

## MIDAS/PK

### MIDAS/PK Code Development Using Point Kinetics Model

150

Scram : ATWS) MELCOR MIDAS/PK (Anticipated Transients Without MIDAS 가

Chexal-Layman BWR MELCOR(1.8.3) PWR MIDAS ATWS 'PKINETIC' MIDAS/PK

ATWS 가 MIDAS/PK RETRAN MIDAS/PK AMSAC (ATWS Mitigating System Actuation Circuitry) 가 W , ATWS

#### Abstract

In this study, a MIDAS/PK code has been developed for analyzing the ATWS (Anticipated Transients Without Scram) which can be one of severe accident initiating events. The MIDAS is an integrated computer code based on the MELCOR code to develop a severe accident risk reduction strategy by Korea Atomic Energy Research Institute. In the mean time, the Chexal-Layman correlation in the current MELCOR, which was developed under a BWR condition, is appeared to be inappropriate for a PWR. So as to provide ATWS analysis capability to the MIDAS code, a point kinetics module, PKINETIC, has first been developed as a stand-alone code whose reference model was selected from the current accident analysis codes. In the next step, the MIDAS/PK code has been developed via coupling PKINETIC with the MIDAS code by inter-connecting several thermal hydraulic parameters between the two codes. Since the major concern in the ATWS analysis is the primary peak pressure during the early few minutes into the accident, the peak pressure from the PKINETIC module and the MIDAS/PK are compared with the RETRAN calculations showing a good agreement between them. The MIDAS/PK code is considered to be valuable for analyzing the plant response during ATWS deterministically, especially for the early domestic westinghouse plants which rely on the operator procedure instead of an AMSAC (ATWS Mitigating System Actuation Circuitry) against ATWS. This capability of ATWS analysis is also important from the view point of accident management and mitigation.

1.

Scram : ATWS) (Anticipated Transients Without  
가

(TASS[1]/MARS[2]/KMRRSIM[3] )  
(Transient) (RELAP5[4]/RETRAN[5] )  
(reactivity feedback coefficient)

( / / / )

ATWS

MELCOR(1.8.3)

[6] MIDAS 가 , MIDAS PWR 가  
ATWS 가 가  
MIDAS ,  
가

## 2.

ATWS 가  
MELCOR/SCDAP-RELAP5/TASS/KMRRSIM  
MELCOR SCDAP/RELAP5 PWR  
가 / TASS  
KMRRSIM FORTRAN 77 PC  
가 KMRRSIM  
가 /

Runge-Kutta [7]. PKINETIC  
(Point KINETIC) :  
- (Fission thermal power) (fission product)  
(decay heat)  
10% , 가

ATWS

- 가
- (reactivity feedback)
- 가 (xenon)
- ( / ) 가 가
- (Truncation Error) (Tolerance)
- / / 가

PKINETIC

3가 가

/ ,

PKINETIC

(' pkinetic.in' )

< .1>

< .1> PKINETIC

NVAR	
IND	
TOL	
NERR	가
TCNTEND0	[ ]
TEND	[ ]
DTC	[ ]
NPLOT	
AVETEMPF	
AVETEMPC	

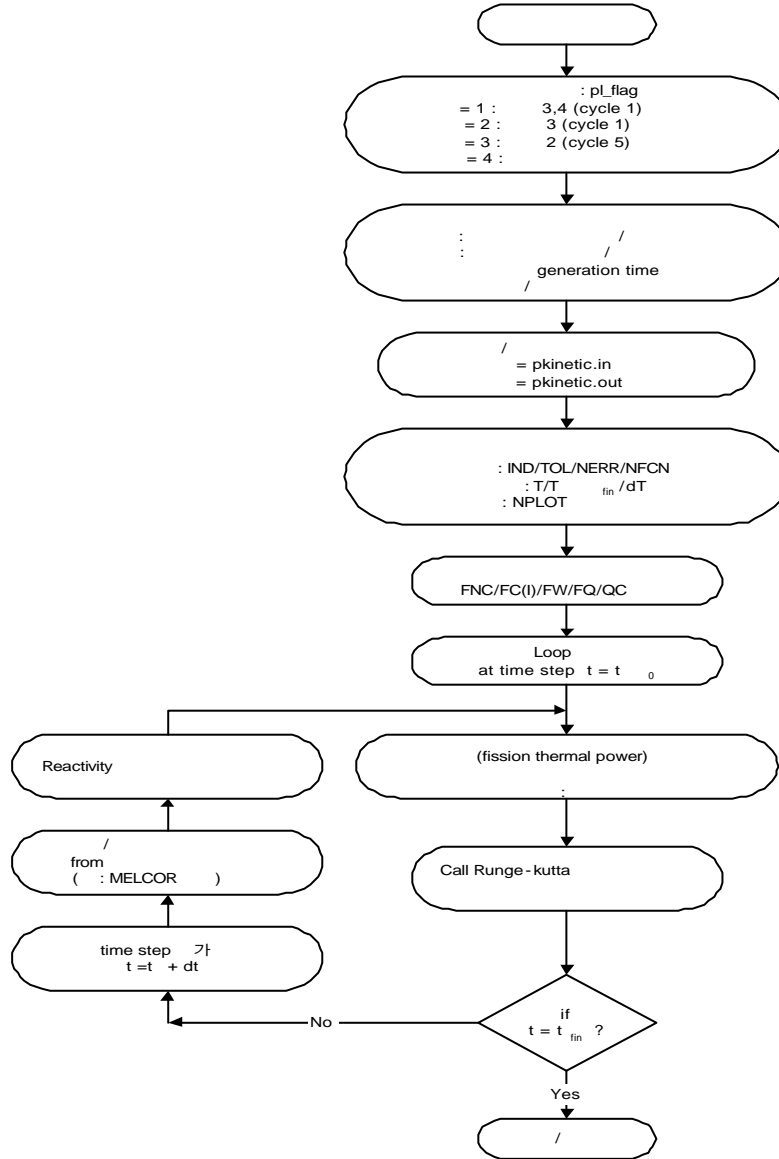
PKINETIC

MWth

( ' pkinetic.out' )

CONPAS 8]

< .1> PKINETIC



< .1> PKINETIC

### 3. PKINETIC MIDAS

(PKINETIC) , / ,  
MIDAS  
common block MIDAS MIDAS  
cell / common block  
MIDAS  
가 MIDAS common block  
MIDAS pointer가

4.  
가  
가 가 RETRAN , PKINETIC  
RETRAN-02 (Mod5) ATWS  
RETRAN , < .2>  
RETRAN-02 / ,  
PKINETIC  
PKINETIC 200 PKINETIC RETRAN  
< .3> (PKINETIC 25 ). ,  
, 100 RETRAN PKINETIC  
< .2> , RETRAN ( =33.8%) PKINETIC  
( =35%)  
, MIDAS/PK(1.8.3) RETRAN  
가 MELCOR  
3,4 가 , ( ATWS  
가 가 ) RETRAN , MELCOR-  
PK(1.8.3) ATWS Trojan <sup>1</sup>[5]  
, Trojan 4-Loop 3,4 가  
가 . < .4> < .5> ATWS

<sup>1</sup> Trojan RETRAN-02 RETRAN-3D

< .2> RETRAN

	RETRAN	PKINETIC
FTC	-0.000533 * 3 = -0.001599 [\$/F]	-0.01039 [mk/F]
MTC	0.0012206 [\$/F]	0.007934 [mk/F]
Density Coeff.	< .2>	N/C
$\Delta T_f$ (At t=100 sec)	1435-2033 = -598 [F]	779-1112 = -333[C] = -598 [F]
$\Delta T_c$ (At t=100 sec)	640-572 = 68 [F]	338-300 = 38[C] = 68 [F]
Void fraction	0	0
Total	-0.67 [\$/]	-4.375E-3 [k]
Delayed n. yield fraction (= beta(i))	0.038, 0.213, 0.188, 0.407, 0.128, 0.026 (= beta(i)/beta)	2.71E-4, 1.518E-3, 1.340E-3, 2.902E-3, 0.913E-3, 1.85E-4 (beta = 7.129E-3)
Delayed n. decay constant	.0127, .0317, .115, .311, 1.40, 3.87	.0127, .0317, .115, .311, 1.40, 3.87
n. generation time	253.5 (= beta / 1)	0.28E-4
f.p. yield fraction (11 )		.704E-2, .149E-1, .183E-1, .105E-1, .176E-2, .832E-2, .457E-2, .169E-2, .200E-2, .142E-2, .071E-2 (TOTAL = 0.72E-1)
f.p. decay constant		.7650, .9000E-1, .9829E-2, .1233E-2, .4910E-3, .1632E-3, .1674E-4, .3410E-5, .1034E-5, .1028E-6, .2557E-8
Power [fraction]	0.338	0.35

( ) 1\$ = 6.5 mK

5.

가 , ' (ATWS) , 가 / KMRRSIM ( / / / ) (PKINETIC) . MELCOR(1.8.3) MIDAS MIDAS/PK , RETRAN ( , MELCOR) ATWS MIDAS MIDAS/PK

ATWS

ET

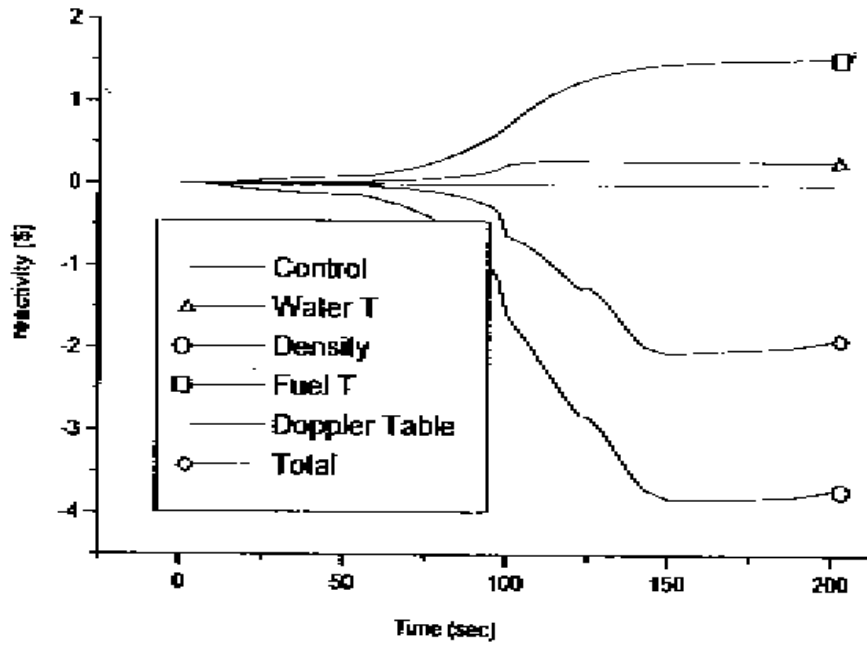
(success criteria)

- [1] : , KAERI/RR-1746/96, 1997.
- [2] Realistic Thermal-Hydraulic System Code Development Workshop, '98 Fall KNS Conference, 1988.
- [3] Program Description of KMRRSIM, KAERI, KM-031-400-02, July 1989.
- [4] SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD3.1 Code Manual (Volume I: SCDAP/RELAP5 Interface Theory), NUREG/CR-6150, EGG-2720, Vol.1, October 1993.
- [5] EPRI, "RETRAN-02 (A Program for Transient Thermal-Hydraulic Analysis of Complex Fluid Flow Systems) Code Manual", NP-1850-CCM-A, December 1995.
- [6] MELCOR Computer Code Manuals (Primer and User's Guide Version 1.8.3), NUREG/CR-6119, SAND93-2185, September 1994.
- [7] , "A Coupling of Kinetics Model with MELCOR Code and ATWS Analysis", KAERI/TR-1273/99, 1999.
- [8] , "Development of a Computer Code, CONPAS, for an Integrated Level 2 PSA", Journal of Korean Nuclear Society, Vol.30, Number 1, pp.58-74, February 1998.

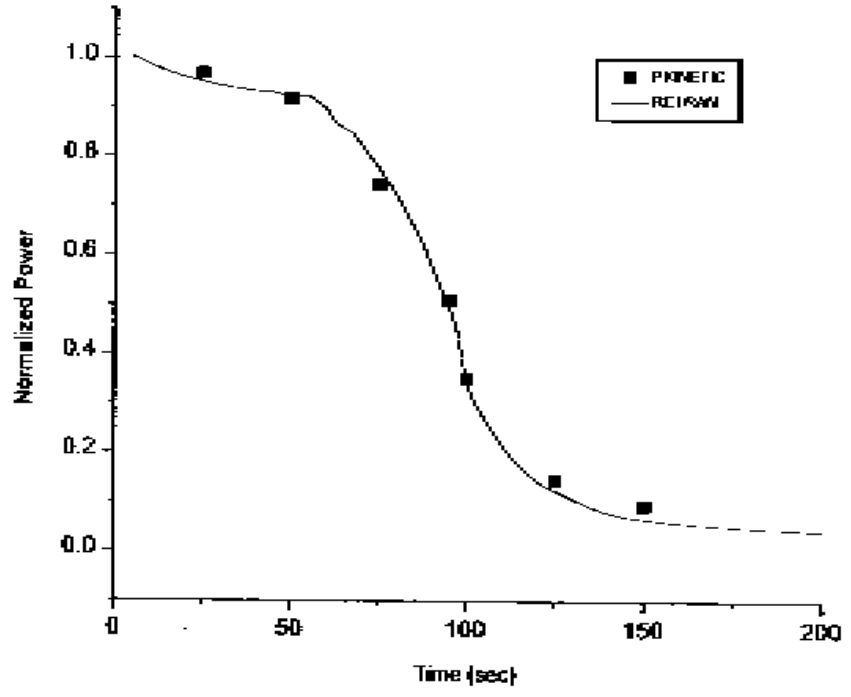
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< .4>< .5>----- 4+5.gif

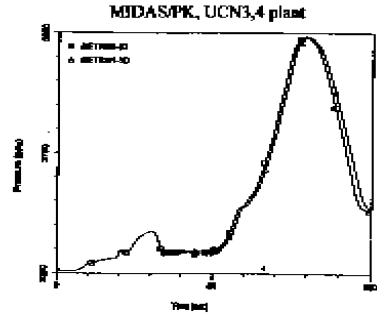
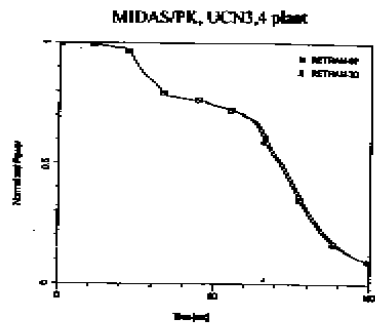
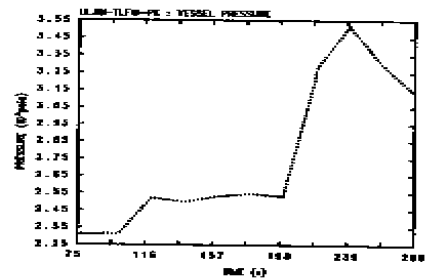
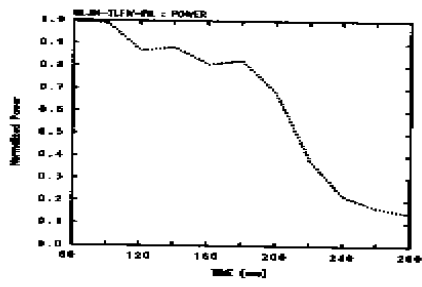




<그림 2> RETRAN 계산시 반응도 궤환 데이터



<그림 3> PKINETIC 과 RETRAN 의 계산결과 비교

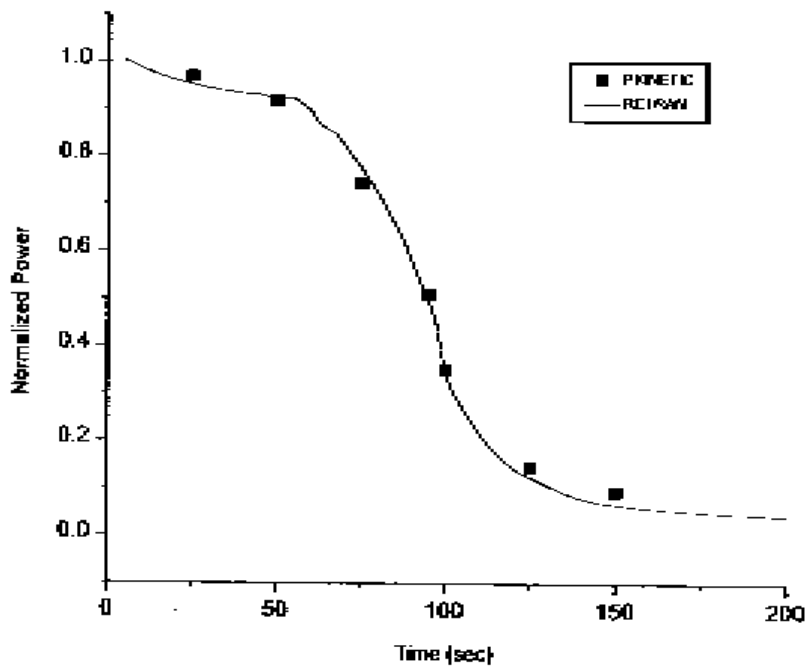


RETRAN, Trojan Plant

RETRAN, Trojan Plant

<그림.4> 급수상실사고 ATWS에서의 출력거동 비교

<그림.5> 급수상실사고 ATWS에서의 1차계통 압력거동 비교



<그림.3> PKINETIC 과 RETRAN 의 계산결과 비교