

KSTAR NBI Test Stand

Design and Fabrication of the Cryosorption panel for KSTAR NBI Test Stand

150

KSTAR NBI 가

KSTAR NBI Test Stand . Test stand
 5.0×10^5 L/sec .
 (Cryosorption) . $2.0\text{m(W)} \times 2.0\text{m(H)} \times 0.15\text{m(D)}$ 2
 set가 NBI .
 가 $2 \times 1.75\text{m} \times 1.75\text{m}$, 1×10^5 L/s $\cdot \text{m}^2$ 가 .
 , 가 .

Abstract

Test Stand for KSTAR NBI is now fabricating to test the ion source and beamline component for development of the KSTAR NBI heating system at KAERI. Required pumping speed for stable beam transportation is about 5.0×10^5 L/s at this system. On this purpose, cryosorption type pumps (2 sets) were designed and they are now fabricating. The size of the pumps is $2.0\text{m(W)} \times 2.0\text{m(H)} \times 0.15\text{m(D)}$, and they'll be installed at both sides of the NBI beam chamber respectively. The area of the cryopanel pasted with activated carbon is $2 \times 1.75\text{m} \times 1.75\text{m}$, and it'll be expected to have the pumping speed of 1×10^5 L/s $\cdot \text{m}^2$. Here we explained the detail design parameters, and discussed several difficulties in fabricating the pump.

1.

가 가 ,
 가 .
 가 . (Cryo
 condensation pump) . 가 NBI
 가 가

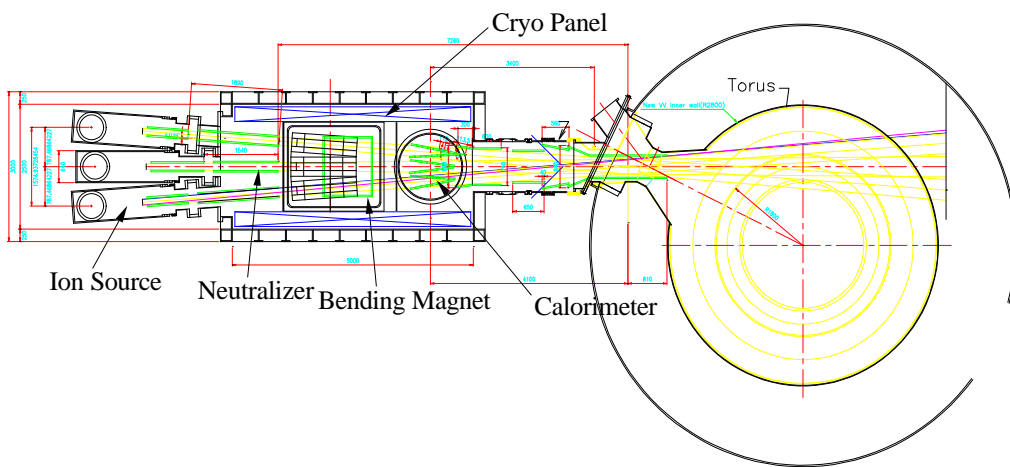
, NBI .[1-2]

KSTAR 가 1
3 .1 3 , 8 MW

KSTAR NBI 가 1

‘KSTAR NBI Test Stand’ test

stand



1. KSTAR NBI

2.

3 . 20K
(cryopanel), 300 K (thermal

shield) (baffle) G-M
2nd stage , 1st stage
80K . 2 NBI

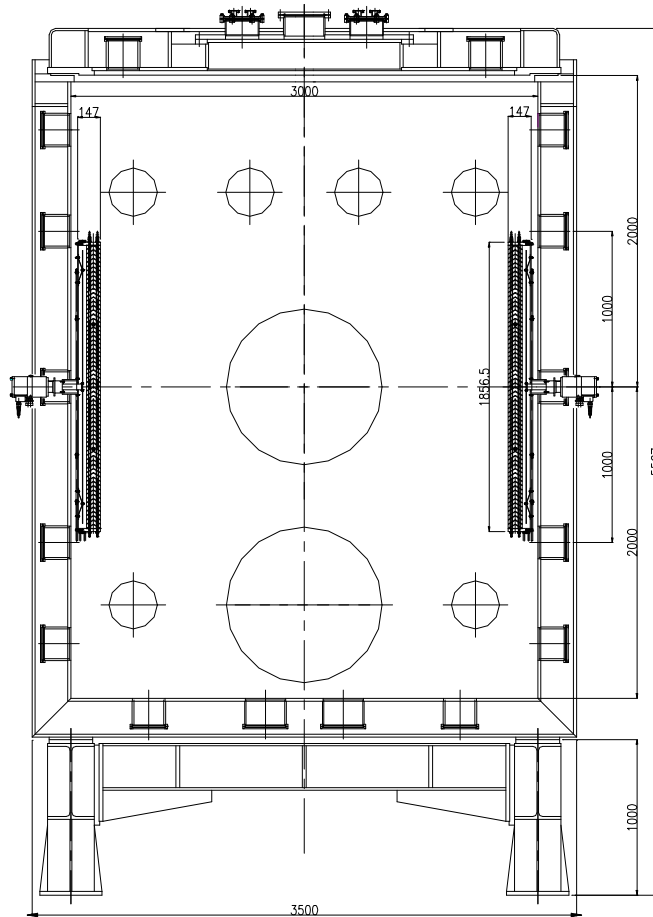
(1)

NBI

.[1] 1 test stand

1. NBI Test Stand

Pumping Requirement				
Pulse Duration (sec)	Normal Throughput (mbar L/s)	Operating Pressure (Beamline, mbar)	Pumping Speed (L/s)	Pumping Capacity (mbar L)
300 max.	25	$\sim 3 \times 10^{-5}$	5×10^5	7500 max.



2. NBI Cryosorption Pump

(2)

가) [3]

20K

가

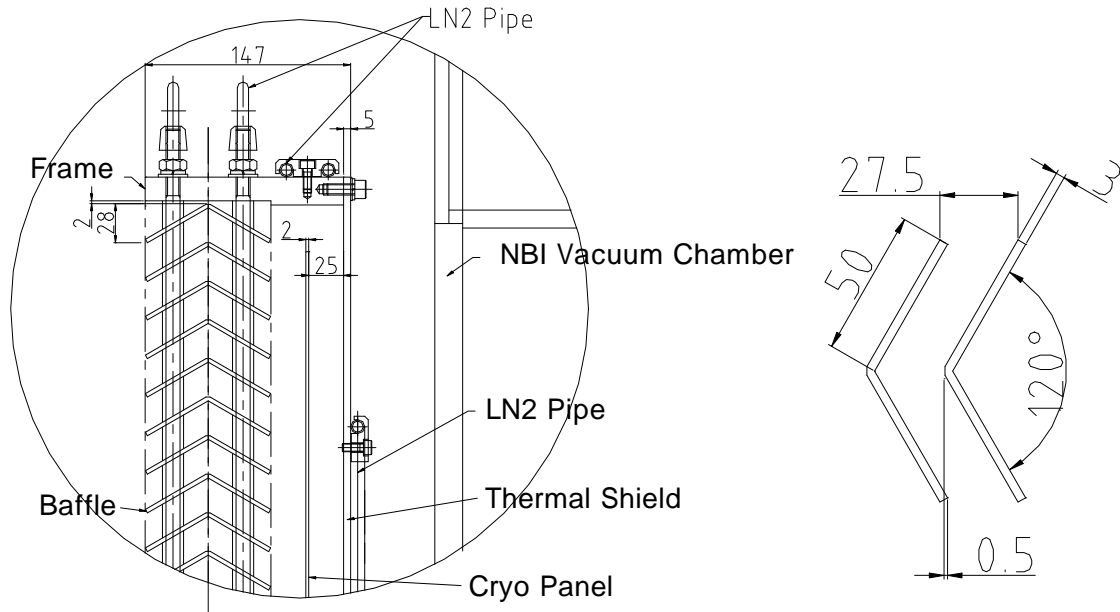
가

Monte Carlo Simulation

가

[3],

가 , 3 0.5 mm 가 120° , 가 0.0 0.9 0.275 10⁻³ (anodizing)



3. NBI Cryosorption Pump

) 20K 가 4 Monte Carlo 0.1, 120° () 가 가 가 가 0.7 0.9 [1], 1.0 × 10⁵ L/s m² , 2 × 2.5 m² 가 15K 20K 7000sec 2.0 × 10⁴ mbar L/m² [6] Test stand 7500 mbar L 가 () 20K G-M 2nd stage 가 가 (thermal

insulator layer)

)

가

99.9% (OFHC), (A1050)

가 (A6061)

가

1 W/m²

0.1

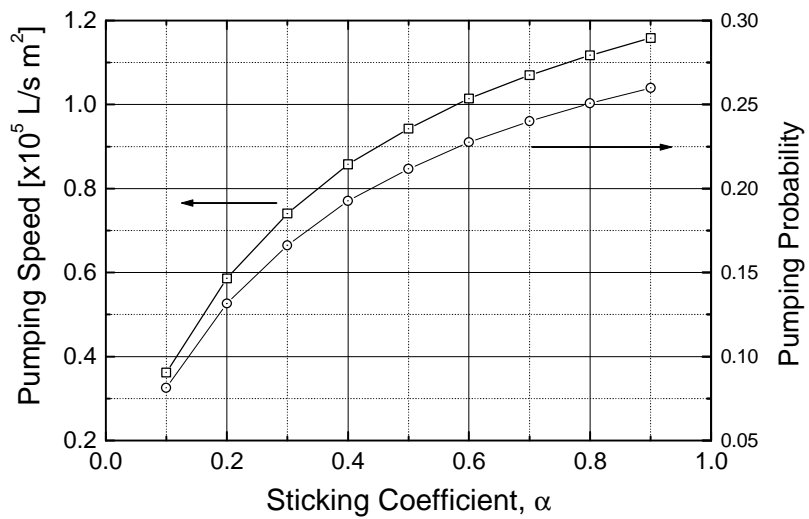
가

(activated carbon)

[5].

가

Thermoguss2000(Klebchemie Co., Germany)



4.

3. R&D

가

가

[4]

20K, 20K 300K thermal cycle

/ /

가

(1)

thermal cycle

2

4가

thermal cycle

4 × 5 cm² , 가

77K 380K

가 100 , 16 × 35 mesh CGF(, Korea)

Aremco Aremco543 , 300 1.75m ×

1.75m Aremco805 571 ,

10 20 thermal cycle 가 . Thermoguss2000

, 100 thermal cycle / /

77K ,

가 ceramic blasting 가

thermal cycle ceramic

blasting

2.

#	Adhesive	1		2		3		4	
		Cu/	/	Cu/	/	Cu/	/	Cu/	/
1	Aremco543	C*	B	A	A	A	B	B	B
2	Thermoguss2000	2:1 ⁵	C	C	A	C	B	B	C
		1.5:1	A	B	A	A	A	B	A
3	Aremco805	A	A	A	A	C	C	C	C
4	Aremco571	A	B	A	A	B	C	C	C

1: , 2: 가 , 3: ,

4: 100 , 5: (powder:liquid)

* A: Good, B: Normal, C: Bad

(2)

(A1050)

3

가

가

60 μm

가

가

3.

Sample	Process	Color	Thickness(μm)	Absorption(ranking)
A	I+II+III	Black/Grey	30	4
B	III	Grey	30	5
C	0+II	Black	15	6
D	III	Grey/Black/Brown	60	3
E	III	Grey/Brown	30	7
F	Paint(cold)*	Black	-	1
G	Paint(hot)	Black	-	2

0: Normal Anodizing, I: 1-step coloring(), II: , III: Hard Anodizing

*: (cold) 가 (hot)

4.

KSTAR NBI Test Stand

2 \times 3.0 m²

5.0 \times 10⁵ L/s 7500 mbar L

R&D

가

Reference

[1] , "KSTAR ", 1999

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[3]S. R. In et al, "Transmission probability of the chevron baffle", Korea Vac. Soc., 2001,

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[5]D. W. Sedgley, "Development and application of charcoal sorbents for cryopumping fusion devices", Fusion Eng. Des., 10, 217(1989)

[6] , "Design concept of the cryopumping system for the KSTAR NBI", 18th Symposium of Korea Vac. Soc.(Seoul Natl. Univ., 24th Feb., 2000)