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### Impact on the PSV Stuck Open according to the Henry-Fauske Model Modification in RELAP5/MOD3.3 (P05D03)

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# Introduction

# Henry-Fauske Model Modification

- Modications of Henry-Fauske (H-F) model in RELAP5/MOD3.3 are observed between patch 3 and patch 4 (Reference 1)
- Different flow areas are calculated at high pressure steam condition between two patches
- At low pressure condition or two phase discharge condition, H-F model shows different flow rate for the different flow areas

## **Purpose**

Investigation about the impact on the PSV stuck open event according to the H-F modification in RELAP5/MOD3.3



## Introduction

## **PSV Stuck Open Event**

- Several POSs during the overhaul period
- PSV popping test is performed at POS2 for OPR1000 NPPs
- PSV stuck open is assumed at POS2 for LPSD PSA thermal-hydraulic (TH) analysis
- PSV area is calculated based on the design flow rate at high pressure setpoint
- PSV stuck open event provides two phase discharge
- Suitable to investigate the impact of H-F model modification



## Method of PSV Area Determination





# **Analysis Method**

## **Case Analyzed**

- Hanul Nuclear Power Units 3 and 4 (HUN 3&4)
- Run by RELAP5/MOD3.3 Patch 4
- PSV Area : 0.001711 m<sup>2</sup> and 0.002242 m<sup>2</sup>
- Cases : SITs injection success and failure



# **Analysis Method**

# **Major Assumptions and Initial Conditions**

Initial event : one PSV is opened during popping test

**HPSIPs** : inoperable

**•Fuel cladding failure criteria : 1477 K** 

**LPSIPs** shutoff head : 1.45 MPa (success criteria)

**The SIT injection pressure : 4.31 MPa** 

Initial conditions : PSV popping test conditions (Reference 2)



# **Analysis Results**

	SITs injection failure		SITs injection success	
Time to	smaller	larger	smaller	larger
	area	area	area	area
Core	2882 sec	2066 sec	2882 sec	2066 sec
uncover	2002 500.	2000 300.	2002 300.	2000 300.
Fuel	1188 sec	3605 sec	1188 sec	9263 sec
failure	4400 SCC.	5005 <b>SCC</b> .	4400 SCC.	<i>7203</i> see.



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## Analysis Results – SITs failure





(d) Fuel cladding temperature

Time (second)

2000

(c) Core level

Time (second)

3000

4000

5000

0

1000

**NSSS Engineering & Development Division** 

- Smaller Area

8000

Smaller Area - Larger Area

8000

10000

- Larger Area

## **Analysis Results – SITs success**



ING & CONSTRUCTION



10000

# Impact on the LPSD PSA

## Success Path of the PSV Stuck Open Event

#### • Opening ADV to cooldown RCS to LPSIP shutoff head





# Impact on the LPSD PSA

## **Increasing Human Error Probability**

#### • The time to open ADV becomes faster

Parameter	Patch 4	Patch 3
PSV area (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.001711	0.002242
Time to open an ADV (second)	1800	6000

<b>Operator Available Time</b>	PSFs
equal or less than 20 minutes	X 3
equal or less than 40 minutes and more than 20 minutes	X 2
more than 40 minutes	X 1



### Conclusion

### Impact on the PSV Stuck Open Event

- The critical flow rate is increased at high pressure due to the modification of H-F model in RELAP5/MOD3.3 patch 4
- Simulated PSV area is decreased due to the modification of H-F model
- Change in PSV area impacts on the TH behaviors
- PSA modeling can be changed depending on the TH analysis results

## **Further Works**

- Two phase discharge design data needs to be justified
- Analysis method to simulate discharge area at two phase discharge or low pressure conditions



1. Cheol Woo Kim "Comparison of Critical Flow in RELAP5/MOD3.3 Patches," 2014 NuSTEP Summer Meeting, July 16th, 2014.

2. KHNP, "Operating Procedures of ULCHIN 3&4 Nuclear Power Plant".



## Abbreviation

- POS : Plant Operating States
- **PSV : Pressurizer Safety Valve**
- LPSD : Low Power and Shutdown
- SIT : Safety Injection Tank
- HPSIP : High Pressure Safety Injection Pump
- **LPSIP** : Low Pressure Safety Injection Pump
- RCS : Reactor Coolant System
- PSA : Probabilistic Safety Assessment
- ADV : Atmospheric Dump Valve
- CD : Core Damage
- CDF : Core Damage Frequency
- PSF : Performance Shaping Factor

