Pressure Gradients of Air and Water/Air Two-Phase Flow in a Stratified Bed

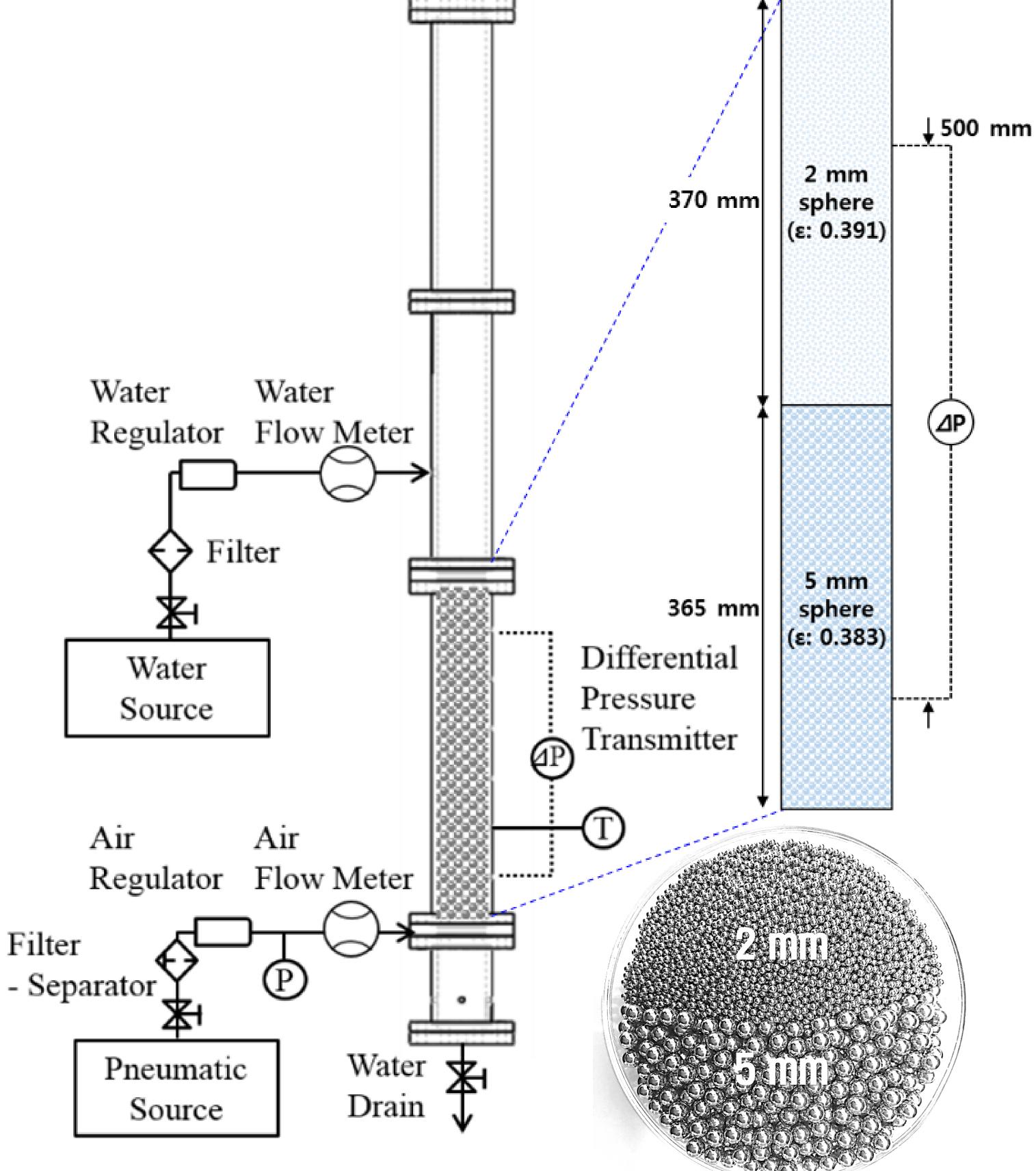
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Introduction

Geometric parameters affecting pressure drop mechanisms in a debris bed **Porosity** over-pressurization Particle morphology Particle size distribution **Bed stratification** Reactor Pressure Vessel Steam Flow Water Flow Water-filled Cavity **Nater ingression** MCC1-(~1,200°C) Reactor containment floor concrete floor erosion

Experiments

PICASSO experimental facility & Test case



Exp. cases Particle morphology Particle size (mm) Porosity (-)
PCS-SSB1 Sphere 2, 5 (mass 1:1) 0.387

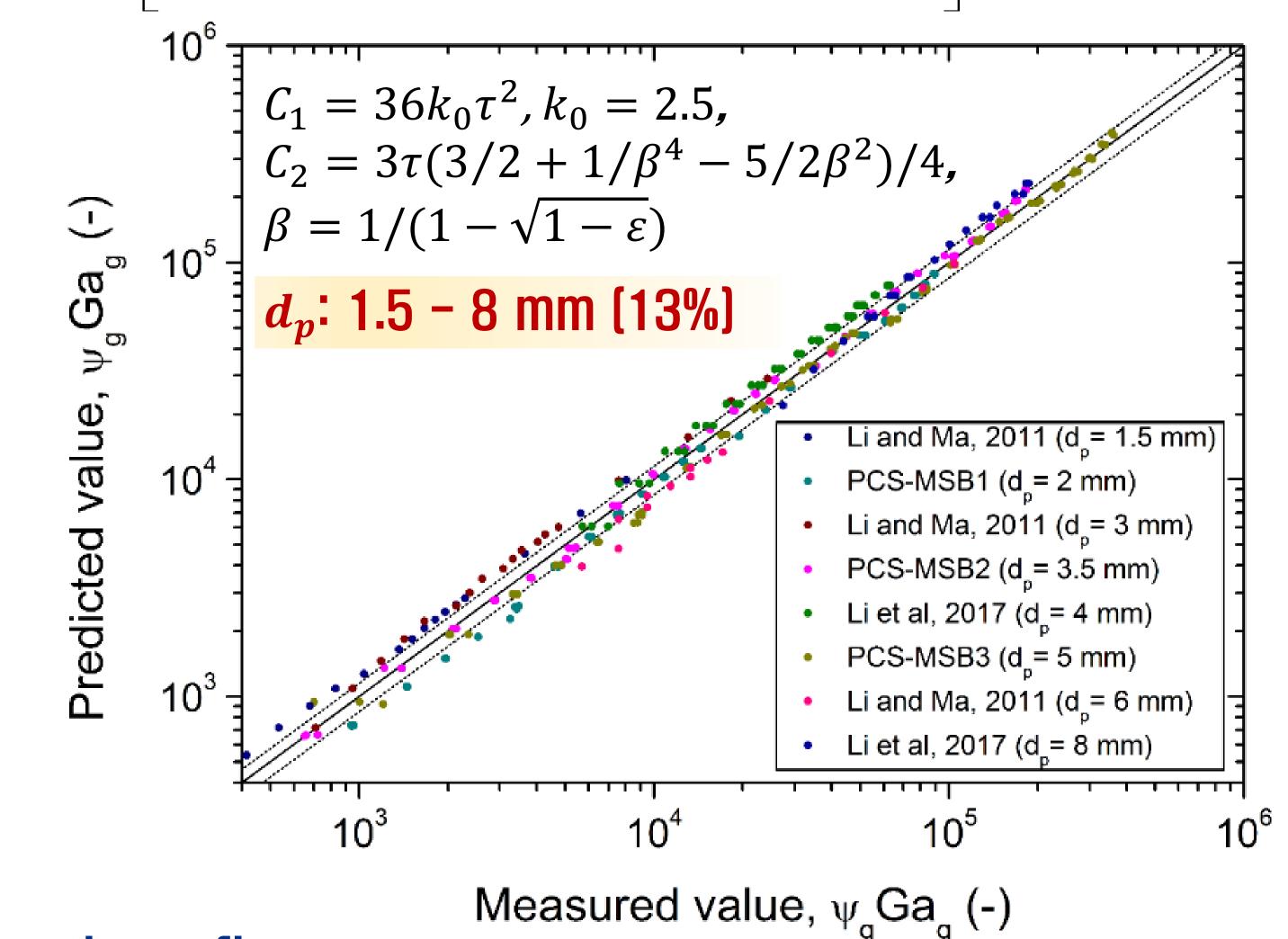
Proposed models through our previous studies

Single-phase flow

$$\frac{-dp/dz - \rho_i g}{\rho_i g} = \psi_i = C_1 \frac{\text{Re}_p}{Ga_i} + C_2 \frac{\text{Re}_p^2}{Ga_i}$$

$$\operatorname{Re}_{p} = \frac{\rho_{i} V_{si} d_{p}}{\mu_{i} (1 - \varepsilon)}, \quad Ga_{i} = \left(\frac{\rho_{i}}{\mu_{i}}\right)^{2} g\left(\frac{d_{p} \varepsilon}{(1 - \varepsilon)}\right)^{3},$$

$$\tau = \frac{L_t}{L} = \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon} + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \varepsilon}}{1 - \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon}} \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \varepsilon}} - 1\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4}} \right]$$

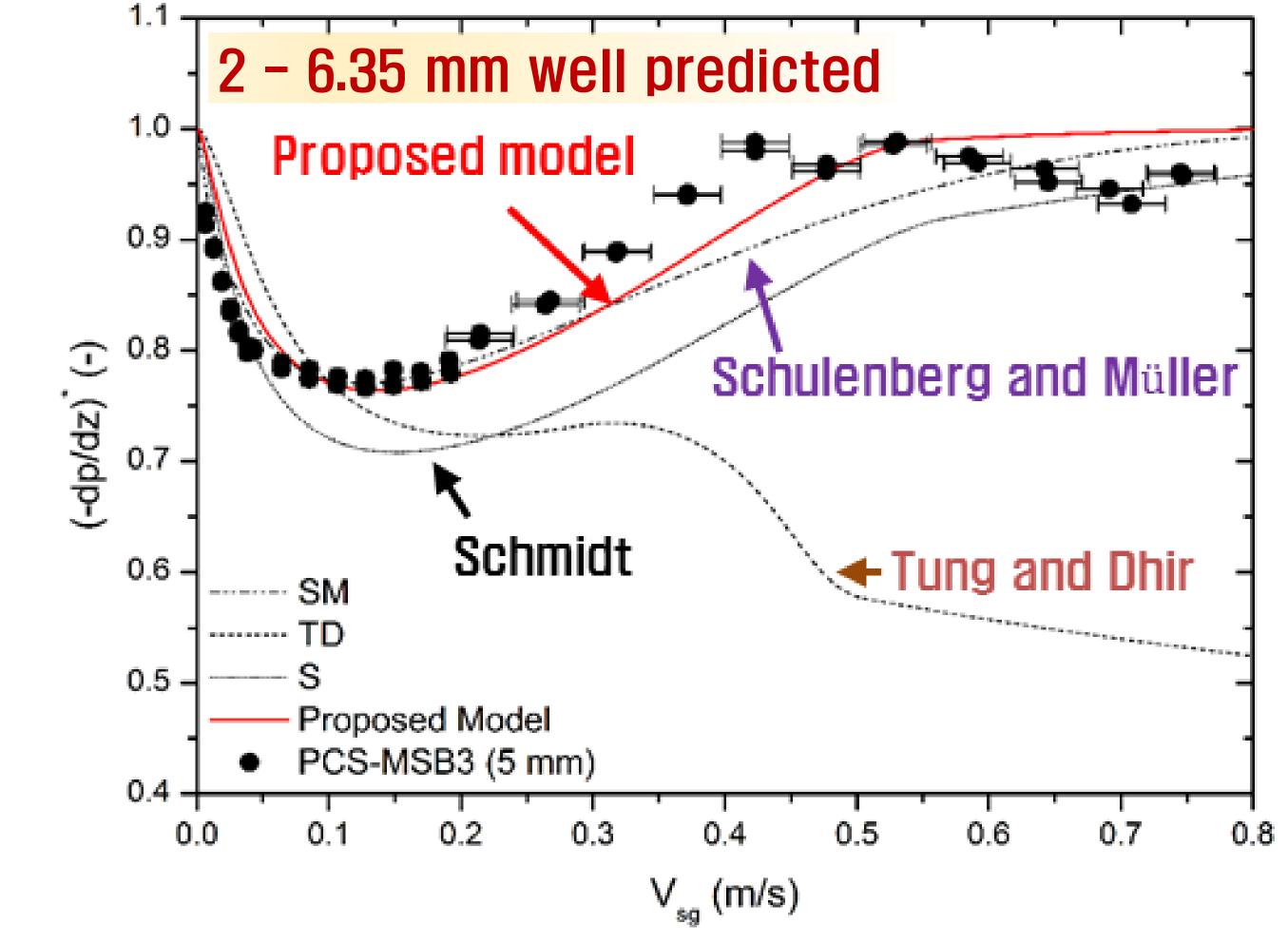


Two-phase flow

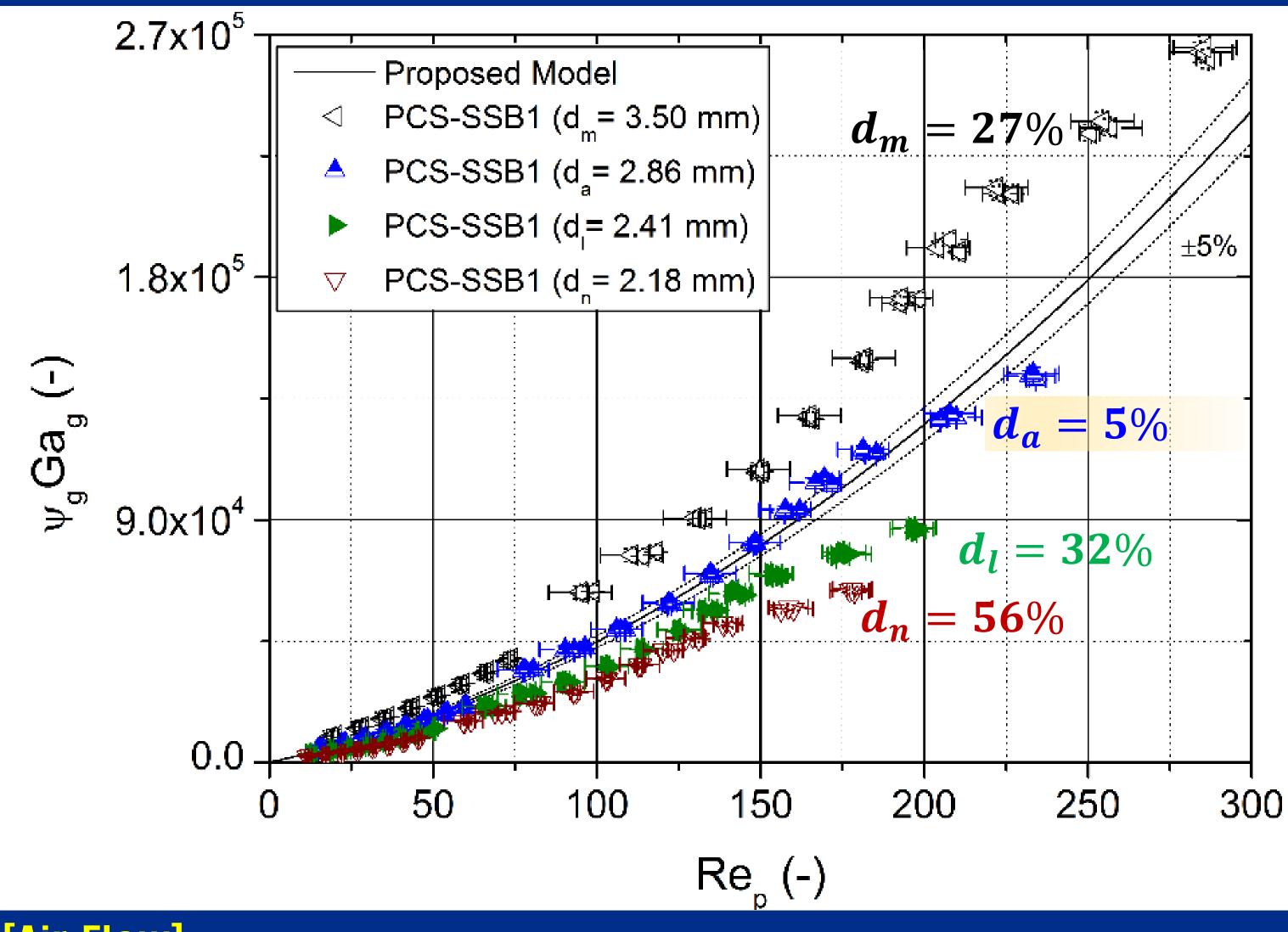
$$\left(-\frac{dp}{dz}\right)^* = \frac{-dp/dz}{(\rho_l - \rho_g)g} = \frac{\rho_l g}{(\rho_l - \rho_g)g} + \frac{F_{pl}^*}{s} - \frac{F_i^*}{s} = \frac{\rho_g g}{(\rho_l - \rho_g)g} + \frac{F_{pg}^*}{\alpha} + \frac{F_i^*}{\alpha}$$

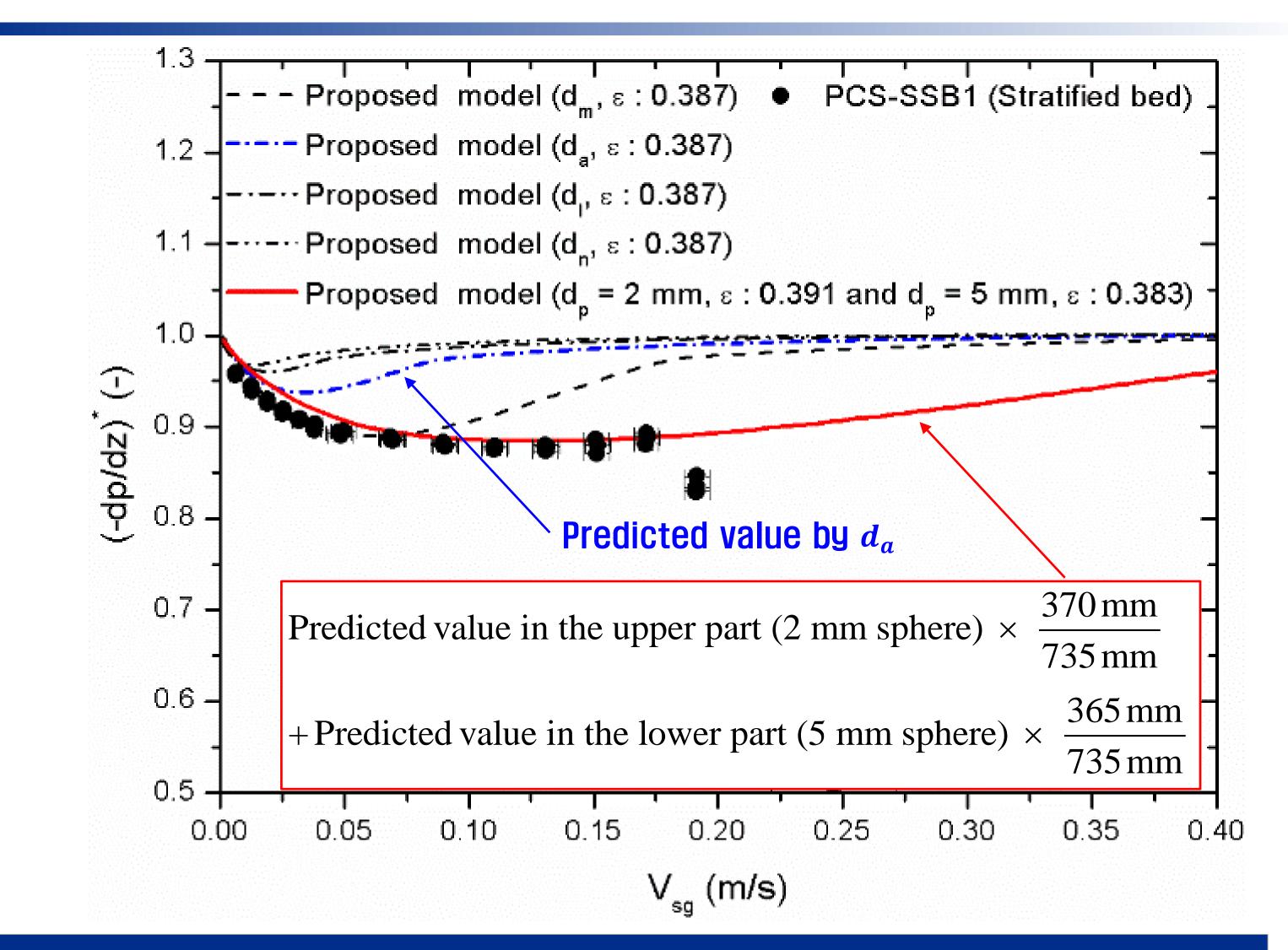
$$F^* = \frac{F}{\varepsilon(\rho_l - \rho_g)g},$$

$$F_{pl} = \varepsilon s \left(\frac{\mu_l}{KK_{rl}} V_{sl} + \frac{\rho_l}{\eta \eta_{rl}} V_{sl} |V_{sl}| \right), \quad F_{pg} = \varepsilon \alpha \left(\frac{\mu_g}{KK_{rg}} V_{sg} + \frac{\rho_g}{\eta \eta_{rg}} V_{sg} |V_{sg}| \right)$$



Experimental results and conclusions





[Air Flow]

- Proposed model predicts pressure gradients of air flow in a stratified bed within 5% with d_a . [Water/Air Two-Phase Flow]
 - Proposed model adopting d_a does not predict pressure gradients of water/air two-phase flow in contrast to air flow results.
 - Proposed model predicts pressure gradients of water/air two-phase flow by means of averaging according to the bed height after calculating the upper (2 mm sphere, ε : 0.391) and lower (5 mm sphere, ε : 0.383) parts of the bed.