

#### Measurement of Neutron Flux and geHeat in CN Hole of HANARO

Abstract

The information of the heat load in the Hanaro CN hole is most fundamental data for design of the in-pile assembly and the cryogenic refrigerator of the system of cold neutron source(CNS). For the heat load determination, the following techniques were executed : 1) Measurement of neutron fluxes by the activation method and  $\gamma$ -heating rate by the ionization method 2) Calculation of the neutron spectrum by the Monte-Carlo method and normalization on experimental neutron fluxes 3) Consideration of the difference between real and measurement conditions. The calculation predicts the heat load lower than the measurement. It is caused from an inaccuracy of the reactor power estimation at the time of measurement and the selection of the calibration factor of the IC-Gray chamber.

, , , void

#### , DNA/RNA ,

• Neutron Source: CNS) .

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•

20K( 253 ) , 4 가 • , ,

가 가 . 가 γ-, .

가 foil Au wire spectrum Monte-Carlo , , flux normalize • IC-Gray , γ-

[1],

K-factor , Monte-Carlo γ-[2] MCNP-4A code .

MCNP code γ , .

(Cold

.

2.1

7	[2]	
~	13	•



 $t_c$ 

$$\Phi_{th} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{p}} \frac{A(t_{irr}, t_c)}{s_o} \frac{M}{gwnN_A} \frac{e^{It_c}}{(1 - e^{-It_{irr}})}$$
(2)  
$$\Phi_f = \frac{A(t_{irr}, t_c)}{s_{eff}} \frac{M}{gwnN_A} \frac{e^{It_c}}{(1 - e^{-It_{irr}})}$$
(3)  
, N<sub>A</sub> Avogadro , m , M , g

•

2.2

γ-			calorimeter			
		가		Calorimeter	10 <sup>-2</sup> ~4 W/g	4%
			, IC-Gray	10 <sup>-6</sup> ~10 W/g	10%	
가	[1].		IC-Gray	PNP I		,

. IC-Gray calorimeter PNPI WWR-M quasi-adiabatic 가 calorimeter . IC-Gray γ-. IC-, Gray 2 가 가 70 mm 18 mm , , 0.5 mm 15 mm , 6.6 mm 4.2 mm 5 mm 0.8 mm , 가 . ,  $q = K \times I$ (4) , I (nA) , K . IC-Gray 가 0.661 MeV , 7.4 x 10<sup>4</sup> W/g.A . Κ Cs137 K-factor 가 3 . [1]. 3. 3.1 Venture[7] MCNP code[8] 1 normalize 4 . 가 11 m . , 가 , 가 . 5 . MCNP [9]. 25% , NAA .

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MCNP

가 10~15%

, 2.5 cm フト , MCNP

.

3.2

가

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 1 MW
 IC-Gray
 CN
 5cm

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 2
 .
 9cm

  $q_g^{Al} = 4.5 \times 10^{-3}$  Watt/gm-MW
 MCNP
 AI

  $q_g^{Al} = 7.0 \times 10^{-3}$  Watt/gm-MW
 6
 IC-Gray
 MCNP

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 .
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가 ,

, (n, ) capture 2 MeV . 50% . , IC-Gray 0.662 MeV CN 60%가 H (n, ) capture 2.23 MeV가 . IC-Gray 가 2.23 MeV count 가 . 4 2 MeV calibration factor 0.662 MeV calibration factor

30% . K フト .



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1. Activation detectors



1,2 : Central and External Electrodes				
3 : Security Electrode;				
4,5,11 : Iso	lators	6 : Protective casing		
7 : Cover; 8 : Rubber Lining,		9, 10 : Removals		

2. IC-Gray Chamber



3. Dependence of K-factor for  $\gamma$ -quantum energy



4. Relative thermal neutron fluxes in the axial direction



5. Absolute thermal neutron fluxes in the axial direction



6. Gamma heating in axial direction

## 1. Neutron flux

	Measure	MCNP	
	Foil	Wire	WICIVI
$\Phi_{th}$ (2200 m/s)	$(1.64 \pm 0.08) \times 10^{12}$	$1.73 \times 10^{12}$	
(average)	$1.85 \times 10^{12}$	$1.95 \times 10^{12}$	1.24x10 <sup>12</sup> (0.0289) <sup>a</sup>
$\Phi_f$ (E>1 MeV)	$(2.1\pm0.3)$ x10 <sup>10</sup>		1.54x10 <sup>10</sup> (0.0289)

<sup>a</sup> Fractional standard deviation

# 2. Measurement of current by IC-Gray in axial direction

H(cm)	I ( <b>m</b> A)	H(cm)	I (max)	H(cm)	I ( <b>m</b> A )
0	11.5	+40	23.5	+80	16.5
+5	13.4	+45	23.7	+85	13.0
+10	16.5	+50	23.3	+90	11.1
+15	18.0	+55	22.8	+95	9.5
+20	19.5	+60	22.3	+100	8.1
+25	20.8	+65	21.2	+105	6.8
+30	22.4	+70	20.0	+110	5.4
+35	22.7	+75	18.7	+115	4.2

Material	$q_n$	$q_r$	<sup>q</sup> b	$\sum q_i$ (W/g)
Para-H <sub>2</sub>	0.42	1.27		1.69
Ortho-H <sub>2</sub>	0.44	1.49		1.93
Ortho-D <sub>2</sub>	0.16	0.24		0.40
Zr	0.05	0.42	0.01	0.48
Al	0.0005	0.56	0.43	0.99
Cu	0.09	0.36		0.45

3. Heat release densities for various materials by MCNP-4A

### 4. Heat load for design model

	Waight	Moderator		
	weight	H <sub>2</sub>	$D_2$	
Source cell	380 g	182.4	182.	
Tubes	430 g	206.4	206.4	
LH <sub>2</sub> in cell	3000 cm <sup>3</sup> x 0 .07 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	354.9		
LD <sub>2</sub> in cell	3000 cm <sup>3</sup> x 0.165 g/cm <sup>3</sup>		198	
LH <sub>2</sub> in tube	1000 cm <sup>3</sup> x 0.07 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	118.3		
$LD_2$ in tube	1000 cm <sup>3</sup> x 0.165 g/cm <sup>3</sup>		66	
Total Heat Load		862 W	652.4 W	