

UO₂-5wt%CeO₂

Thermal conductivity derived from cooling behavior and cyclic thermal shock behavior of UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ Pellets

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 , , *

UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ poreformer AZB 가 1700 /4hr
 (93,95 97%T.D)

laser flash method . UO₂-5wt%CeO₂
 가 ,
 가 가 , pore 가 .

The thermal conductivity measured by cooling behavior and the cyclic thermal shock behavior of the UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ pellets were analysed in terms of density (93, 95 and 97%T.D) for UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ pellets with different porosity prepared by adding different amount of AZB poreformer to UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ and sintering at 1700 in reducing atmosphere for 4h. The thermal conductivity values derived from the cooling behavior of sintered pellets are well agreed with those obtained by laser flash method. The sintered pellets showed that the thermal conductivity decreased with decreasing density and the crack initiation and propagation and pore size increased by cyclic thermal shock.

1.

UO₂ UO₂ PuO₂ 가

[1~2],
 가 /
 , UO₂
 가 K = (0.117 × 2.65 × 10⁻⁴T) + 2.14 × 10⁻³ × (T+273)³ (W/m)
 [3]

가 ,
 (, ,
 , , 가) , UO₂ PuO₂
 가 UO₂ ,
 Pu [4]가 ,
 ,
 , laser flash method

heat source heat sink
 UO₂ PuO₂ CeO₂ 가 ,
 AZB

2.

(1)

IDR 2.24 μm, 2.27 m²/g, O/U 2.13 UO₂
 6.66 μm CeO₂ 5wt% 가 AZB 0.3 ~ 1.0wt% 가
 3 ton/cm² , 1700 4 93%N₂+7%H₂
 93~98%T.D . AZB 가
 UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ (water immersion) , (porosity%)
 . UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 1mm disk
 , sand paper(#600) 1
 sample holder 2

(2) $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$
 $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$
 (2) IDR UO_2 (O/U 2.00) reference sample
 J.H.Harding D.G Martin [6] 100% T.D UO_2
 (K)

$$K = (0.0375 + 2.165 \times 10^{-4} T)^{-1} + 4.715 \times 10^9 T^{-2} \exp[-16361/T] \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

K : thermal conductivity (W/mK), T : temperature(k)

(1) 100% T.D UO_2 Maxwell-Eucken
 [7] reference sample 98.9% T.D UO_2

$$K = K_o \{ (1-P) / (1+P) \} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

K_o : 100% T.D UO_2 , P :

(=0.5)
 98.9% T.D UO_2 $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$ 1 가
 sample holder , 2 1400
 가 30 , sample holder N_2 gas 50
 , I.R sensor reference sample 98.9% T.D
 UO_2 $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$, sample holder
 thermo-couple 98.9% T.D UO_2 $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$
 reference sample 98.9% T.D UO_2
 (Tr), $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$ (Ts), UO_2
 $UO_2-5wt\% CeO_2$ (To) J.H.Harding, D.G.Martain
 Maxwell-Eucken reference sample 98.9% T.D UO_2
 [8] reference sample 98.9% T.D UO_2

(Heat flow) Q_r

$$-Q = -kA \cdot dT/L = -KA \cdot (T_o - T_r) / L \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

-Q : (J), K : (W/mk), A :
 (m), T_o : (k), T_r : (k)

3 reference sample 98.9% T.D UO_2 (Tr)
 $UO_2-5wt\%CeO_2$ (Ts) 1400 (

t_0 (Tc) UO_2 (tr) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2
 5wt% CeO_2 (ts) UO_2 UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2
 가 (W=J/s) . 1400
 (W=J/s) (3)
 reference sample 98.9%T.D UO_2 (Qr) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2
 (Qs) [8] sample
 (UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2) (Ks) .
 $K = QL/A * T$, $Ks = Qr * Ls / As * (T_0 - Ts)$
 K : (W/mk), Q : (J), L : (m) , A :
 (m^2), Ks : UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 (W/mk), Ts :
 reference sample sample .
 93, 95, 97%T.D
 mono-modal UO_2 +5wt% CeO_2 Laser
 flash method

(3) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2
 UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 93, 95, 97% T.D
 UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 1400 가 sample holder
 N_2 gas(5000cc/min) (50) sample holder 140
 0 가 10 30 UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2

3.
 (1) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2
 4,5,6 93, 95, 97%T.D UO_2 -5wt%
 CeO_2 laser flash method
 UO_2 (Martin)
 laser flash method 93, 95, 97%
 T.D UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2
 , Martin
 [9-11] 93, 95, 97% T.D UO_2

7
 CeO₂ 1400 가 93, 95, 97%T.D UO₂-5wt%
 N₂ gas(5000cc/min) 50
 93, 95, 97%T.D UO₂-5wt%CeO₂
 (K) . UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 가

(2) UO₂-5wt%CeO₂

8 93, 95, 97%T.D UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 98.7%T.D
 UO₂ 1400 가 N₂ gas(5000cc/min) (50)
 sample holder 1400 가 10 30
 UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ UO₂
 . UO₂ 가
 UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 가 , 93%T.D

UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 가 가
 9 10 93, 95, 97%T.D UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 98.7%
 T.D UO₂ 1400 가 N₂ gas(5000cc/min) 50
 sample holder 1400 가 10
 30 UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ UO₂
 . UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ UO₂ 1400
 N₂ gas 10 pore 가 ,
 1400 30 pore 가

4.

UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ poreformer AZB 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 1.0wt% 가 3
 ton/cm² , 1700 4 93%N₂+7%H₂ ,

(1) UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ AZB 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 1.0wt% 가 97.6 ~ 93.7%
 2.4 ~ 6.3%

(2) UO₂-5wt%CeO₂ 가

(3) UO₂-5wt% CeO₂

laser flash method

- (4) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 가
가 가 , pore 가

Acknowledgment

Reference

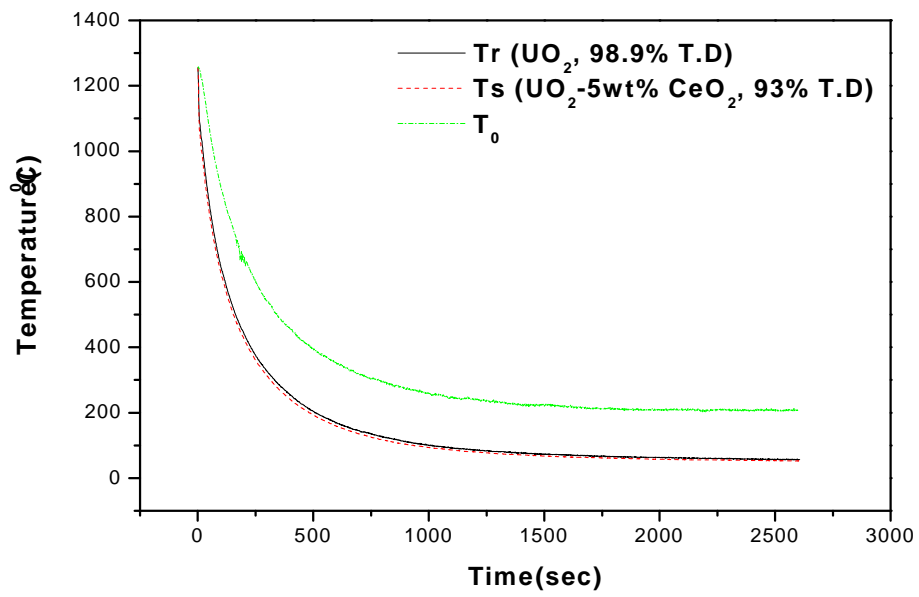
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- [2] M. Oguma, J. Nucl. Sci. Technol. 19 (1982) 1005.
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1.
sample holder

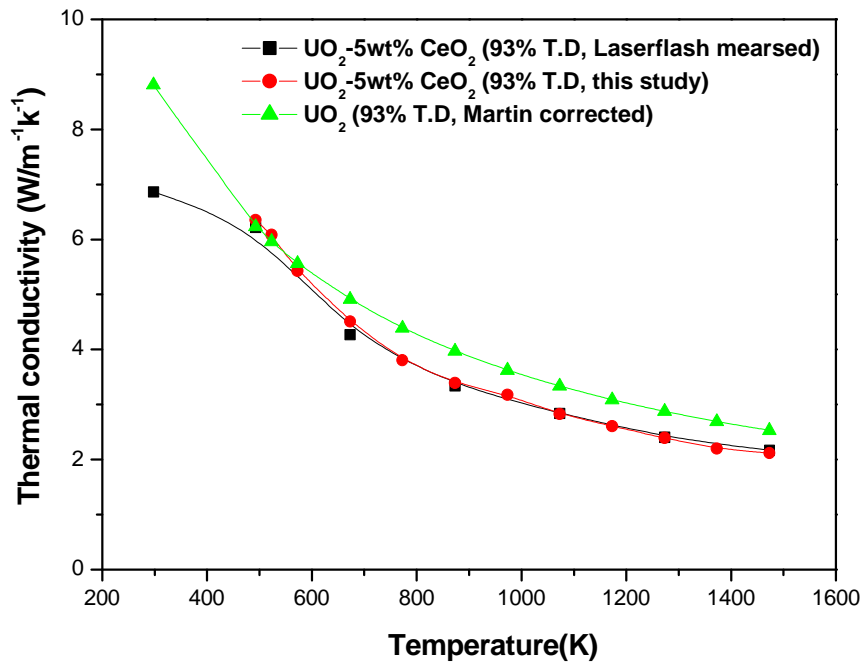


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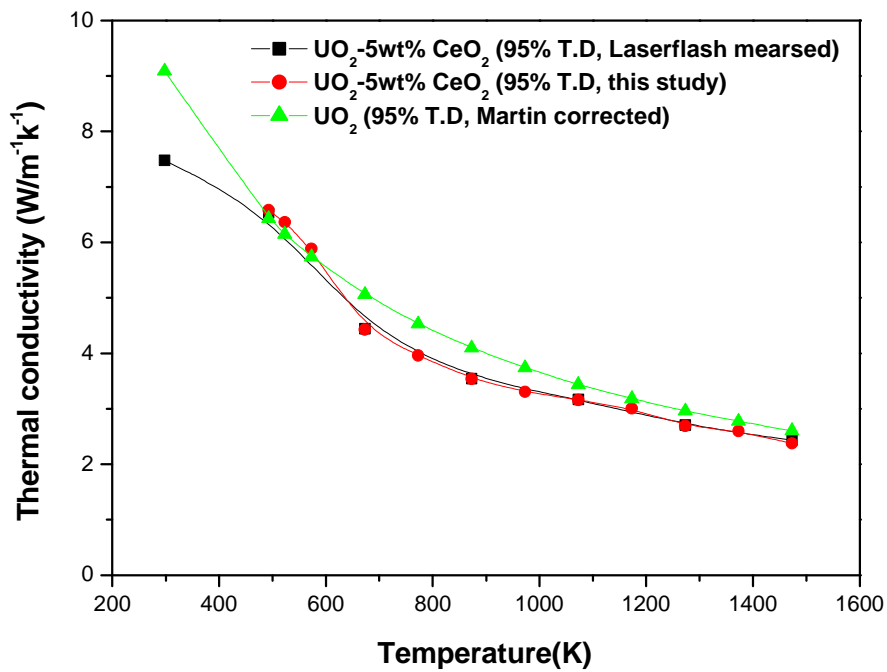


3.

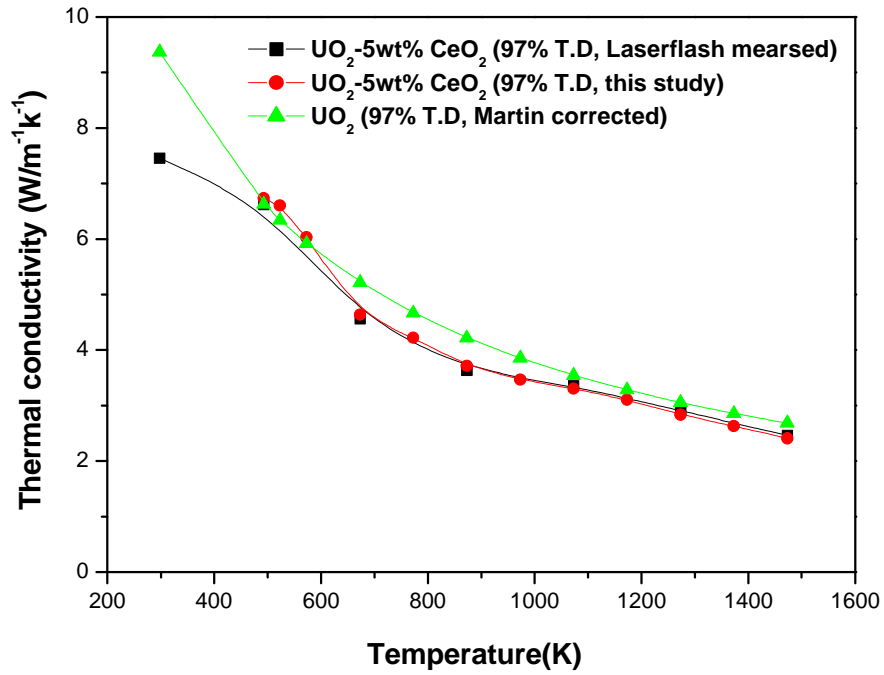
curve



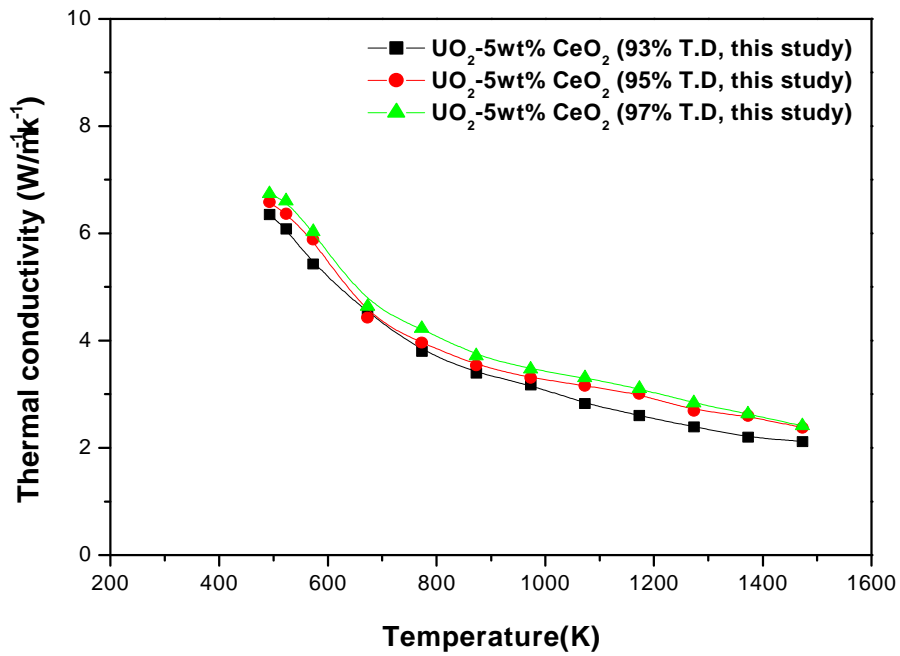
4. 93% T.D UO_2 -5wt%
 CeO_2 93% T.D



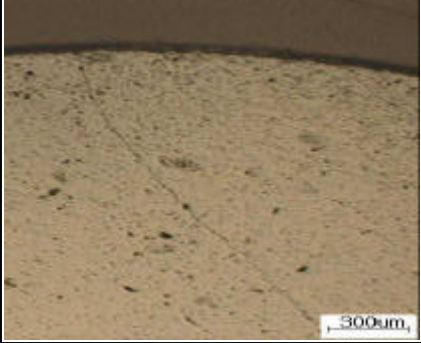
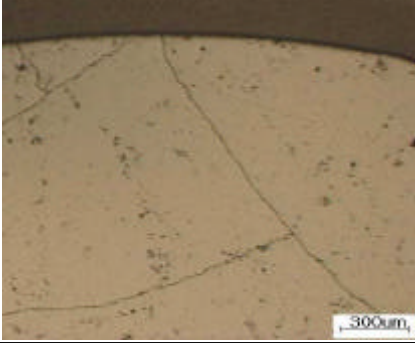
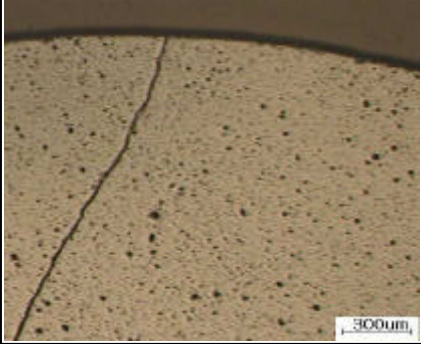
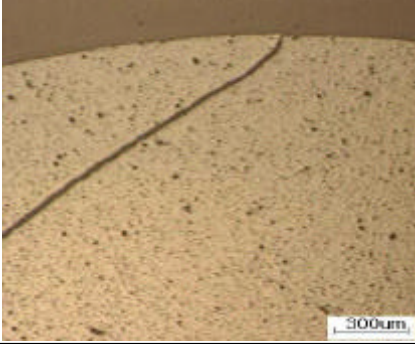

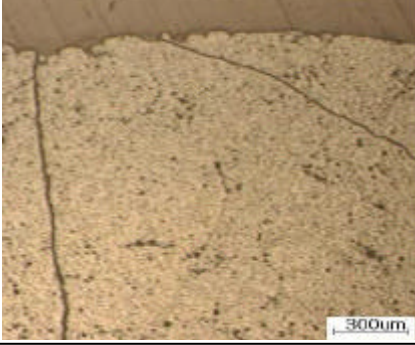

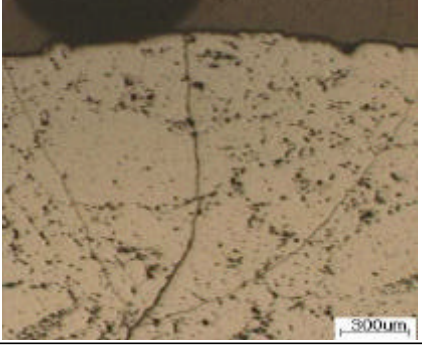
5. 95% T.D UO_2 -5wt%
 CeO_2 95% T.D

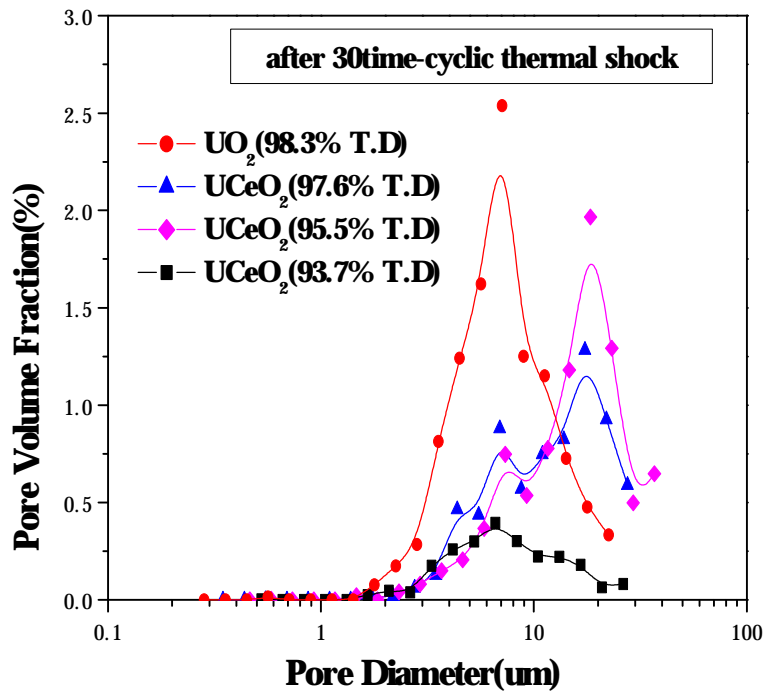
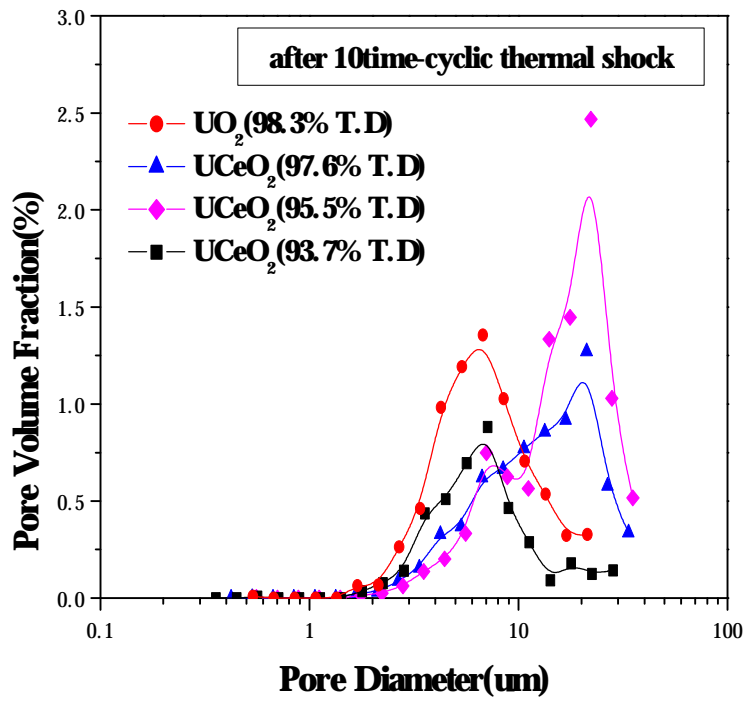


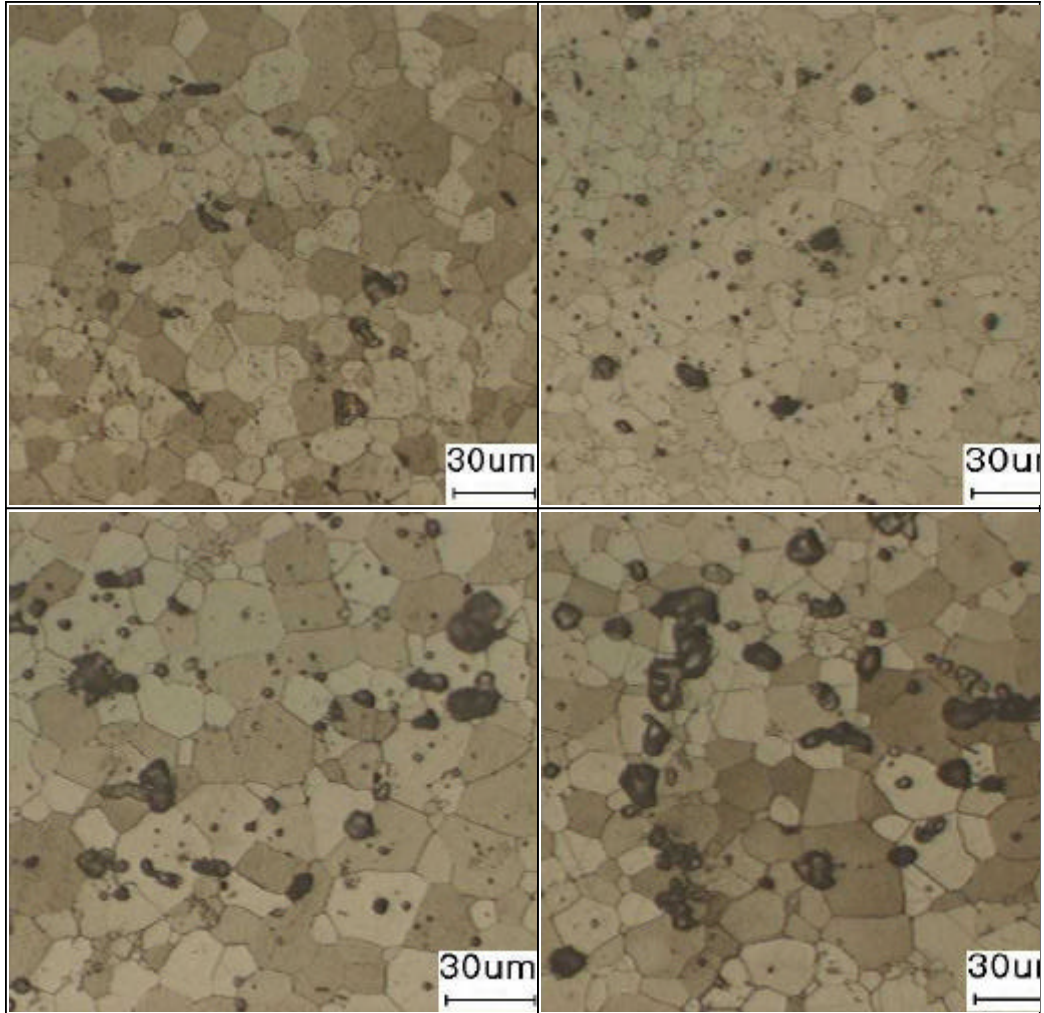
6. 95% T.D UO_2 -5wt%
 CeO_2 97% T.D



7. UO_2 -5wt%
 CeO_2

	10 time	30 time
UO ₂ (98.3 %TD)		
UO ₂ -5wt% CeO ₂ (97.6%TD)		
UO ₂ -5wt% CeO ₂ (95.5%TD)		
UO ₂ -5wt% CeO ₂ (93.7%TD)		





10. (1400 , 10)
- a) UO_2 (98.3%TD), b) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 (97.6%TD)
- c) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 (95.5%TD), d) UO_2 -5wt% CeO_2 (93.7%TD)