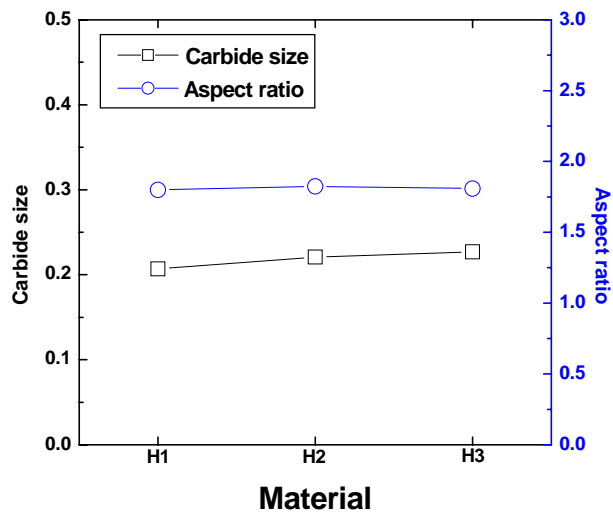


Fig. 5. Carbide size and aspect ratio of the tested materials.

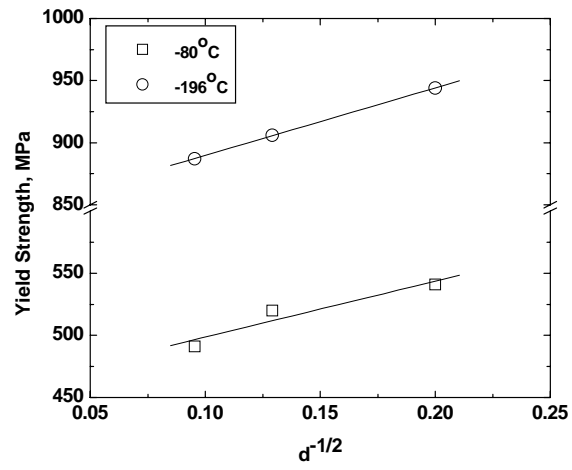


Fig. 6. Relationship between austenite grain size and yield strength.