

' 2000

## LBLOCA

-

### Air/Water Test on Direct ECC Bypass during LBLOCA Reflood Phase of KNGR

, , , ,

150

,

56-1

LBLOCA

1/50

sweep-out

(on-set of sweep-out)

, T

가

DVI

DVI

flow limitation)

(cross

### Abstract

ECC direct bypass phenomena during LBLOCA reflood phase is studied experimentally in the 1/50 volume scaled visualization test facility, which simulates the KNGR. To analyze the multi-dimensional phenomena in the downcomer, the separated sweep out test is carried out and the void height is correlated using the on-set of entrainment model of T junction. And, the ECC direct bypass test is also performed in the various flow conditions and changed DVI elevations. In the test results, the characteristics of each DVI nozzle and the effect

of ECC injection velocity to the ECC direct bypass are quantified. From the results, it is founded that the width of falling water film is one of the most important parameter in the ECC direct bypass. The ECC direct bypass is analyzed in the point of air/water cross flow limitation .

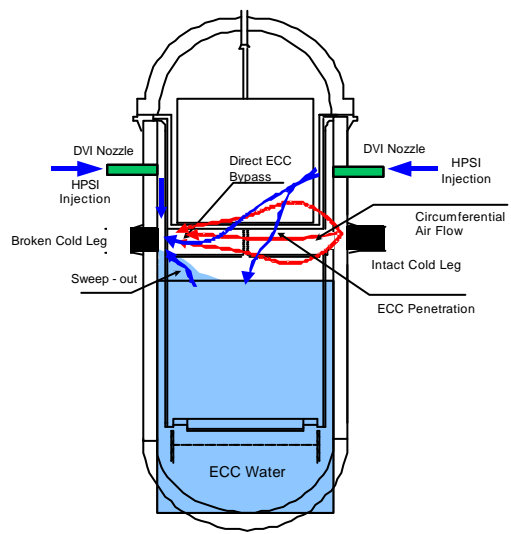
1.

(KNGR) 2.1m 4  
 (DVI)  
 (LBLOCA)  
 [1].  
 DVI ,  
 가 , DVI 가 KNGR 가  
 LOCA (downcomer) 가

[2].  
 UPTF Test 21-D LBLOCA DVI 1.  
 (direct bypass) sweep-out ,

[3].  
 , ,  
 jet impingement  
 가 ,  
 가 ,

[4].



1.

가 UPTF KNGR

UPTF KNGR

[5],[6]. DVI

UPTF KNGR

, LBLOCA KNGR

KNGR 가 1/24.3 -

가

sweep-out 1/50 1/7 -

1. 1/50

KNGR DVI

(cross flow)

sweep-out

**1. DVI Air-Water Test Matrix**

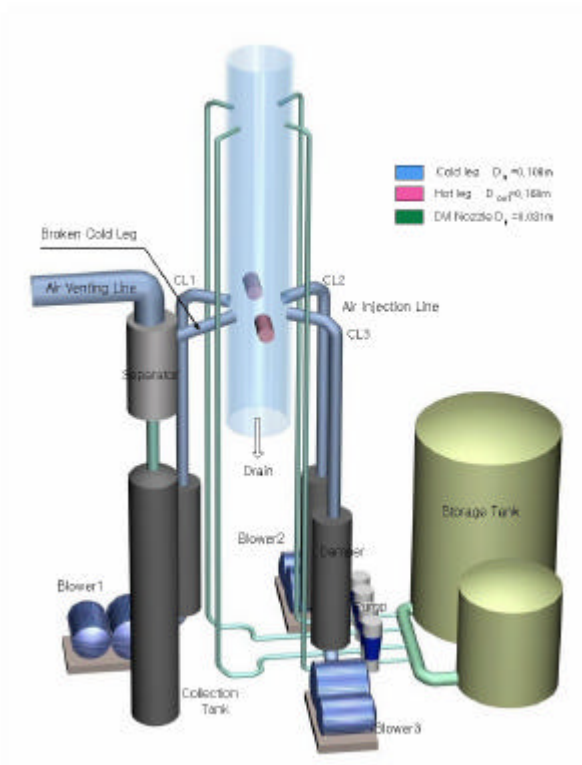
Onset of Sweep-out Test	KNGR		
	UPTF		
Sweep-out Separate Effects Test	KNGR		
	UPTF		
Direct ECC Bypass Test	KNGR	1/50 Volume Scaling	Full height
		1/7 Linear Scaling	Reduced height
	UPTF	1/43.5 Volume Scaling	
		1/7.47 Linear Scaling Closed Downcomer	UPTF
		1/7.47 Linear Scaling Open Downcomer	

2.

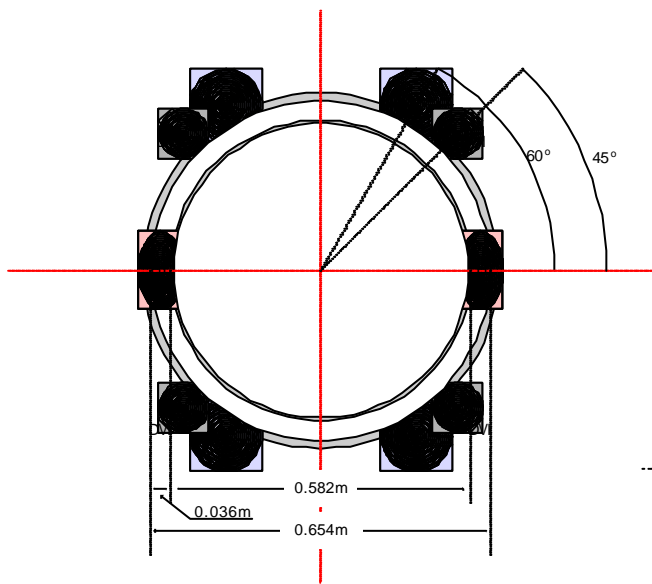
KNGR (test section) 2.  
 가 2.108m , 1.3m DVI DVI 0.6m  
 2.-(b) 2. 2.-(a)  
 4 2 4 DVI  
 KNGR 4 LBLOCA  
 LBLOCA 가  
 3 (roots blower)가 (HPSI)  
 4 가  
 895m<sup>3</sup>/hr 10.5m<sup>3</sup>/hr  
 LBLOCA  
 / (separator)  
 , 가  
 /  
 6m, 0.5m

2. KNGR

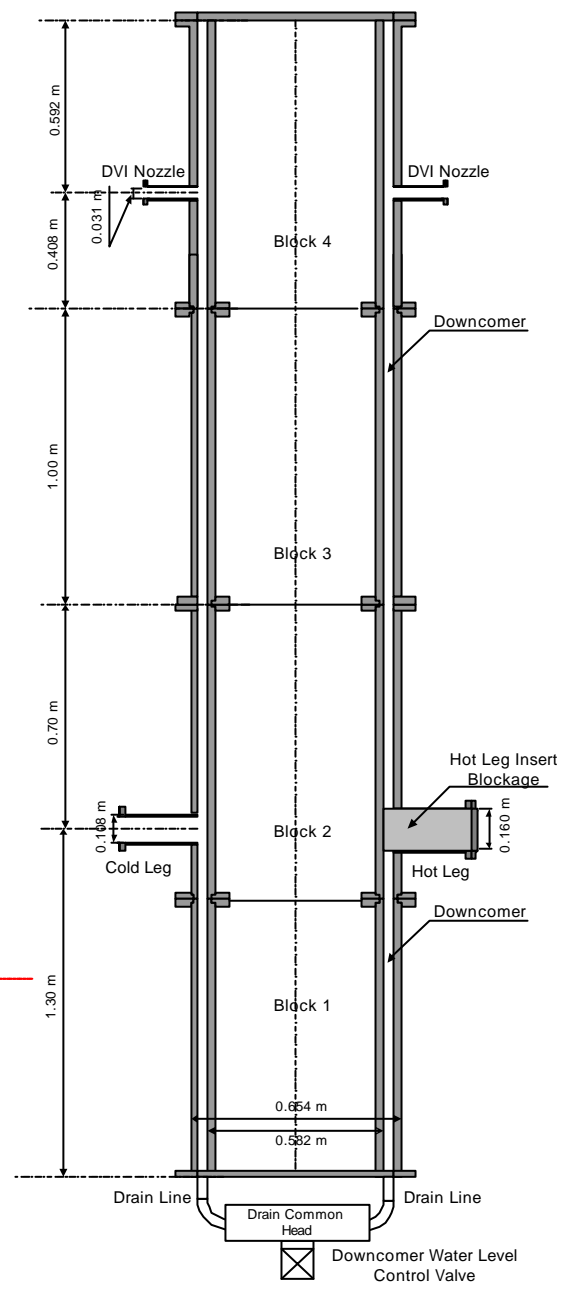
Parameter	KNGR	Air-water Test	
Downcomer Outer Diameter (m)	4.623	0.582	1/7.07
Downcomer inner Diameter (m)	4.115	0.654	1/7.07
Downcomer Gap Size (m)	0.254	0.036	1/7.07
Cold Leg Diameter (m)	0.762	0.108	1/7.07
Hot Leg Diameter (m)	1.067	0.160	1/7.07
DVI Nozzle Diameter (m)	0.216	0.031	1/7.07
DVI Nozzle Elevation (m)	2.108	2.108	1/1



2.-(a) KNGR -



2.-(b) UPTF -



DVI 0 ~ 1.6 kg/s , 0 ~ 0.4 kg/s  
 , 1~1.7 bar  
 (vortex flow meter)  
 (turbine flow meter)  
 가  
 가 DVI , 가  
 가 DVI , 가  
 60~120  
 PC-base data acquisition system  
 3

3. ,

Instrumentation Type	Location	Uncertainty(of Reading)
Air Flow Rate(kg/s)	Cold Leg	1.1 %
Water Flow Rate(kg/s)	DVI	0.3 %
Break Flow(kg/s)	Collection Tank	3%(more than 1.0 kg/s) 8%(less than 1.0 kg/s)
Differential Pressure(Pa)	Downcomer	0.2 %
Absolute Pressure(Pa)	Downcomer, Cold Leg	0.2 %
Temperature(°C)	Cold Leg, DVI	1.0 °C
Water Level	Downcomer	0.2 %

### 3. On-set of Sweep-out

KNGR

$$j_{g,eff}^* = \frac{M_{g,eff}^*}{r_g \cdot A_{Flow}} \left[ \frac{r_g}{(r_l - r_g) \cdot g \cdot D_{CL}} \right]^{1/2} \quad (1)$$

UPTF Test 21-D

[7]

$$j_{g,eff}^* = \frac{M_{g,eff}^*}{r_g \cdot A_{Flow}} \left[ \frac{r_g}{(r_l - r_g) \cdot g \cdot D_{CL}} \right]^{1/2} \quad (1)$$

$D_{CL}$  : (m)

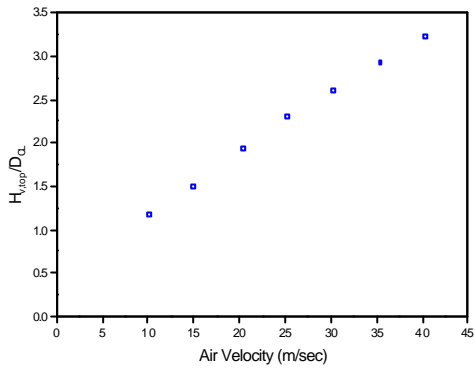
$A_{Flow}$  : (m<sup>2</sup>) (Gap × )

$r_k$  : (kg/m<sup>3</sup>) ( $k = g$  or  $l$ )

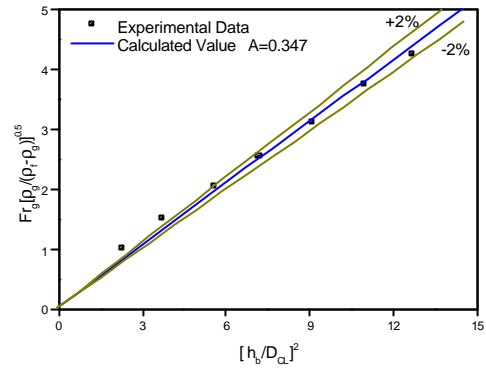
entrainment 가 sweep-out  
 가 , entrainment 가  
 가 , 가  
 , 가 sweep-out  
 sweep-out sweep-out (2)  
 void height 3.

$$H_v^* = \frac{H_v}{D_{CL}} \quad (2)$$

$H_v$  : Void height, (m)



3. top void gap



4. On-set of Sweep-out

3. , 가 가 void height 가  
 . SBLOCA T-junction entrainment 가  
 . Sweep-out SBLOCA 가  
 . LBLOCA SBLOCA 가  
 . 가  
 가 ,  
 sweep-out . 4. [8].  
 T sweep-out , Crowley and Rothe  
 , 4. (3) KNGR sweep-out

$$Fr \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 0.347 \left[ \frac{h_b}{D_{CL}} \right]^2 \quad (3)$$

$$Fr = \frac{r_g \sqrt{g}}{r_g A_g \sqrt{D_{CL} g}} \quad : \text{Froude Number}$$

$h_b$  : (m)

sweep-out , KNGR  $a_R$

(4)

$$\frac{H_{v, top, m}^*}{H_{v, top, p}^*} = \left( \frac{1}{a_R} \right)^{1/8} \left( \frac{v_m}{v_p} \right)^{1/2} \quad (4)$$

가 .



AUTHOR	CORRELATION	
Craya	$h_b = K_l \left[ \frac{r_g Q^2}{g \Delta r} \right]^{0.2}$	
Rouse	$Fr_g \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 5.67 \left[ \frac{h_b}{d} \right]^2$	
Crowley & Rothe [13]	$Fr_g \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 3.25 \left[ \frac{h_b}{d} \right]^2$	
Smogile	$Fr_g \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 0.35 \left[ \frac{h_b}{d} \right]^2$	
	$Fr_g \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 3.22 \left[ \frac{h_b}{d} \right]^2$	
Schrock	$Fr_g \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 0.395 \left[ \frac{h_b}{d} \right]^{2.5}$	
	$Fr_g \left[ \frac{r_g}{\Delta r} \right]^{0.5} = 3.25 \left[ \frac{h_b}{d} \right]^{2.5}$	

Sweep-out

void height

$$a_R^{1/4}$$

가

(5)

$$a_R^{1/4}$$

가

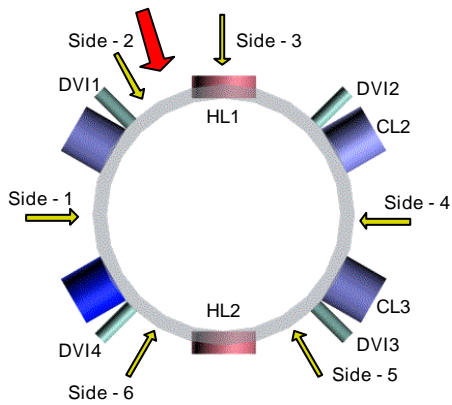
sweep-out

$$\frac{j_{g,eff,m}^*}{j_{g,eff,p}^*} = \left( \frac{1}{a_R} \right)^{1/4} \left( \frac{v_{g,m}}{v_{g,p}} \right)$$

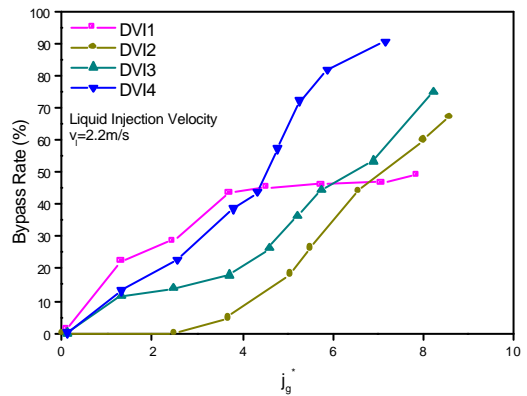
(5)

#### 4.

DVI LBLOCA  
 , 1/50 KNGR  
 , 가 DVI  
 2.2m/s DVI  
 DVI  
 DVI  
 DVI 가 가 5. , 6.  
 가 가  
 DVI-1 가 가  
 가 DVI-1  
 DVI 가  
 KNGR DVI-1  
 [6], DVI-1 가  
 $j_{g,eff}^*$  가 4.0  
 가 , 가 가  
 50%



5.



6.



DVI-2 가 가 가

, DVI-4 가 가 가

2 가 가 가 가 DVI-

, 가 가 DVI-4

가 가 가 가 ,

. DVI-4 가 가  $j_g^*$  가 5.0

가

DVI-2&4 가 , 가

DVI-4 . DVI-4 , 가

가 가 가 DVI-2

가 , DVI-4

, DVI-2

가

가

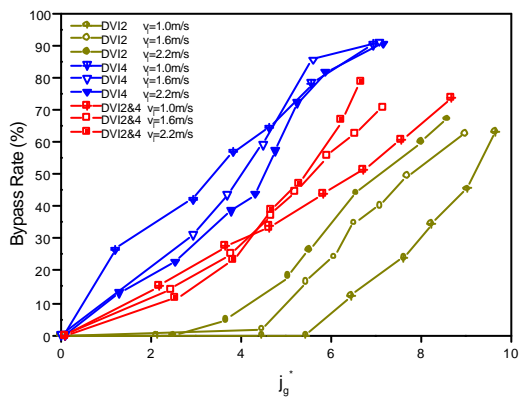
가

full height

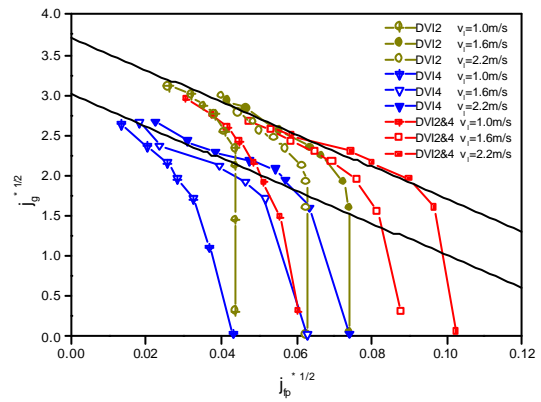
가 KNGR , DVI-2&4

, 가 가

가



7.



8.

LBLOCA

(flooding)

가

가

8. Wallis parameter  $J_{l,p}^*$  (6)

$$J_{l,p}^* = \frac{M_{l,p}^*}{r_l \cdot A_{DC}} \left[ \frac{r_l}{(r_l - r_g) \cdot g \cdot D_{Gap}} \right]^{1/2} \quad (6)$$

$D_{Gap}$  : (m)

$A_{DC}$  : (m<sup>2</sup>) ( Gap × )

$M_{l,p}^*$  : (kg/m)

8. DVI-2 DVI-2&4 가 가 가

가

, DVI-2&4

가 가 , DVI-4

DVI-2 DVI-4

8. DVI-2

5.

KNGR

1/50

가

LBLOCA

- Sweep-out , ,
- DVI , DVI-1 가 가  
가 .
- DVI-1 DVI 가  
DVI-1 .
- 가 .
- ,
- .
- .

### Reference

[1] , “ (II) – NSSS R&D (Vol. 7.1)”, 1999.

[2] H.R. Choi et al., “ Large Break LOCA Analysis for KNGR using R5V322Beta”, The 12th CAMP Working Group Meeting, June 24, 1999.

[3] MPR 1329, “ Summary of Results from the UPTF Downcomer Injection/Vent Valve Separate Effects Tests, Comparison to Previous Scaled Tests, and Application to Babcock & Wilcox Pressurized Water Reactors”, 1992.

[4] Yun, B.J. et al., “Basic Design of the KNGR DVI Test Facility (a) : Fluid System”, 53121-DVI-GEN-RT002(a), Rev. 01, DS-3, KAERI, 2000

[5] Yun. B.J. et al., “Experimental Observation on the Hydraulic Phenomena in the KNGR Downcomer during LBLOCA Reflood Phase”, 2000 Spring KNS Conference, 2000

[6] Yun. B.J. et al., “Air/Water Test on DVI ECC Direct Bypass during LBLOCA Reflood Phase : UPTF Test 21-D Counterpart Test”, to be presented in 2000 Autumn KNS Conference, 2000

[7] Yun, B.J. et al., “Scaling Analysis of the KNGR DVI Test Facility”, 53121-DVI-FS0-DA001, Rev. 01, DS-3, KAERI, 2000

[11] , “ ”, KAERI/AR-450/96, 1996.