

Introduction

- System thermal hydraulic analysis codes (MARS-KS, TRACE, SPACE, etc.) are commonly used for reactor simulation to analyze and evaluate the safety of a nuclear power plant
- These system thermal hydraulic analysis code's composition: of governing equations, physical models and correlation packages. Due to the use of different equations and models, it is expected that some differences in the code calculations can be observed.
Major physical models: wall heat transfer (HT), wall & interfacial friction, interfacial heat transfer packages, etc.
- Object: To analyze different wall HT packages between MARS-KS v1.4, TRACE v5.0, and SPACE v3.0 by comparing heat transfer coefficients (HTC) calculated in wall HT packages.

Method

- By using manual & source code, compare how to calculate HTC → Methods2.
- Make In-house HT package codes, which can compute HTC according the specified variables. It is because that it is difficult to make the same condition in each code.
To make In-house code, use MATLAB & REFPROP v8.
specified variables: pressure(p), liquid & vapor temp(Tl, Tg), liquid & vapor velocity(vl, vg), quality(x)
- Verify In-house code. (using same material properties with MARS-KS, TRACE & SPACE)
- Analyze which parts have big HTC differences in whole Tl, Tg, Tl, & x sections.
- In this parts, compare HTC differences by using MARS-KS, TRACE & SPACE.

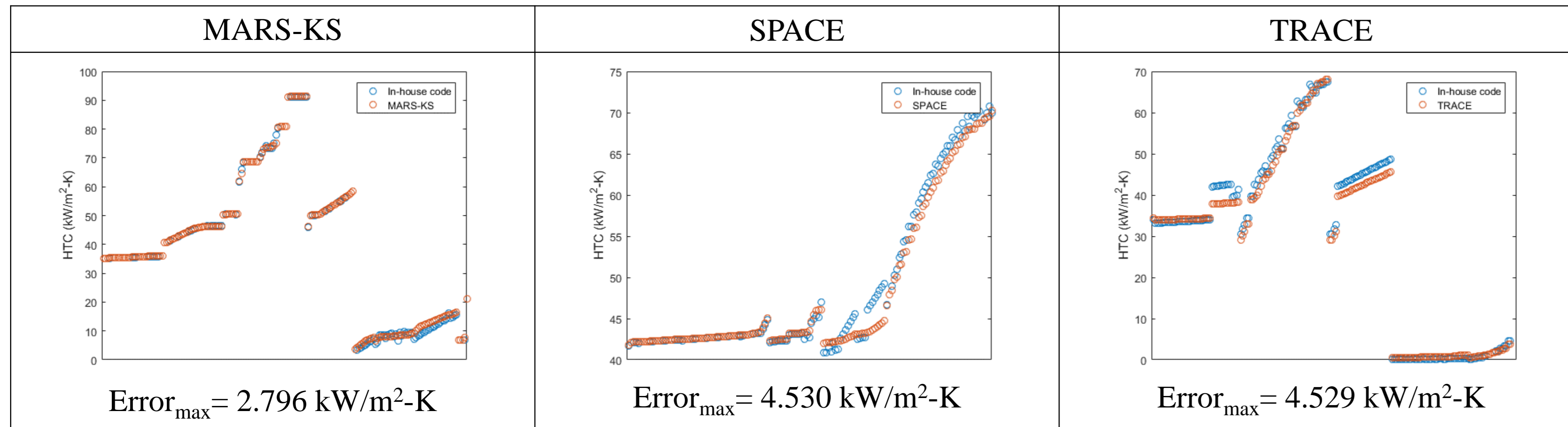
Method2: Compare of wall HT packages & correlations

Wall HT package configuration: HT mode transition map & HT models and correlations

		MARS-KS	SPACE	TRACE
HT regime logic diagram				
Single phase (Turbulent)	Dittus-Boelter	$Nu = 0.023 Re^{0.8} Pr^{0.4}$		Gnielinski $Nu = \frac{(f/2)(Re - 1000)Pr}{1 + 12.7(f/2)^{0.5}(Pr^{2/3} - 1)} \times \left(\frac{Pr}{Pr_w}\right)^{0.11}$ $f = [1.58 \ln Re - 3.28]^{-2}$
Nucleate boiling	Chen	$q''_{wl} = h_{mac}(T_w - T_l) + h_{mic}(T_w - T_{sat})$ $h_{mac} = h_{sg} F$ $h_{mic} = 0.00122 \frac{k_l^{0.79} c_{pl}^{0.45} \rho_l^{0.49}}{\sigma_l^{0.5} \mu_l^{0.29} h_{fg}^{0.24} \rho_v^{0.24}} (\Delta T_w)^{0.24} (\Delta p)^{0.75} s$		Chen $q''_{wl} = h_{FC}(T_w - T_l) + h_{PB}(T_w - T_{sat}) - q''_{sat}$ $h_{PB} = \left(\frac{5600 F_P}{20000^n}\right)^{1/(1-n)} (T_w - T_{sat})^{n/(1-n)}$
Film boiling	IACB	Bromley Dittus-Boelter Sun	Groeneveld	Self-developed $h = h_{con} + h_{rad,l}$ $h_{rad,l} = \frac{\sigma(T_w^2 + T_l^2)(T_w + T_l)}{1/\epsilon_f(1-\alpha)^{1/2} + 1/\epsilon_w - 1}$ Interpolation between IACB and DFFB $h = h_{cov} + h_{rad}$
	ISFB	$h = h_{con} + h_{cov} + h_{rad}$		
	DFFB	2001 film boiling LUT		

Results & Discussions

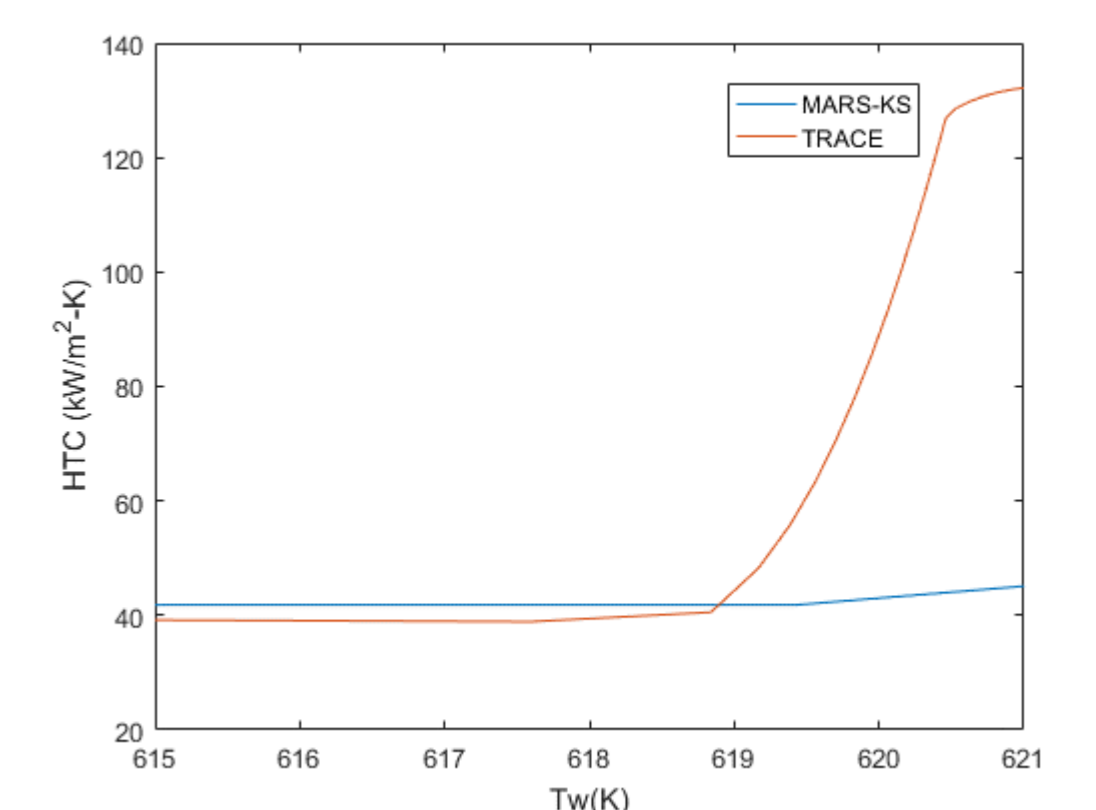
In-house code verification



Conditions

P (MPa)	Dh (m)	vl (m/s)	vg (m/s)	vd (m/s)	Tl (K)	Tg (K)	Tw (K)	x
15.5	0.012	6	6	6	controlled			

- Regime 1. (Tl = 613 K) code calculation. After T_{ONB}, HTC in TRACE increase dramatically. In correlation, h_{PB} increase and is converged, then Tw and HTC also is converged.



Comparison HTC between MARS-KS and TRACE

- Single liquid, Single vapor: there is little HTC difference
- Nucleate boiling
 - Subcooled: near regime 1, there is big HTC difference (HTC_{MARS-KS} < HTC_{TRACE}) → Regime 1. (Tl = 613 K) code calculation.
 - Saturated: have almost certain HTC difference (HTC_{MARS-KS} > HTC_{TRACE})
- Film boiling: there is big relative difference near the Tg = T_{sat} & 0.5 < x < 1 (HTC_{MARS-KS} < HTC_{TRACE}) or 0 < x < 0.3 (HTC_{MARS-KS} > HTC_{TRACE}). But, not big absolute difference.

