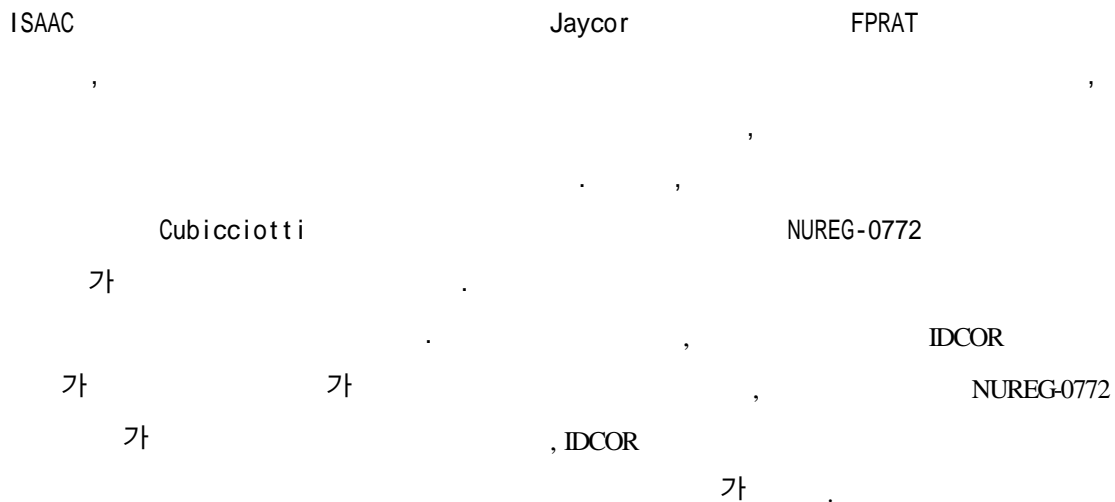


ISAAC 가  
**Volatile Fission Product Release Model Evaluation in ISAAC Code**

150



**Abstract**

The ISAAC fission product release calculation is based on the detailed FPRAT models developed by Jaycor and the release of these materials from the core is governed by the release rate of fission products from the fuel matrix, the ability of the gas flow from the core to carry these materials to the rest of the primary system, and the saturated vapor pressure of fission product species given by chemical thermodynamic equilibrium. For volatile fission product release calculation, either Cubicciotti steam oxidation correlation or the NUREG-0772 correlation is used as user's options. In this study, sensitivity analyses are made for these volatile fission product release models. As the results, in case of early release, the IDCOR model with an in-vessel Te release option shows the most conservative results and for the late release case, NUREG-0772 model shows the most conservative results. Considering both early and late release, the IDCOR model with an in-vessel Te bound option is evaluated to show mitigated conservative results.

**1.**

1990 2/3/4 2 PSA CANDU  
 (KAERI) FAI (Fauske & Associates, Inc.)가 1  
 ISAAC [1] .  
 가가 .  
 가 ( “ FP ” )  
 ISAAC FP  
 (Volatile Fission Product Release) . 가 .  
 가 가 , 가 .

ISAAC Cubicciotti [2]  
 NUREG-0772 [3] 가 .  
 가 FP IDCOR  
 , (blockage) ,  
 Te Telluride .  
 Zr 70-90% , Te  
 ISAAC Te  
 (IDCOR “ FTEREL ” , N-0772 “ FTENUR ” )

**2. ISAAC**

ISAAC Jaycor FPRAT [4]  
 , FP Cubicciotti  
 NUREG-0772 가 .  
 ISAAC MAAP 12가  
 (Xe, Kr/CsI/TeO2/SrO/MoO2/CsOH/BaO/La2O3/CeO2/Sb/Te2/UO2/H3) (Tritium)  
 가 .  
 FP Xe, Kr, Cs,  
 I, Te 가  
 :  
 1.  
 (ballooning)

2.

13

(UO2)

3. Te

Telluride

Cubiciotti

(IDCOR/EPRI

)

가

FP

UO2가

가

(Kinetics)

가

가

가

FP

:

$$F = 1 - \frac{1}{1 + [1 - 4(\tau_0/\pi)^{1/2}] [1 - 4(\tau_0/\pi)^{1/2} + \tau_0]}$$

, F = FP ,

$$\tau_0 = Dt/h^2, \quad \tau_0 = Dt/r^2,$$

$$h = \text{ (h), } r = \text{ (r) (m),}$$

$$t = \text{ ( ) ,}$$

$$D_c = \text{ UO}_2 \text{ (oxidant)}$$

, UO2 (K)

$$D_c \text{ (m}^2\text{/s)} = 9.9 \times 10^{-3} e^{(-28600/T)}$$

NUREG-0772

( )

FP

가

가

가

FP

FP

$$k(T) = A e^{BT}$$

, k(T)

, T

[ ]

, A, B

FP	1000 < T < 2200		T > 2200	
	A	B	A	B
Xe, I, Cs	$1.65 \times 10^{-7}$	0.00667	$1.89 \times 10^{-5}$	0.00451
Te	$2.96 \times 10^{-8}$	0.00667	$1.17 \times 10^{-5}$	0.00404

3.

(bounding conditions) (Reactor Outlet Header)

(=0.2594 m<sup>2</sup>) , 가 .

(=0.87 ) 가 , FSAR

0.87 . 1 (MSSV)

2 (crash cooldown) .

LOCA 가 30 MSSV가 ,

LOCA 가 가 가

LOCA 1 5.56 MPa

3.3 , 가 23 , 33 MSSV

[5] .

4.

(early release) .

가 -

(MCCI) (late release) .

CsI Zr ( Zr =75%) Te

가 ( spike가 )

( 3 )

( + + ) < .1> < .1>  
< .2> Csl Te .

가 Csl , Csl IDCOR ( " ID")  
( 5 ) NUREG-0772 ( " 07") 가  
3 1.5 (< .1> ).  
IDCOR  
. NUREG-0772 가 1000°C FP가  
2200°C (exponentially)  
가 1700°C-1800°C 1-2% . Te , IDCOR  
(FTEREL=0, " B") ( 20%)  
NUREG-0772 IDCOR  
IDCOR 가 (FTEREL=1, " R"), IDCOR  
(< .2> ).  
candling blockage ( " C"(=candling) "NC"(=no  
candling))  
(blockage) IDCOR , NUREG-0772 Te

Csl .  
( ), ( ), , ,  
( ), ( , / /  
pool) Csl ( ) < .3>, < .4>, < .5>,  
< .6>, < .7>, < .8>

10

Csl ( ) 25%-80%가  
Csl 10%-25% 7%-30% Csl가 .  
Csl  
( , )  
( 4%-20% Csl가 < .1> MCCI  
가 . NUREG-0772 (07-C-R-90) IDCOR (ID-C-R-90)

CsI ( ) < .9> < .10> .  
 , 가 MCCI  
 (25%-80%) CsI 50 ( )  
 CsI ( )  
 3  
 15%-40% CsI가 ,  
 CsI ( )  
 ).

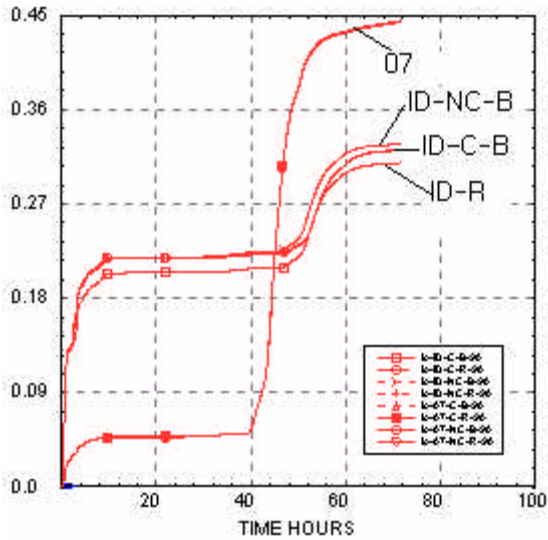
NUREG-0772 (07-C-R-90) IDCOR (ID-C-R-90)  
 Te/TeO<sub>2</sub> ( ) < .11> < .12> .  
 NUREG-0772 , MCCI Te TeO<sub>2</sub>  
 , IDCOR ( ) , TeO<sub>2</sub>  
 MCCI NUREG-0772

5.

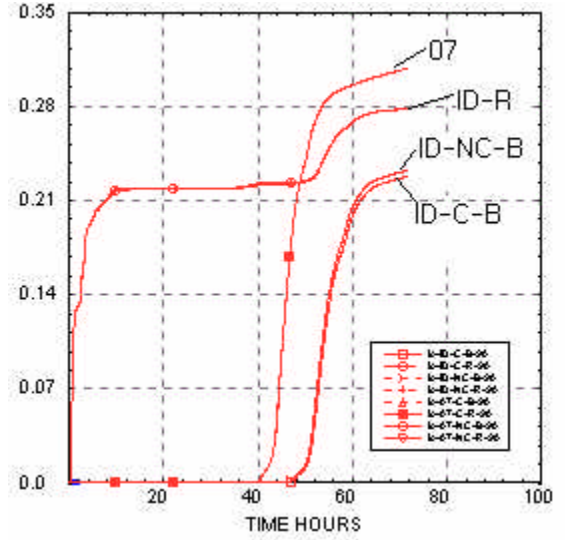
CsI IDCOR  
 가 . Te , IDCOR NUREG-0772  
 가 Te  
 Zr . MCCI Zr Te  
 CsI NUREG-0772  
 가 . Te NUREG-0772 IDCOR  
 가 NUREG-0772  
 가 IDCOR  
 가 (F TEREL=1) 가 ,  
 NUREG-0772 가  
 IDCOR (F TEREL=0)  
 가

1. (1995), 가 2 PSA ISAAC .
2. Industry Degraded Core Rulemaking Program(1983), Analysis of In-Vessel Core Melt Progression, IDCOR Report 15.1B.
3. USNRC(1981), Technical Bases for Estimating Fission Product Behavior During LWR Accidents, NUREG-0772.
4. KAERI(1995), MAAP-WS: Severe Accident Program for Wolsong Plant, FAI/95-76.
5. (2002),  
, KAERI/TR-2350/2002.

■ LLOCA (MFPCOT/MFP0)			IDCOR Model ( )				NUREG-0772 Model ( / )	
➤ CT = 140000 (IDCOR)			Blockage allowed (ICANDL=0)		No Blockage allowed (ICANDL=1)		Blockage=N/A	
➤ CCI (=40hr) (total) Zr = 75%			CsI [%]	TeO <sub>2</sub> [%]	CsI [%]	TeO <sub>2</sub> [%]	CsI [%]	TeO <sub>2</sub> [%]
ZrO <sub>2</sub> Limit (FTENUR) =90%	In-Vessel Te bounded (FTEREL=0)	CT	20.7	0.0	22.4	0.0	5.0	0.0
		3	30.9	22.8	32.7	23.3	44.5	30.9
ZrO <sub>2</sub> Limit (FTENUR) =70%	In-Vessel Te released (FTEREL=1)	CT	22.3	22.3	22.3	22.3	FTEREL=0	
		3	32.1	27.8	32.2	27.8		
ZrO <sub>2</sub> Limit (FTENUR) =1%	FTEREL=N/A	CT	N/A				4.9	0.0
		3					44.5	30.9
ZrO <sub>2</sub> Limit (FTENUR) =1%	FTEREL=N/A	CT					4.8	0.7
		3					44.2	30.6

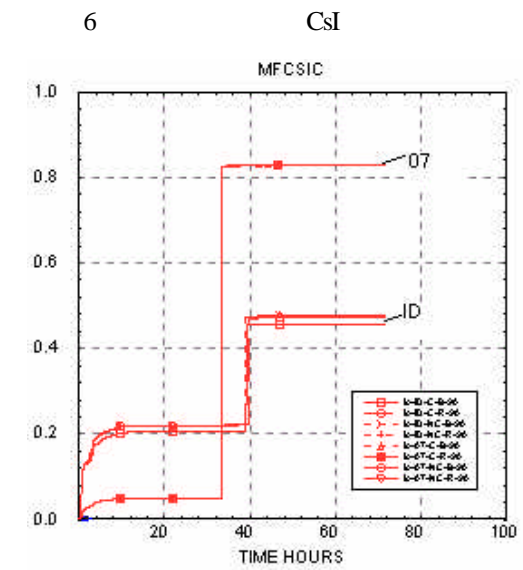
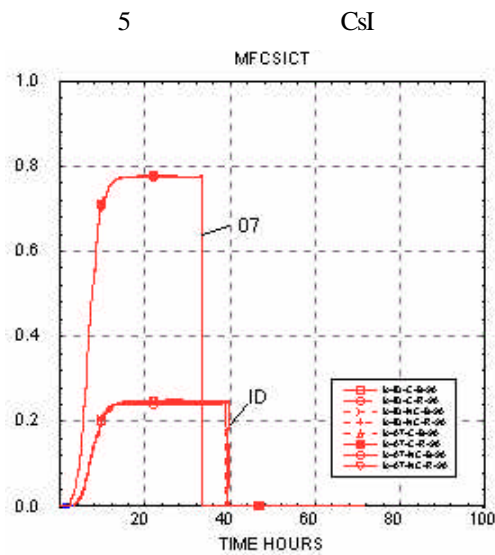
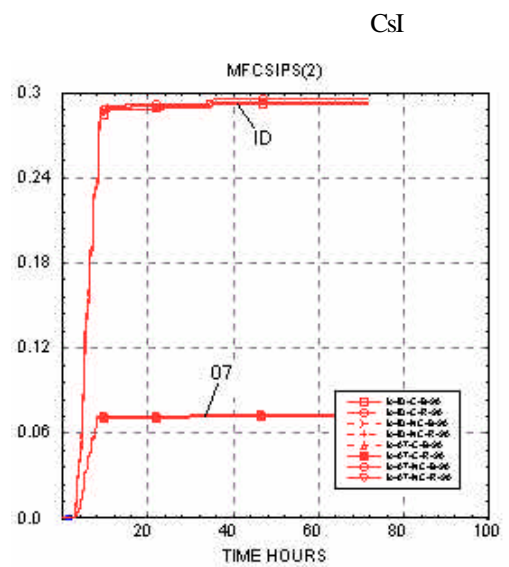
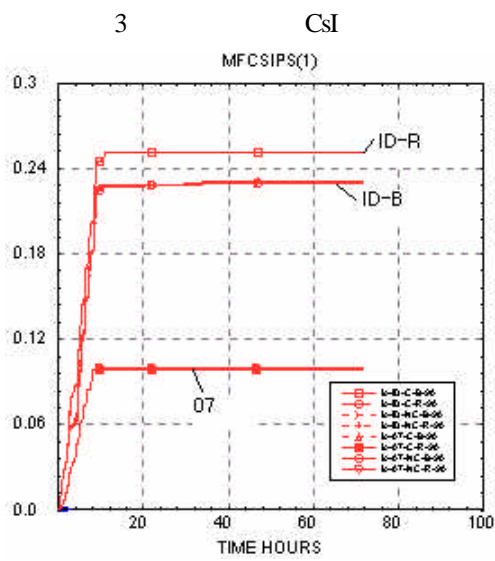
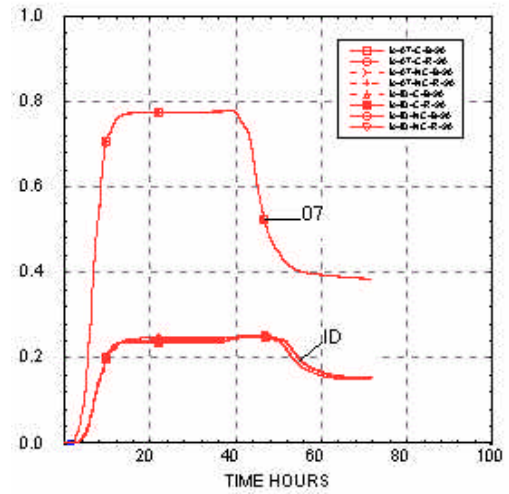
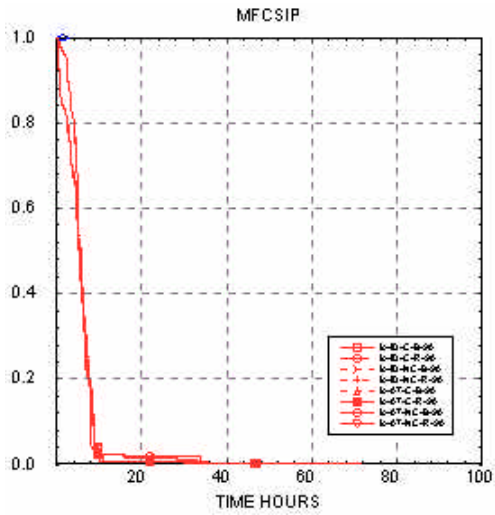


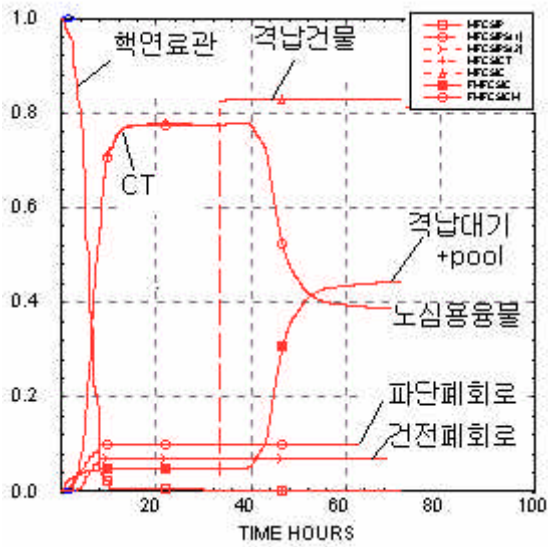
1 CsI



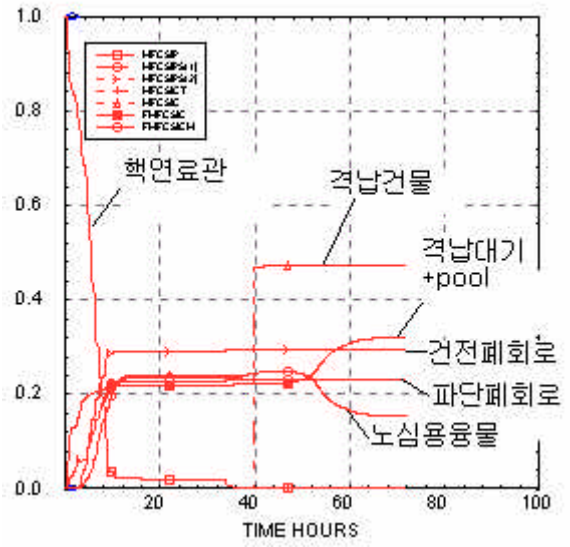
2 TeO<sub>2</sub>



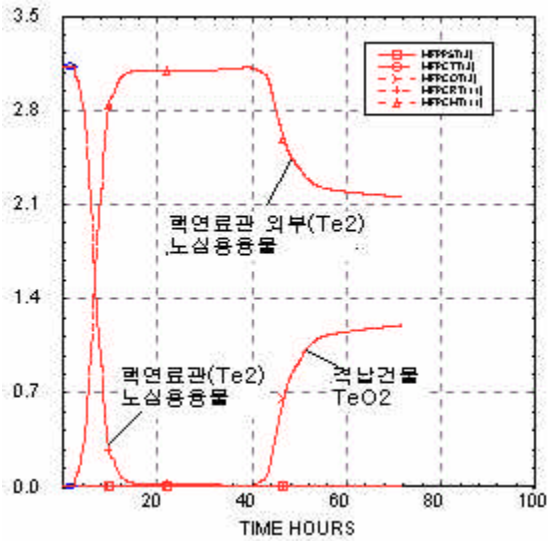




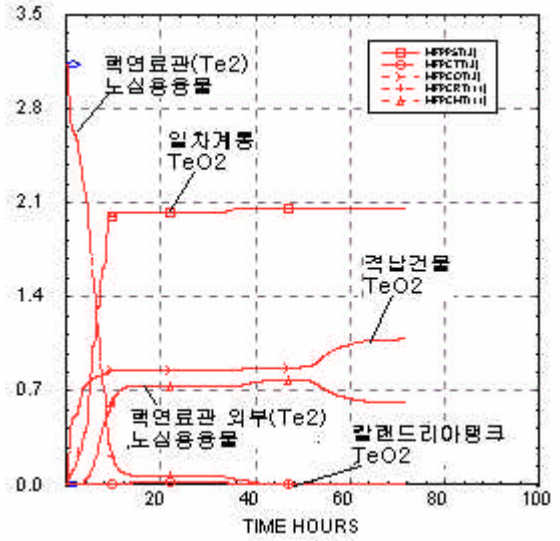
9 NUREG-0772 (07-C-R-90),  
CsI



10 IDCOR (ID-C-R-90),  
CsI



11 NUREG-0772 (07-C-R-90),  
Te/TeO<sub>2</sub> [Kg]



12 IDCOR (ID-C-R-90),  
Te/TeO<sub>2</sub> [Kg]