



# **Comparison of Pulse-Shape Discrimination (PSD) Performance Using the Pixelated Stilbene and Plastic Scintillator (EJ-276) Arrays for the Hand-Held Dual-Particle Imager**

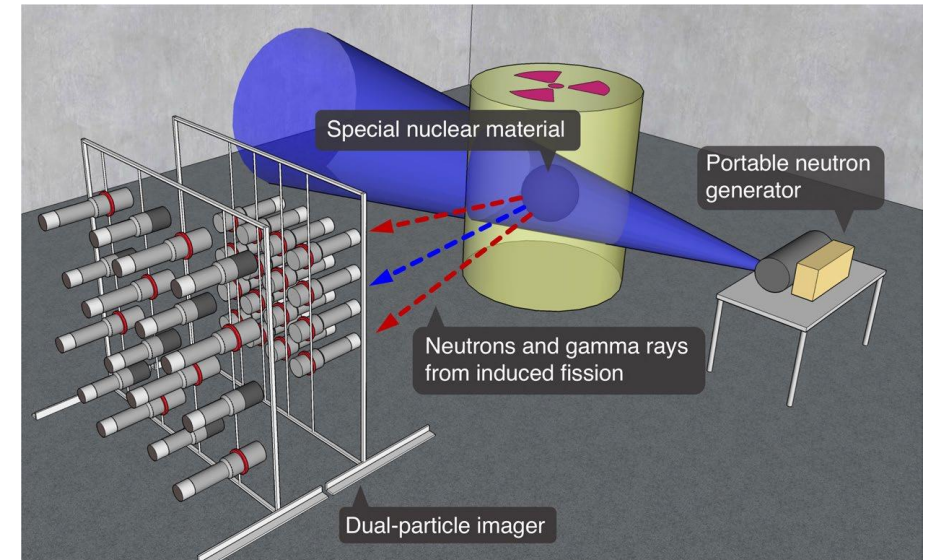
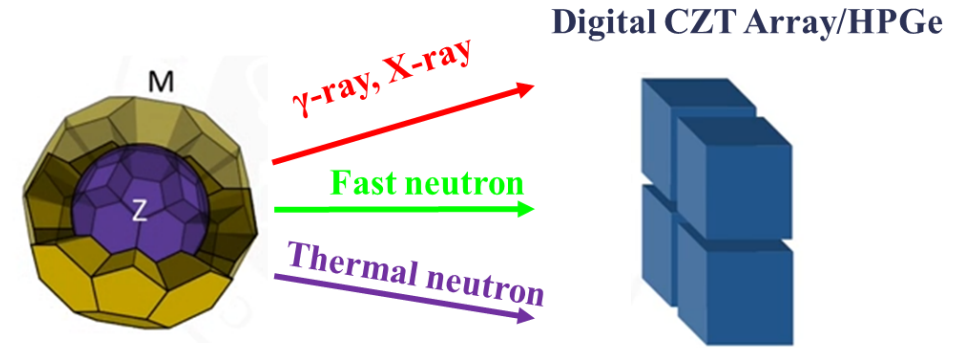
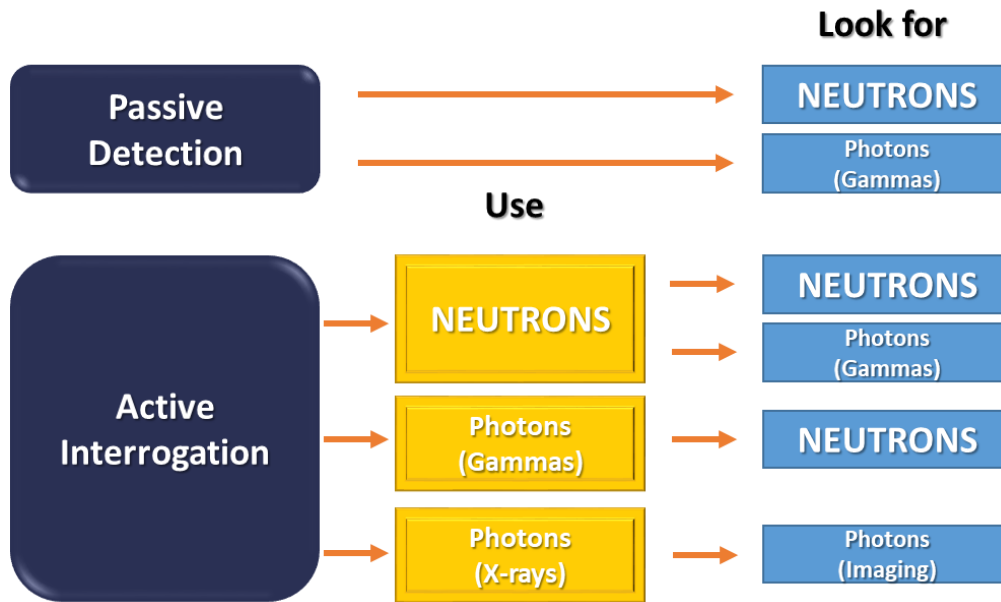
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Dept. of Nuclear and Energy Engineering, Jeju National University

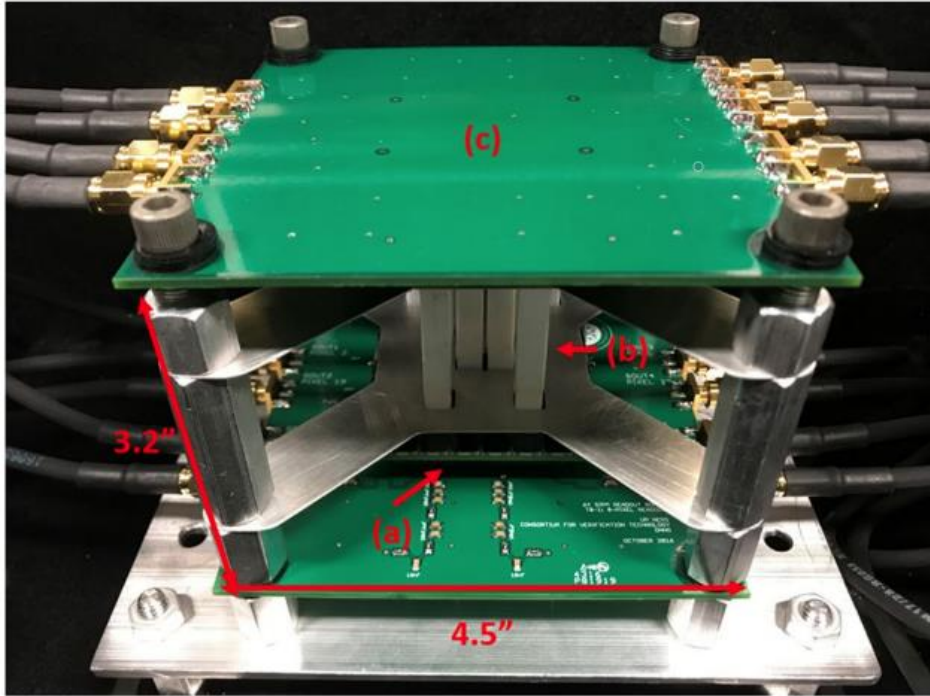
**Dec 17<sup>th</sup>, 2020.**

## Special Nuclear Material Detection Methods



	Usability	Performance
Passive modes	simple and safe	rather ineffective against shielded SNM (in particular, HEU)
Active modes	cannot be used in many circumstances (e.g. dose to humans)	able to trigger characteristic response by SNM (e.g. fission)

## Scatter Camera

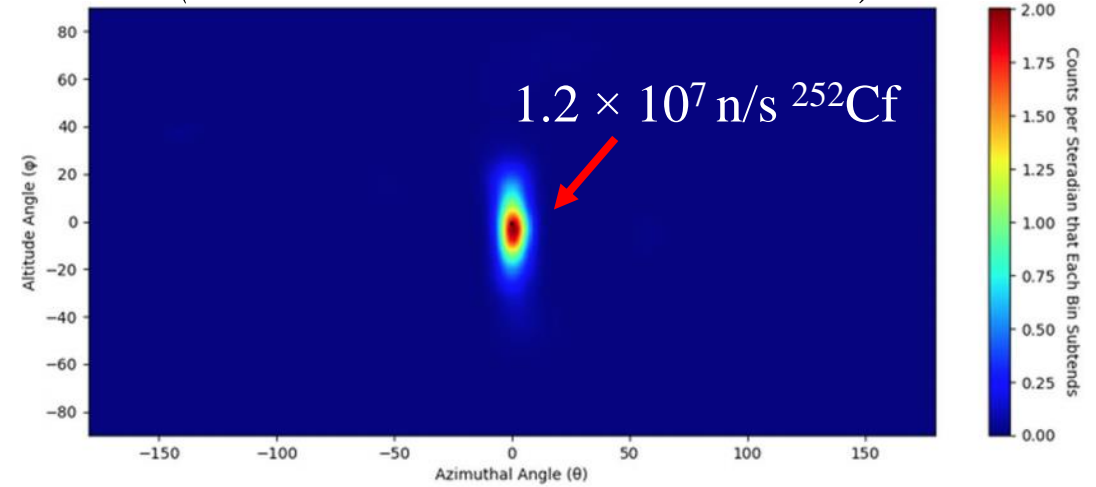


Eight bars of stilbene  
with  $6 \times 6 \times 50 \text{ mm}^3$  each

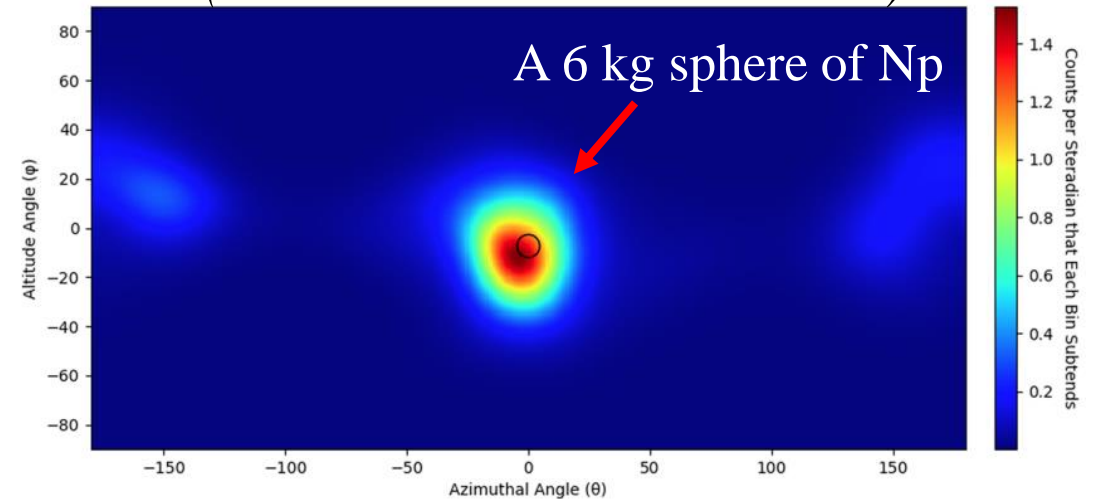


V1730 CAEN 14-bit  
500-MS/s digitizer

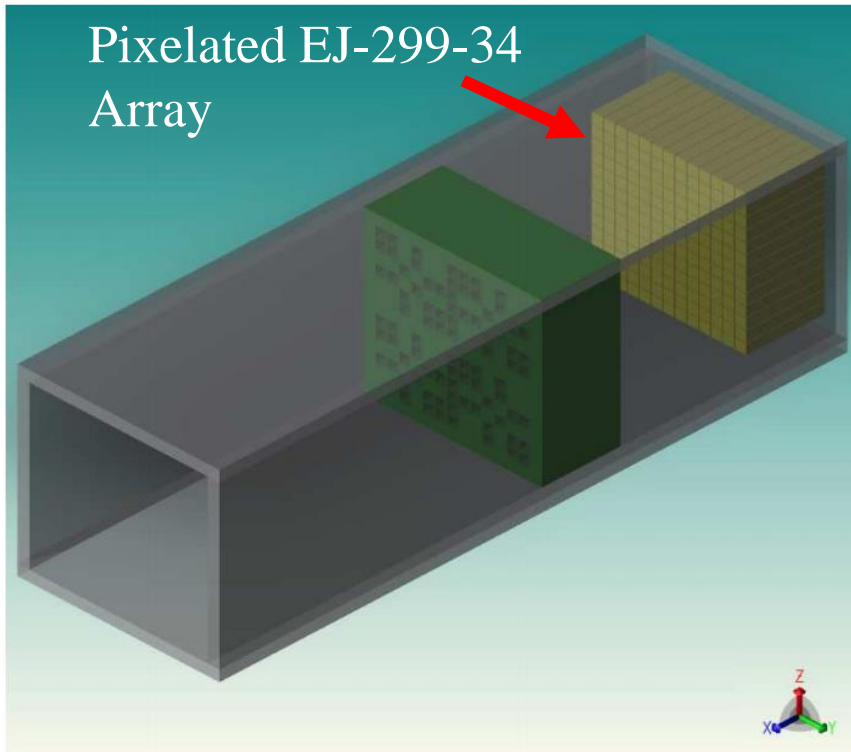
Neutron image  
( ~30 minutes at 58 cm distance)



Gamma-ray image  
( ~45 minutes at 55 cm distance)



## Spatial Coded Aperture



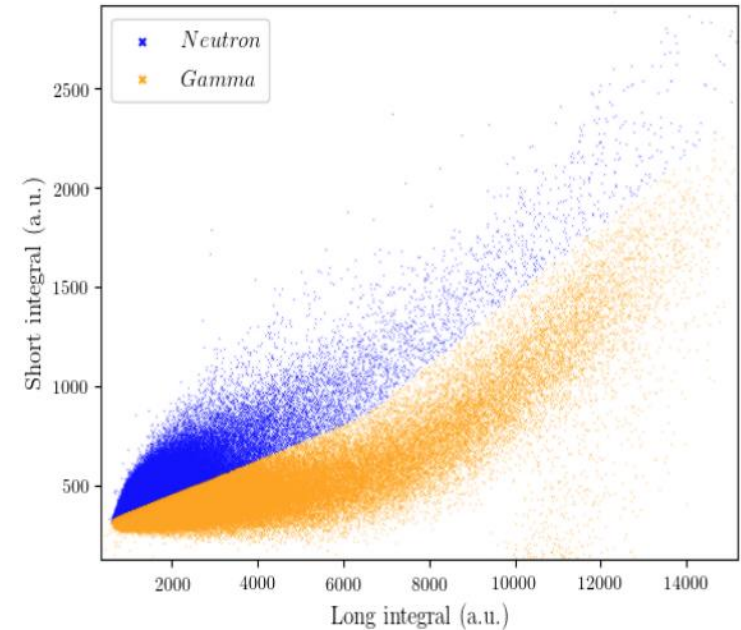
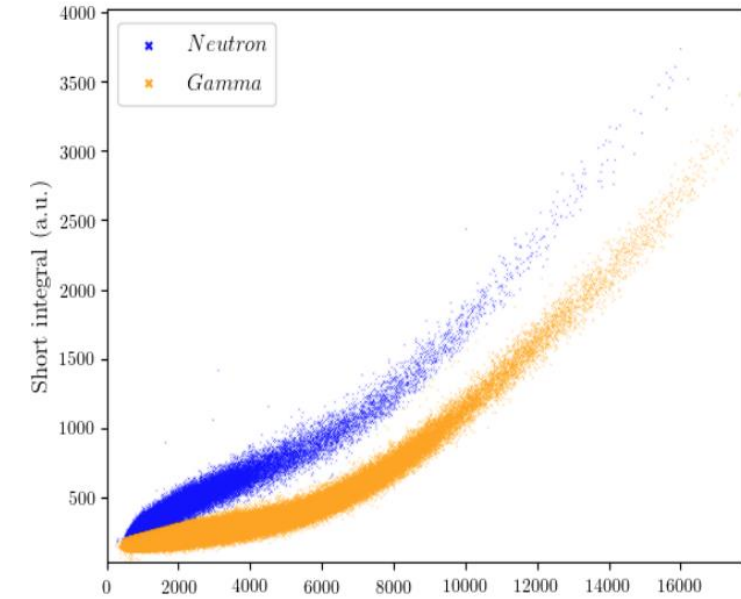
13 × 13 pixels with  
2.8 × 2.8 × 15 mm each

ET Enterprises 9107B  
PMT (a single channel)

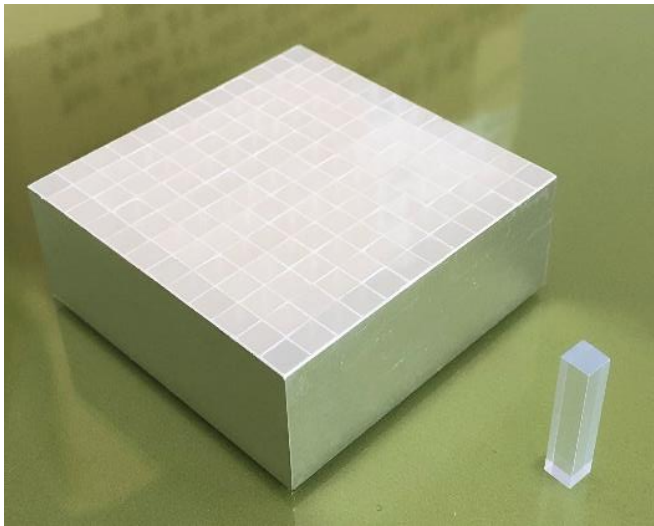
[ Single crystal ]

(Ø 25 mm, 25 mm<sub>t</sub>)

[ 169 Pixels ]



## EJ-276 plastic scintillator (Eljen Technology)



## Stilbene (Inrad Optics)

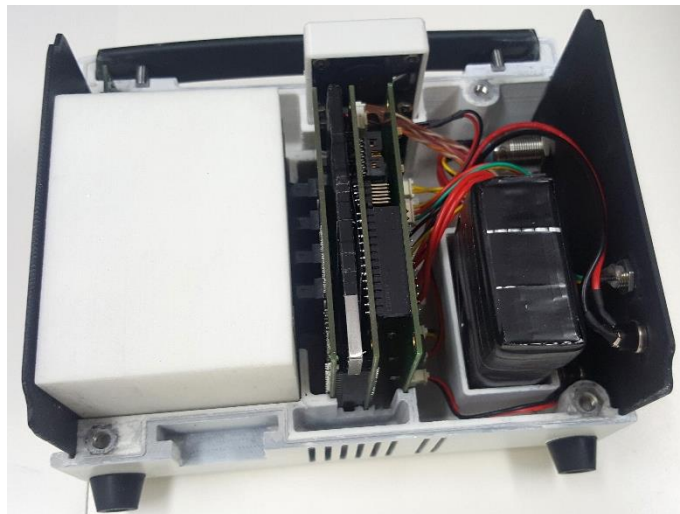
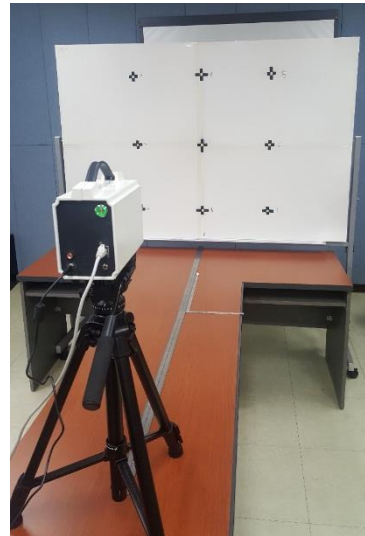


- Pixel size :  $4 \times 4 \times 20 \text{ mm}_t$
- Pixel pitch : 4.2 mm
- Gap material:  $\text{BaSO}_4$  (Plastic) and PTFE (Stilbene)  
0.2  $\text{mm}_t$

	Plastic scintillator (EJ-276)	Stilbene
<b>Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>)</b>	<b>1.096</b>	<b>1.15</b>
<b>Peak Emission (nm)</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>390</b>
<b>Decay Time (ns)</b>	$\gamma$ (13, 35, 270) $n$ (13, 59, 460)	<b>3.5 ~ 4.5</b>
<b>Light Yield (photons/MeV)</b>	<b>8,600</b>	$\gamma$ (14,000) $n$ (10,700)
<b>No. of H atoms / No. of C atoms</b>	<b>0.927</b>	<b>0.858</b>

## *EPSILON-D*

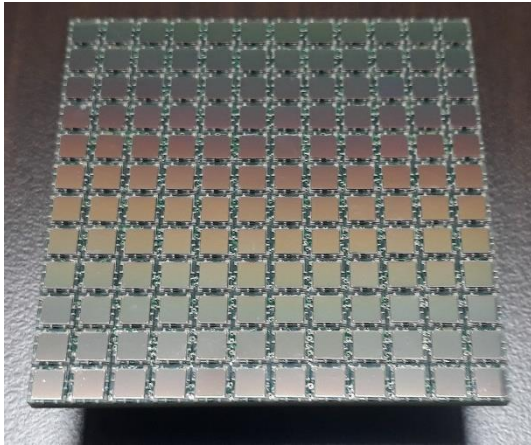
(Energetic Particle Sensor for the Identification and Localization of Originating Nuclei)



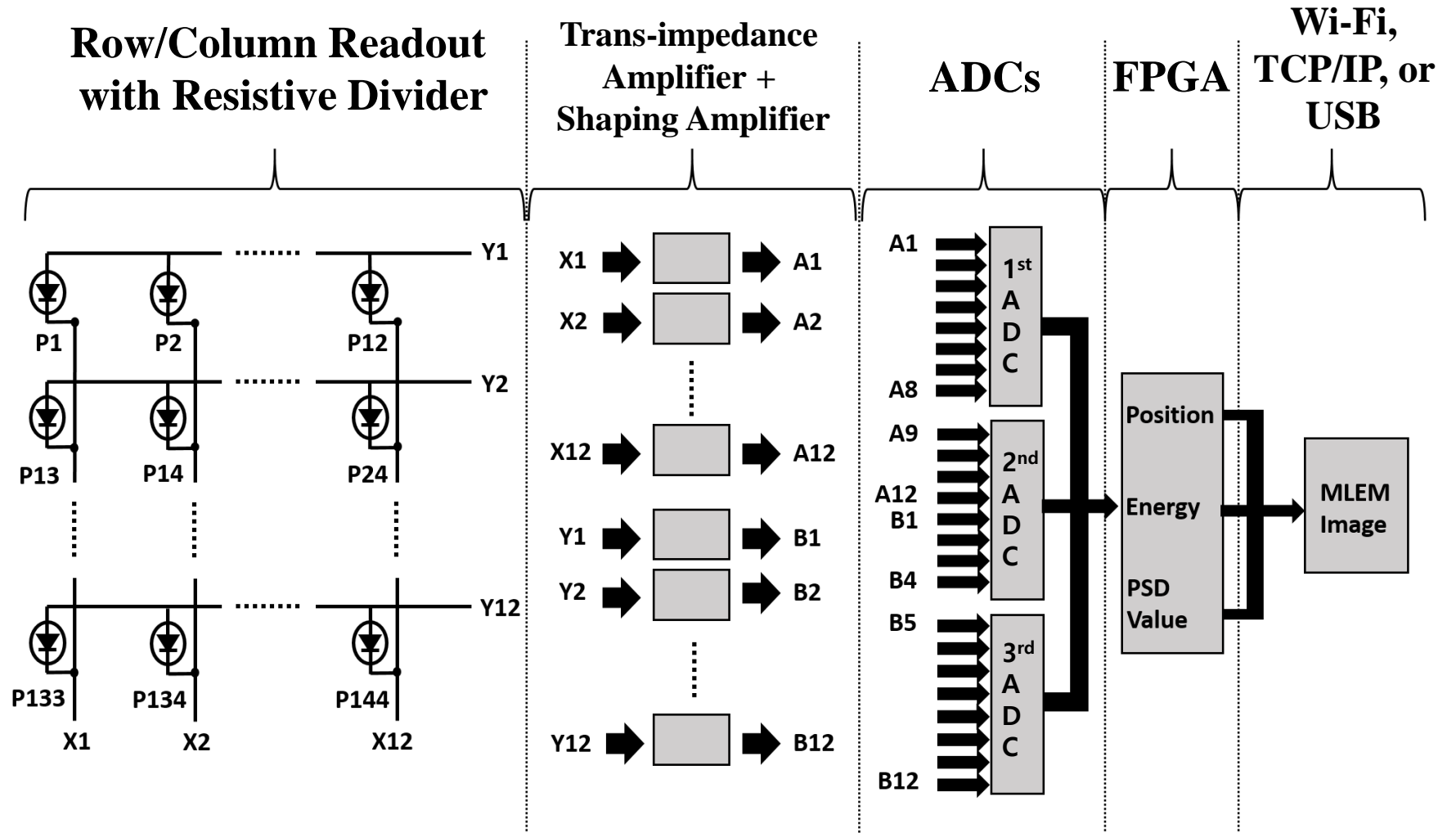
### ➤ Specification

- Technology: Coded-aperture imaging
- Mask: 11 rank of MURA with 2 cm<sub>t</sub> W
- FOV: 50°
- Angular resolution: 6.8°
- Sensitivity: < 70 sec. for 6.4 μSv/h of <sup>137</sup>Cs  
< 6 min. for 3.5 × 10<sup>5</sup> n/s <sup>252</sup>Cf
- Max. count rate: 100k cps
- Size (weight): 104 × 144 × 197 mm (4.1 kg)
- Image Reconstruction method: MELM

## SiPM C-series (SensL)

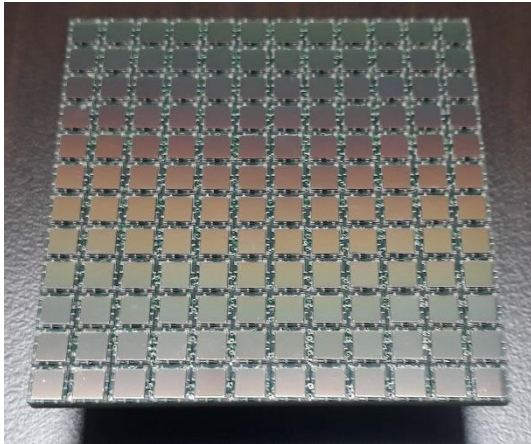


- Pixel size :  $3 \times 3 \text{ mm}^2$
- Pixel pitch : 4.2 mm



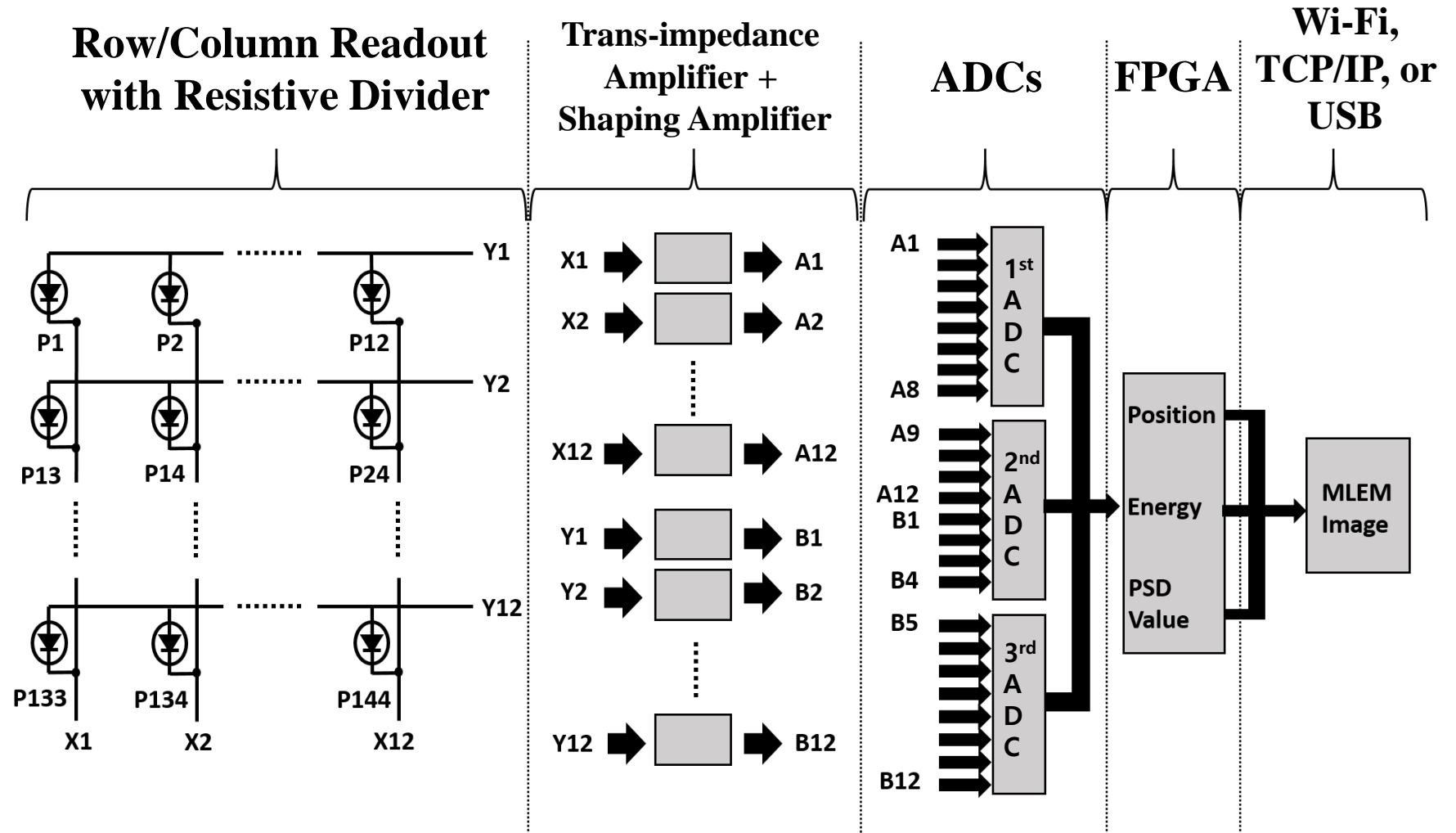
Operation Voltage:  
26, 27, 28, 29, or 30 V

## SiPM C-series (SensL)



- Pixel size :  $3 \times 3 \text{ mm}^2$
- Pixel pitch : 4.2 mm

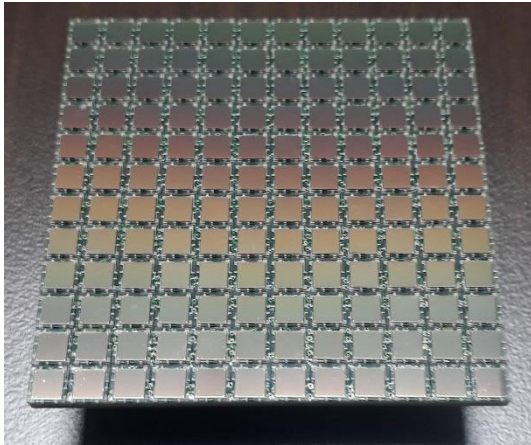
(ArrayC-30035-16P-PCB A)



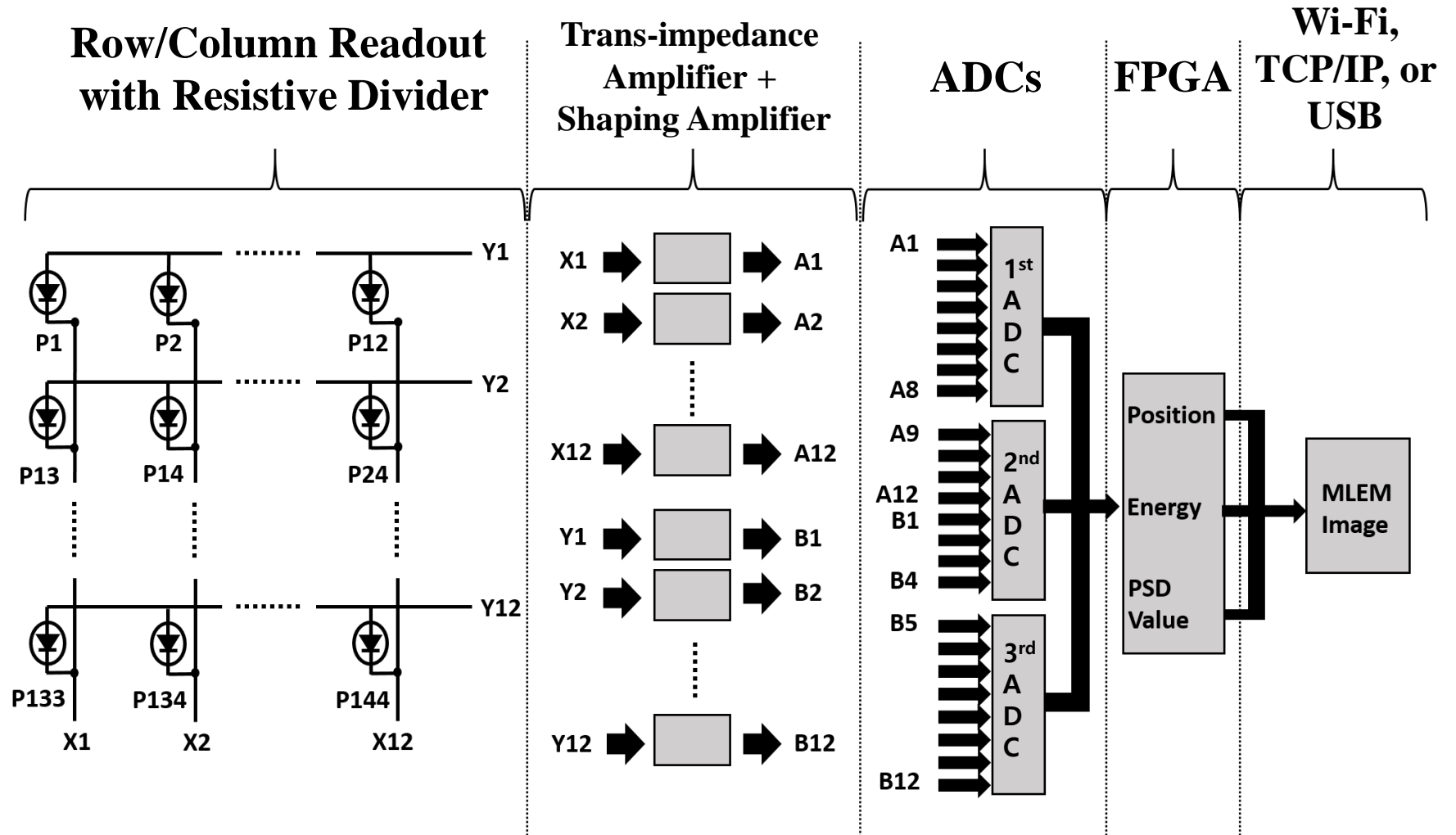


The feedback resistance ( $R_f$ )  
of TIA: 30, 100, or 300  $\Omega$

## SiPM C-series (SensL)



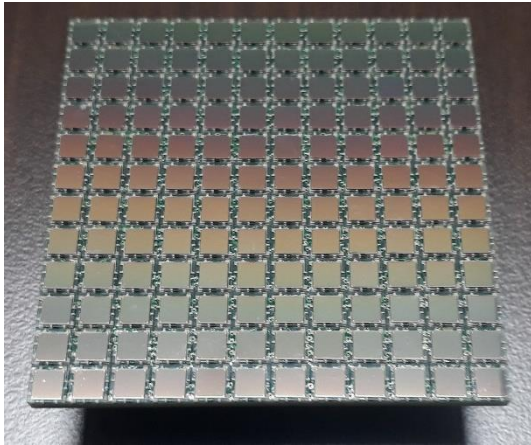
- Pixel size :  $3 \times 3 \text{ mm}^2$
- Pixel pitch : 4.2 mm



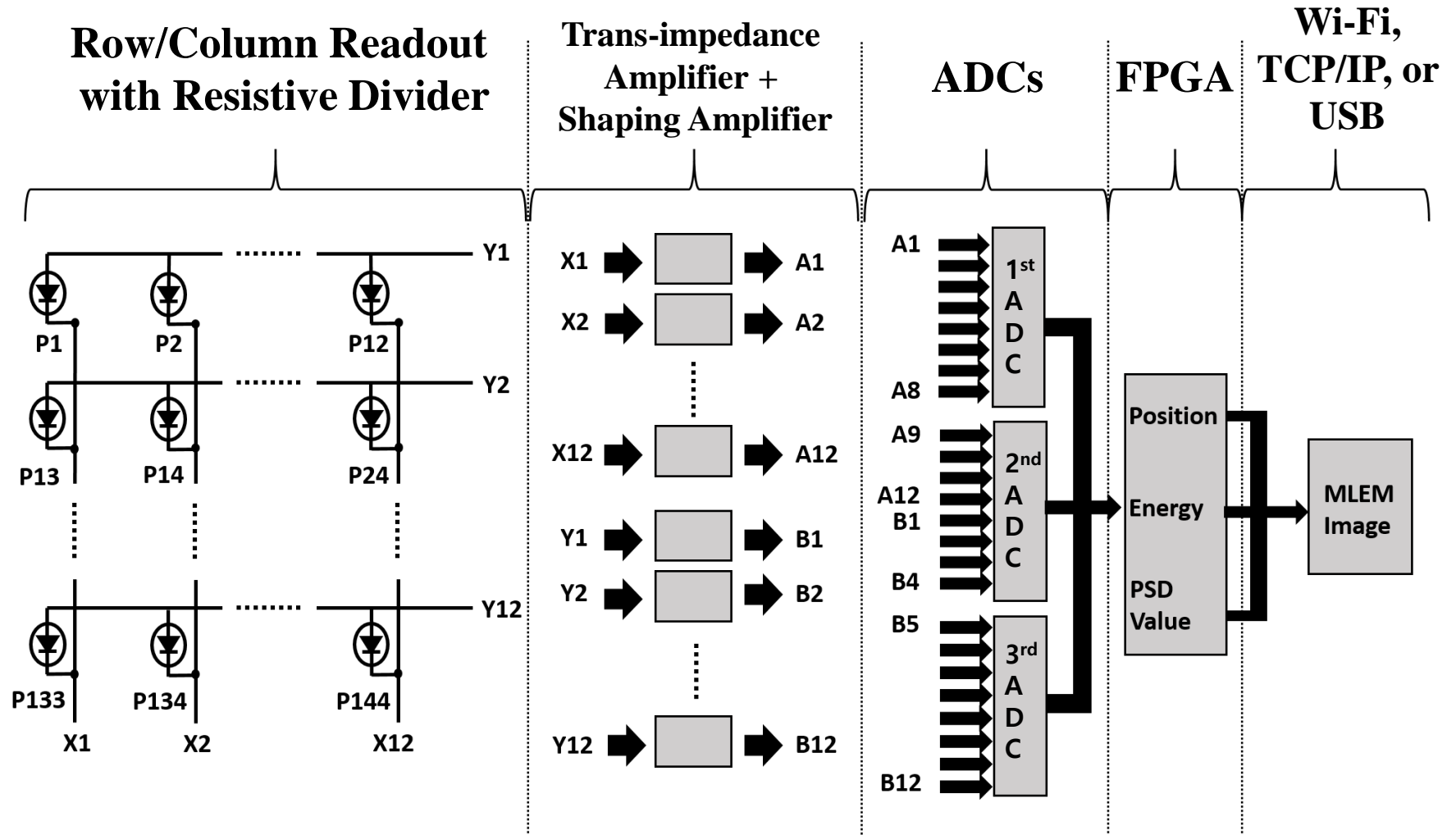
(TIA: LMH6723, Texas Instruments)

ADCs : 12-bit, 50 MHz

## SiPM C-series (SensL)

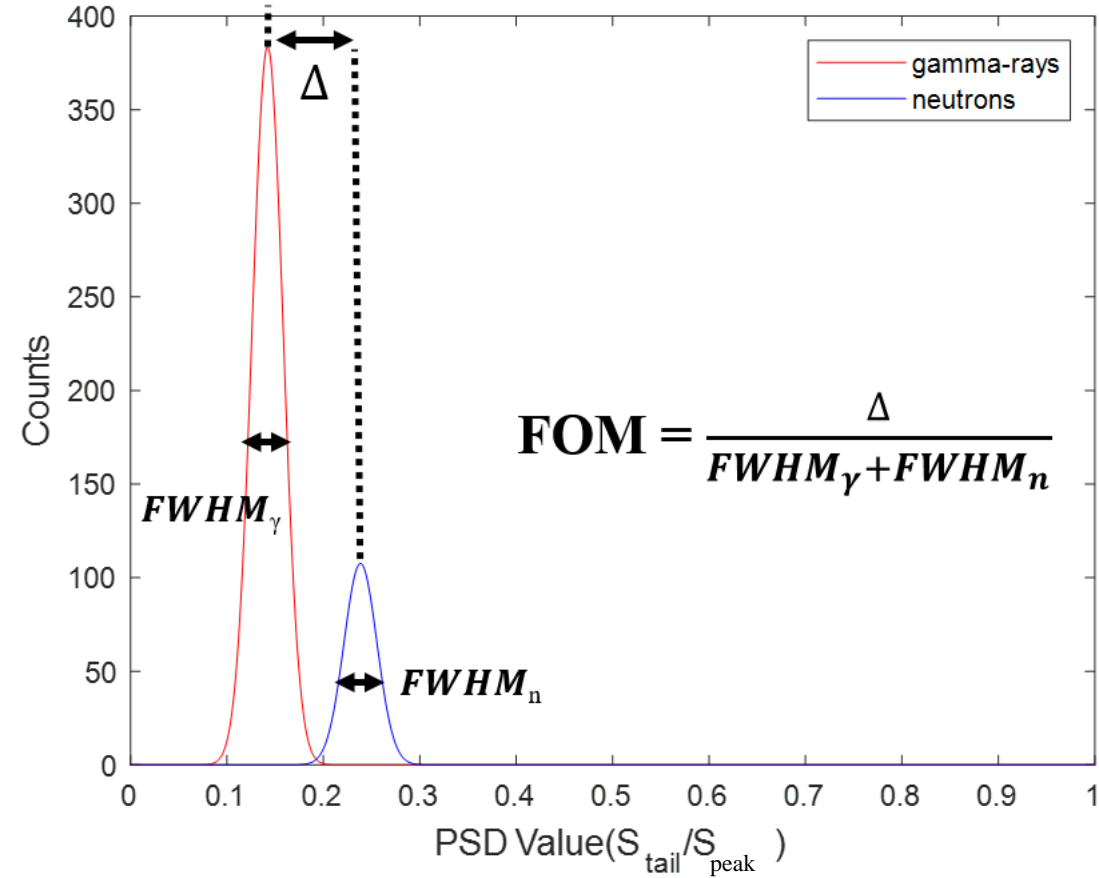
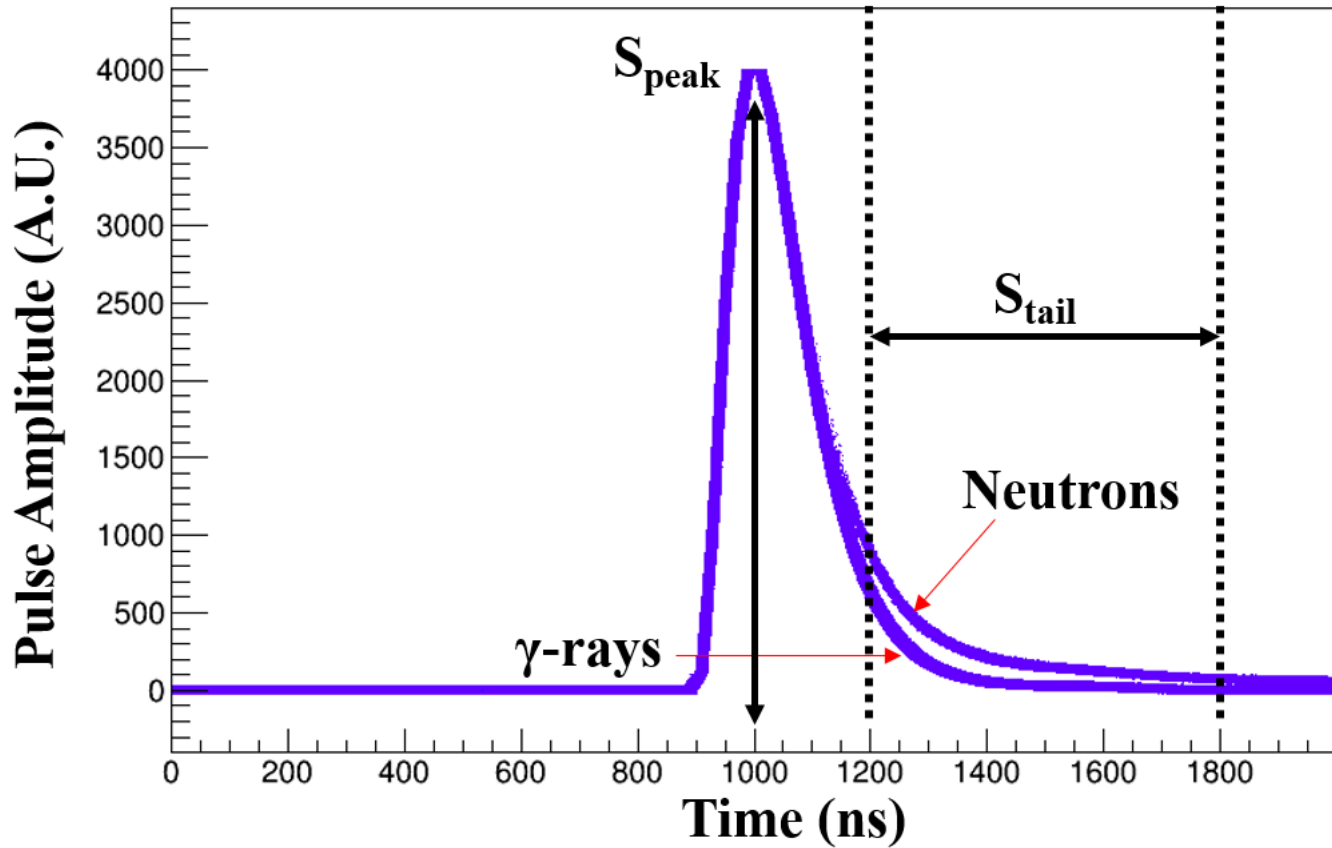


- Pixel size :  $3 \times 3 \text{ mm}^2$
- Pixel pitch : 4.2 mm

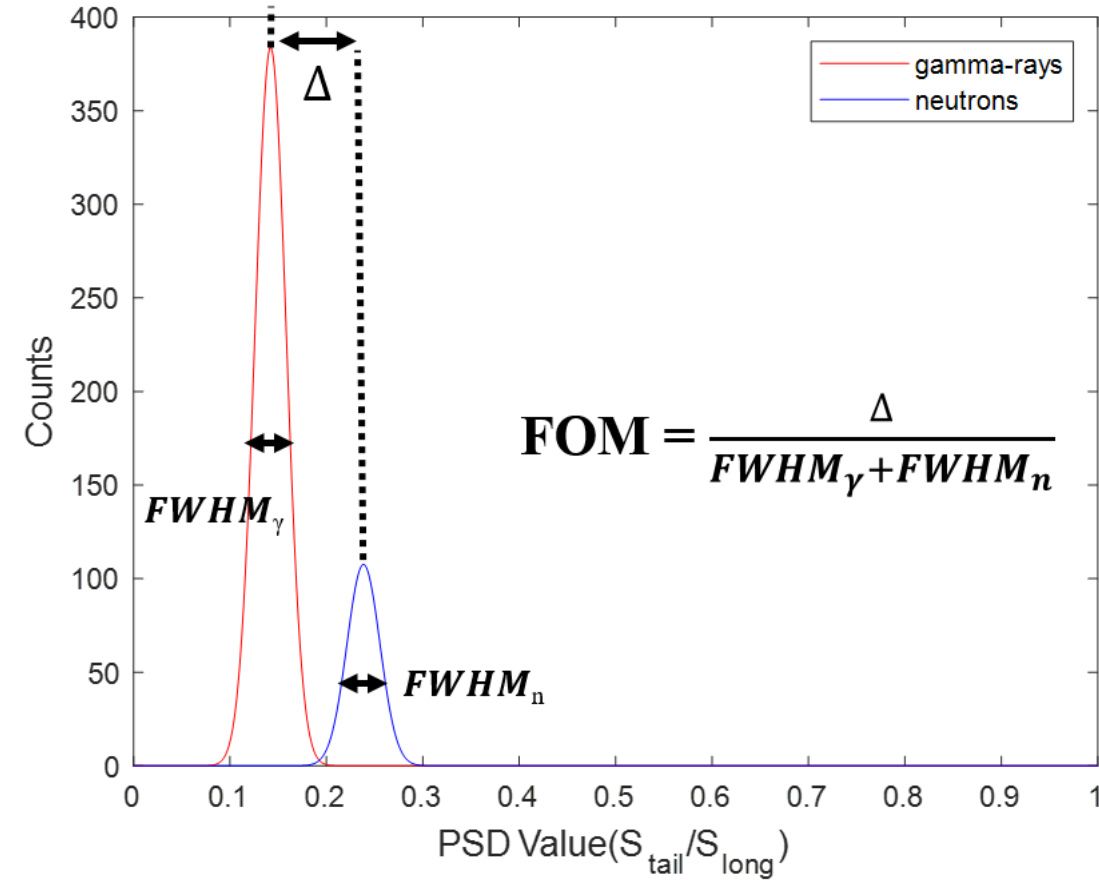
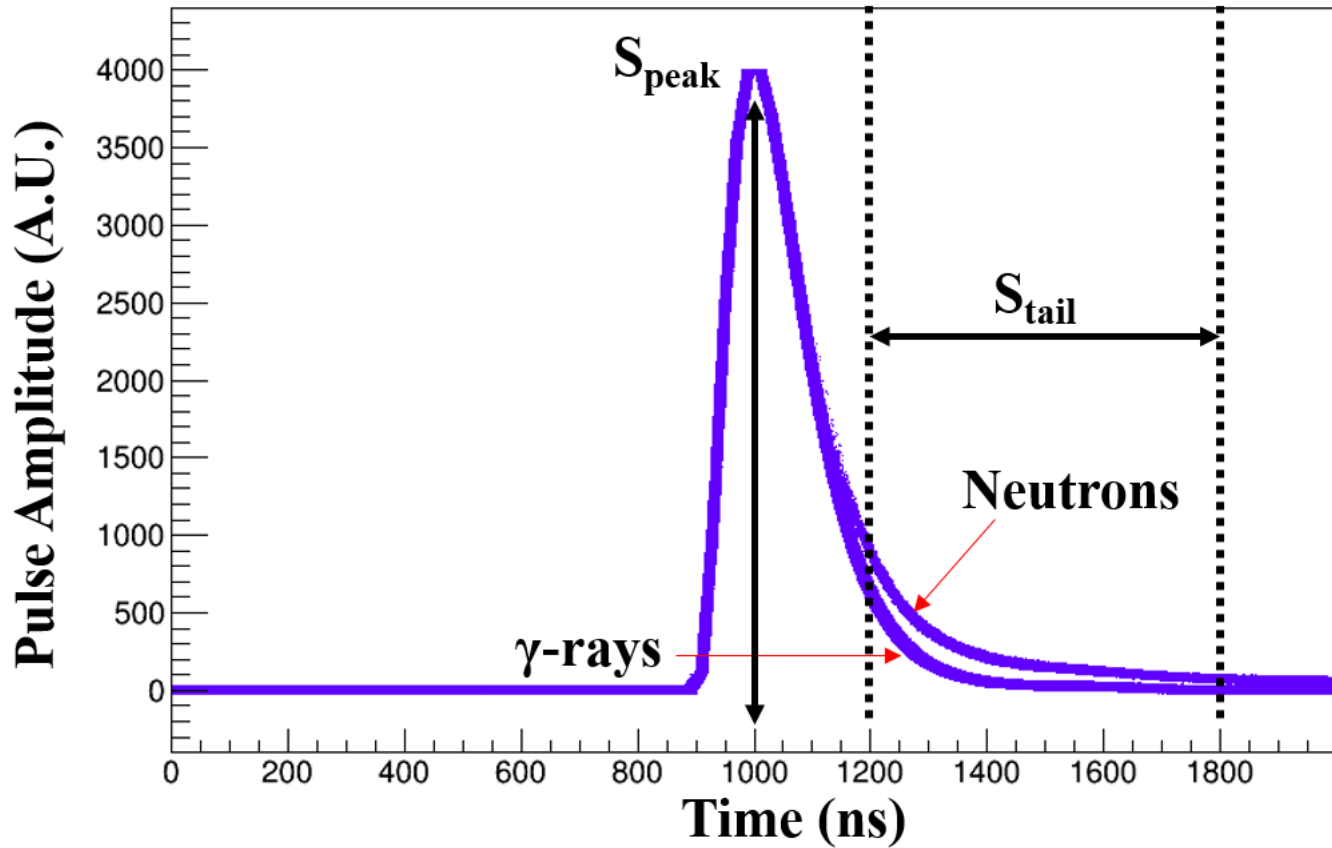


ADS5281 (Texas Instruments)

● Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD)- Simplified Charge Comparison Method (SCCM)



● Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD)- Simplified Charge Comparison Method (SCCM)



✓ Neutron & gamma-ray source: Cf-252 ( $3.5 \times 10^5$  n/s) & Cs-137 (20  $\mu$ Ci)

➤ **2D flood map**  
for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$

[ Plastic array ]

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$R_f$     ADCs

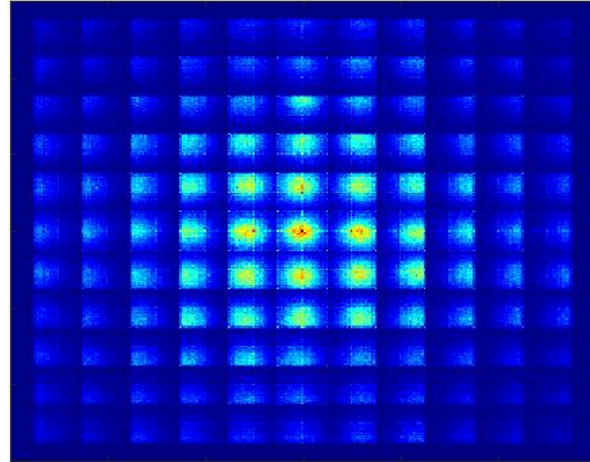
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low  
(30  $\Omega$ )    12 bit

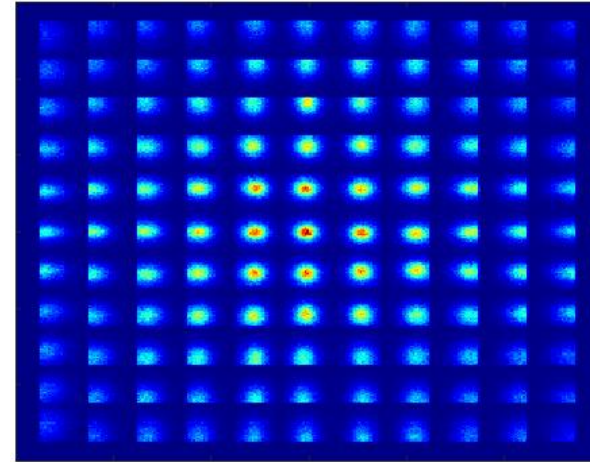
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[ Stilbene array ]

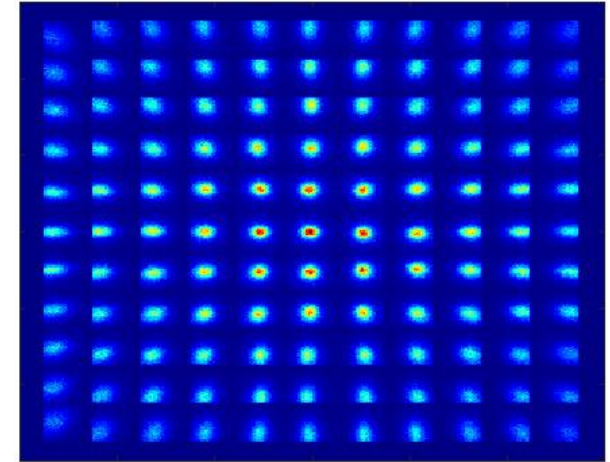
Flood map at 26 V



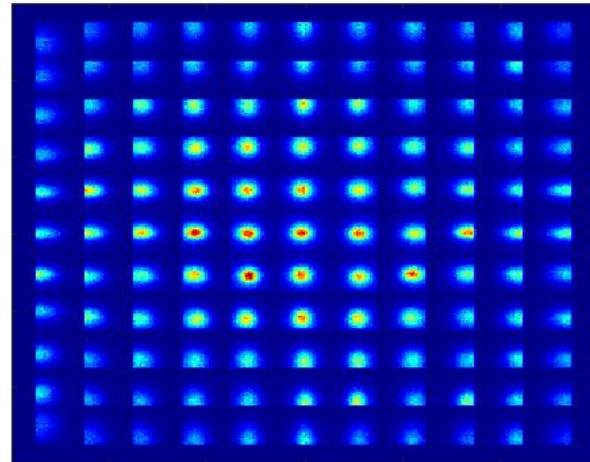
Flood map at 27 V



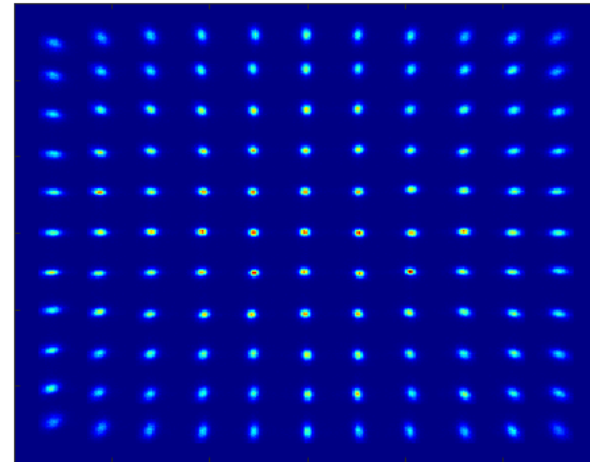
Flood map at 28 V



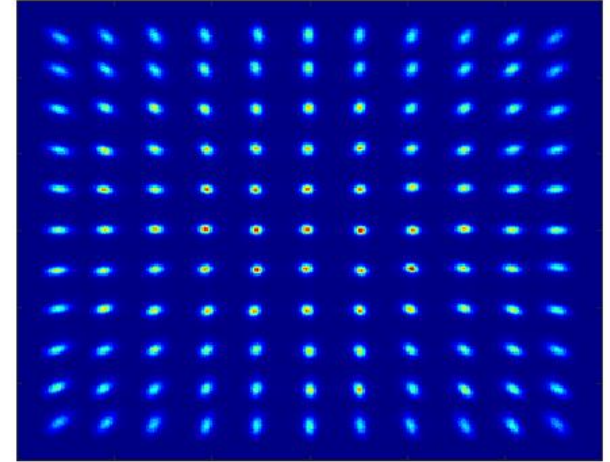
Flood map at 26 V



Flood map at 28 V

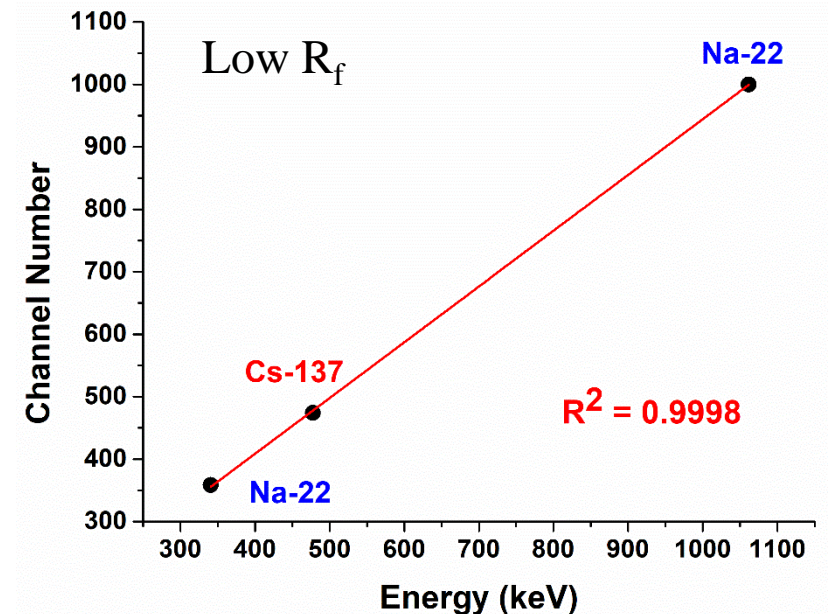
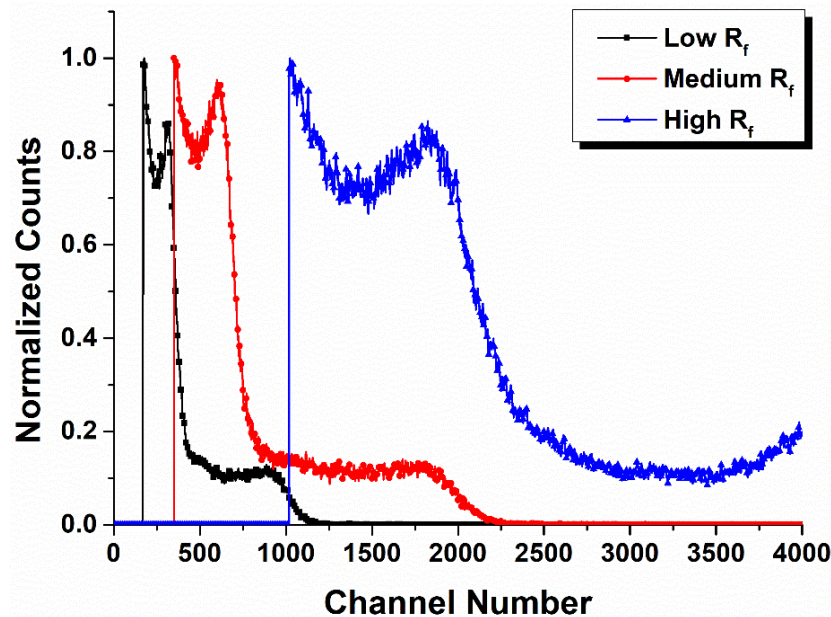
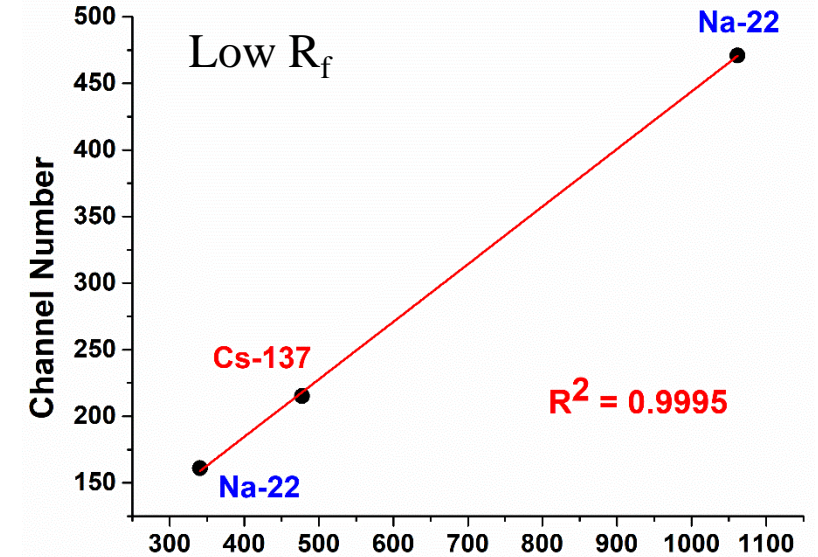
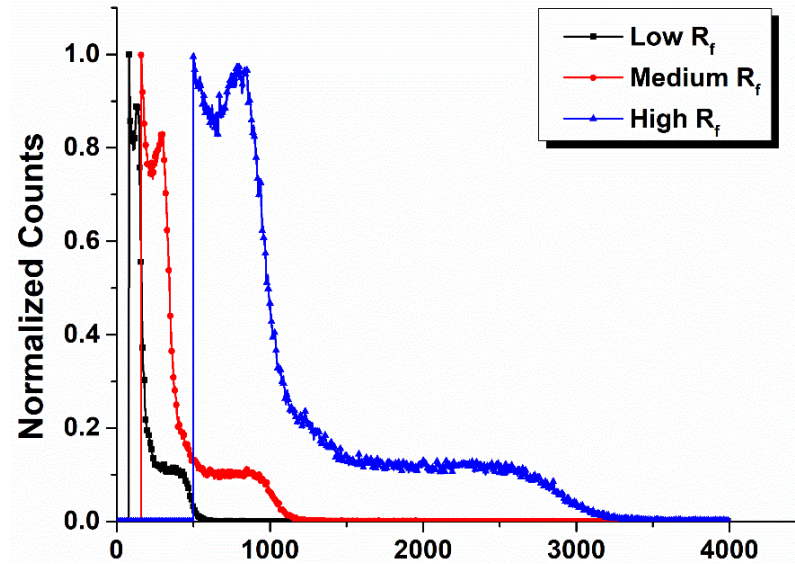


Flood map at 30 V



## ➤ Gamma-ray spectra & system linearity

[ Plastic array ]



Bias voltage (V)	ADCs
28	12 bit

[ Stilbene array ]

## ➤ PSD performance for the arrays

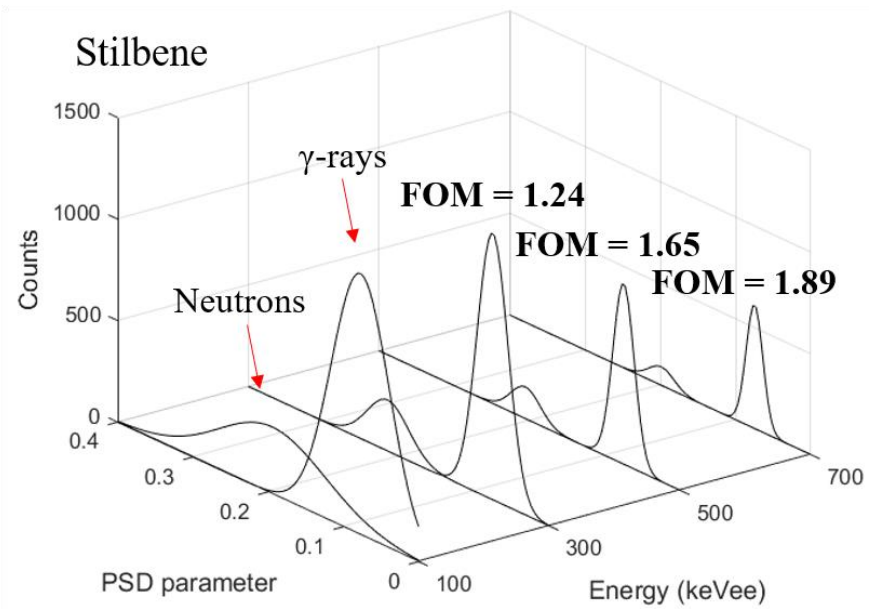
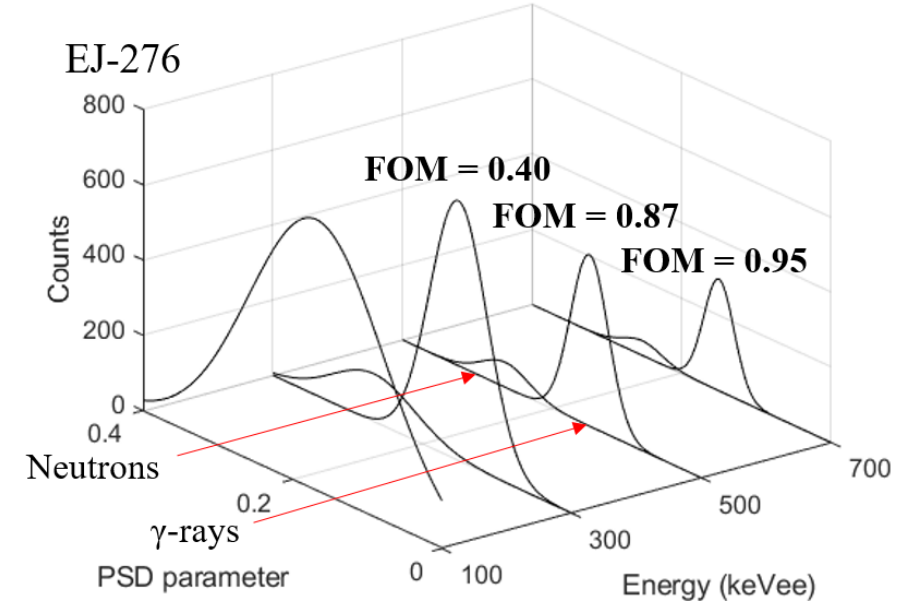
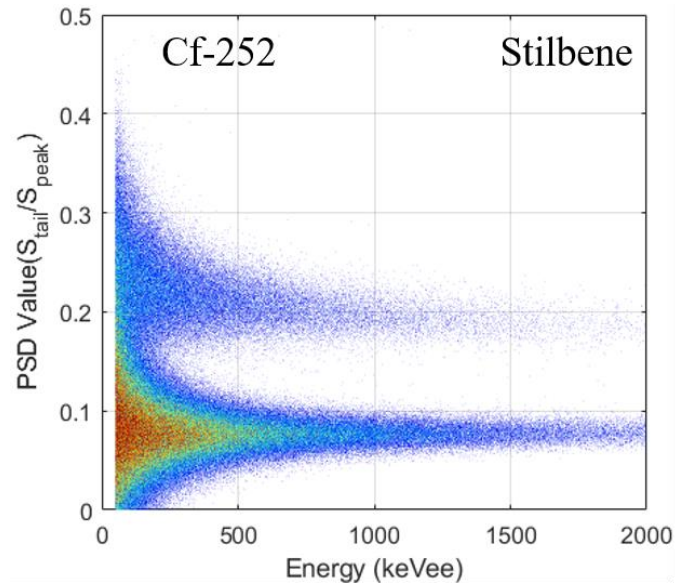
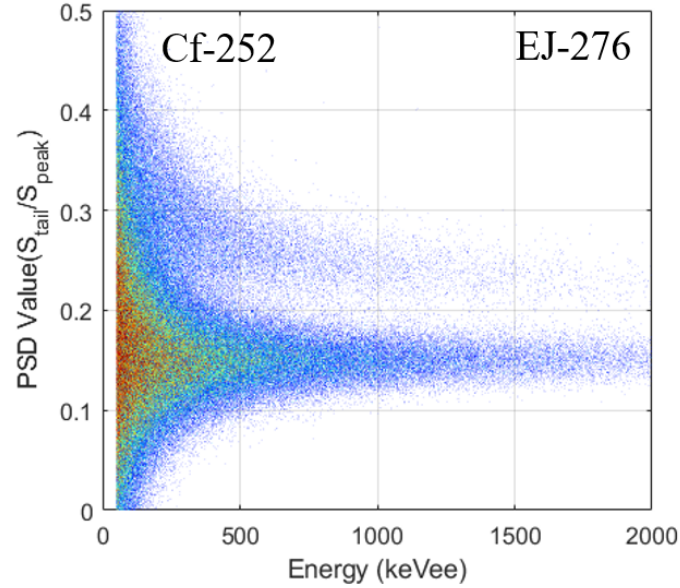
$S_{tail}$ : 180 ns – 800 ns

[ Plastic Overall pixel ]

Bias voltage (V)	$R_f$	ADCs
28	Mid (100 $\Omega$ )	12 bit

[ Stilbene Overall pixel ]

$S_{tail}$ : 180 ns – 600 ns



## ➤ PSD performance for single pixels

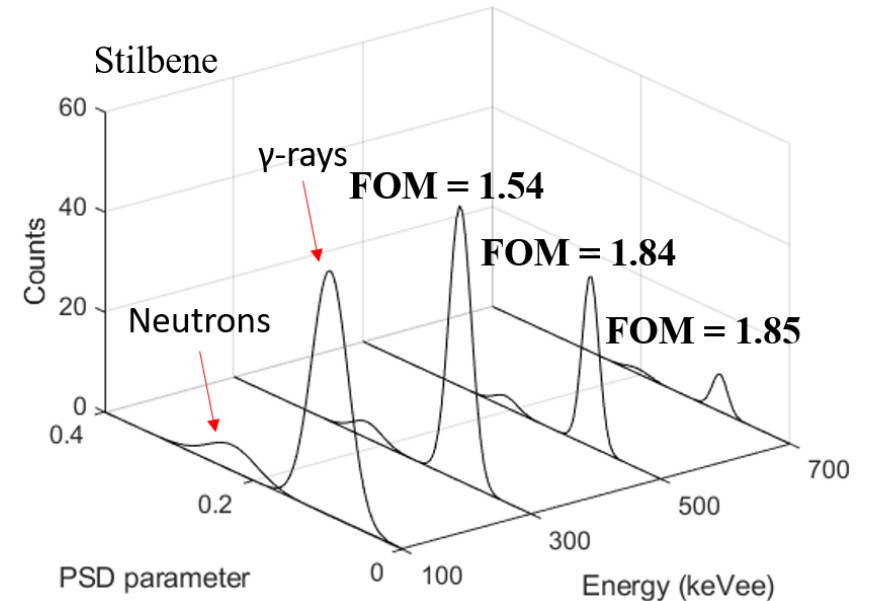
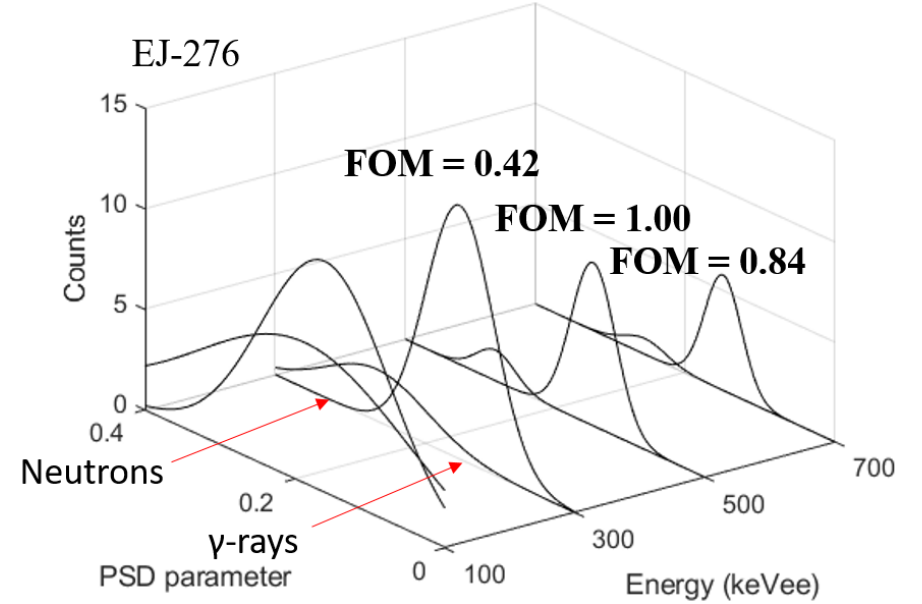
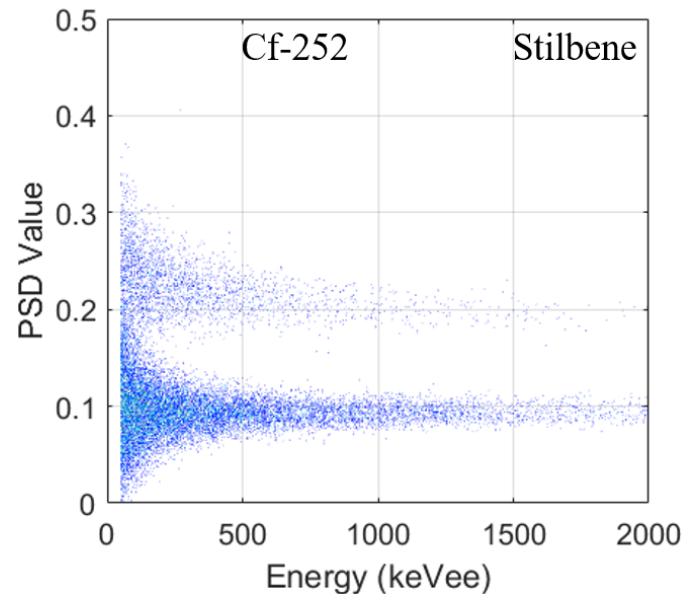
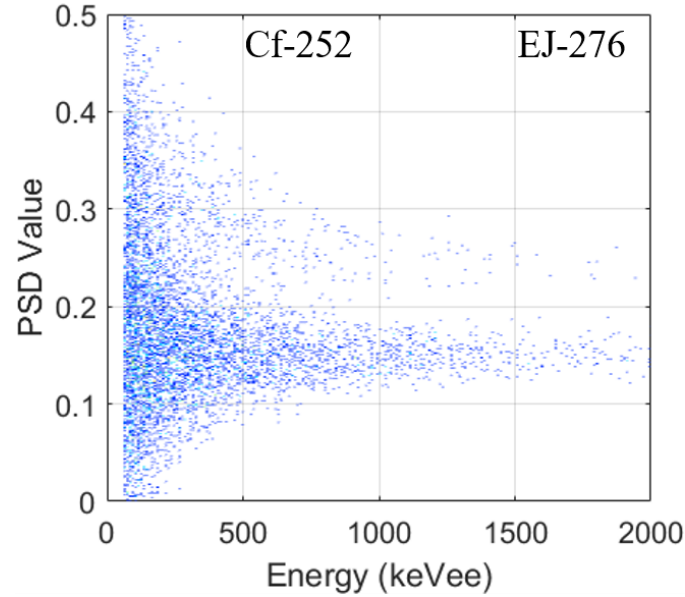
$S_{tail}$ : 180 ns – 800 ns

[ One of the Plastic pixels ]

Bias voltage (V)	$R_f$	ADCs
28	Mid (100 $\Omega$ )	12 bit

[ One of the Stilbene pixels ]

$S_{tail}$ : 180 ns – 600 ns





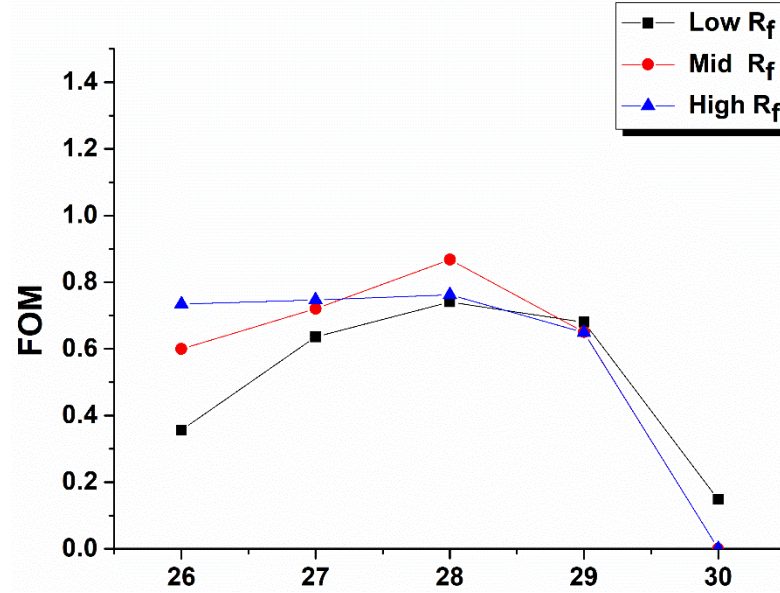
## ➤ Comparison of PSD performance

[ Plastic  
Overall pixel ]

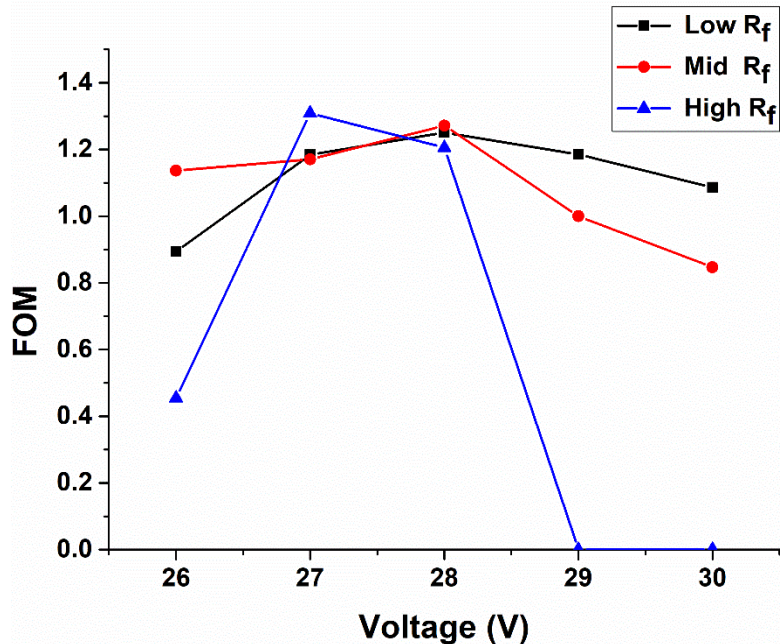
ADCs

12 bit

[ Stilbene  
Overall pixel ]



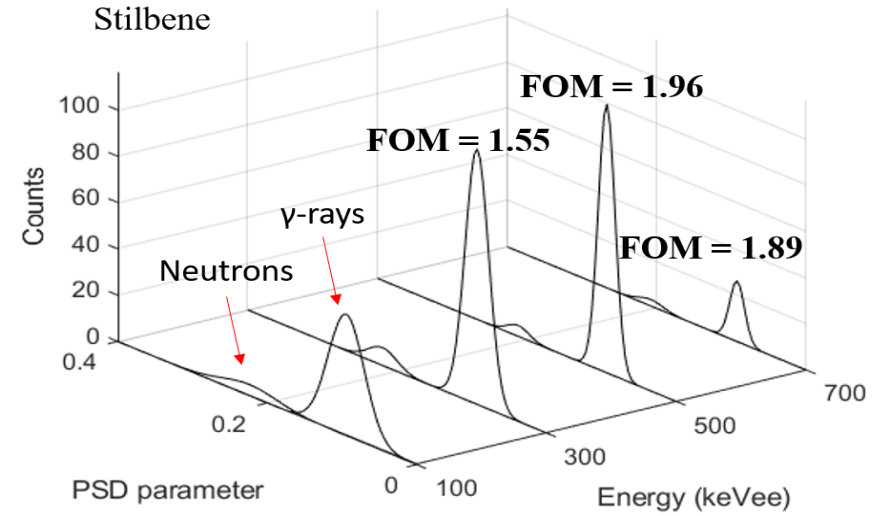
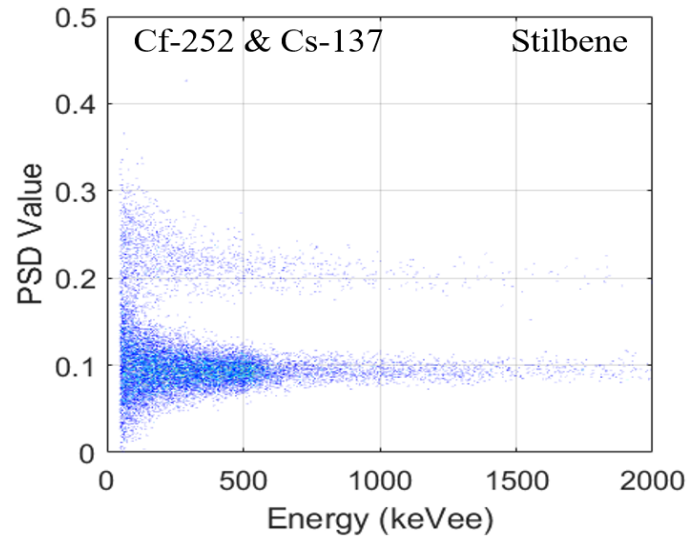
✓ FOM ( $500 \pm 100$  keVee)



✓ FOM ( $300 \pm 100$  keVee)

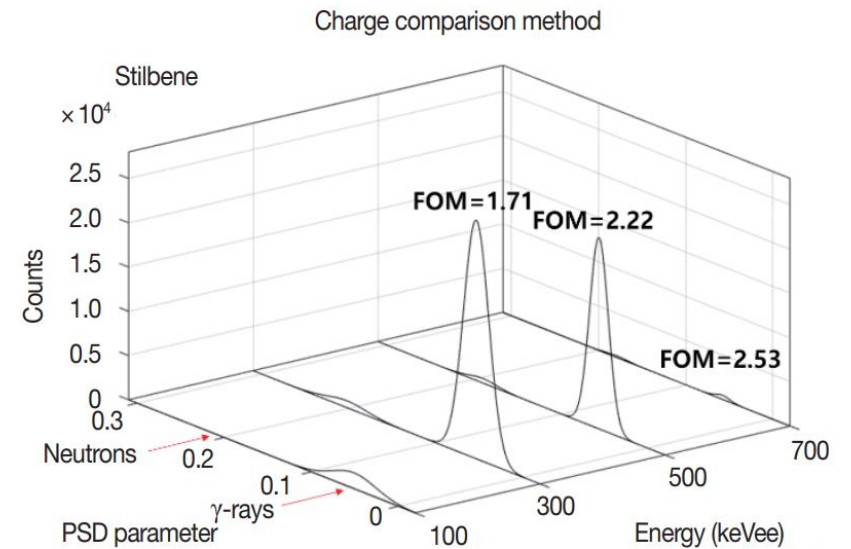
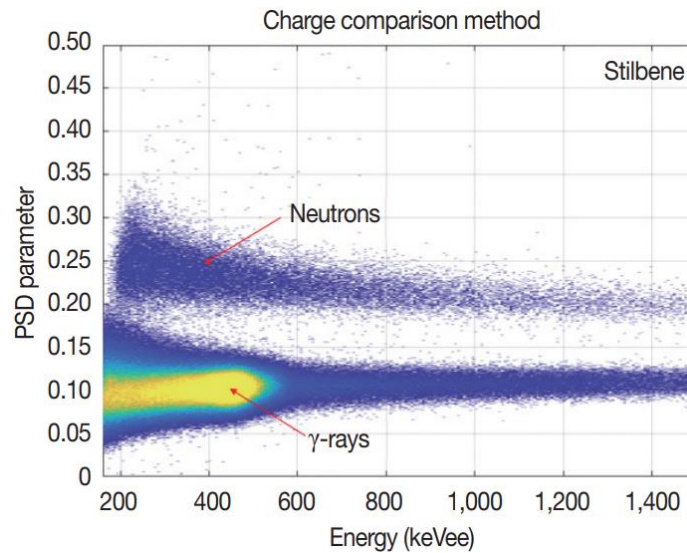
## ➤ Comparison of PSD performance

[ One of the Stilbene pixels ]



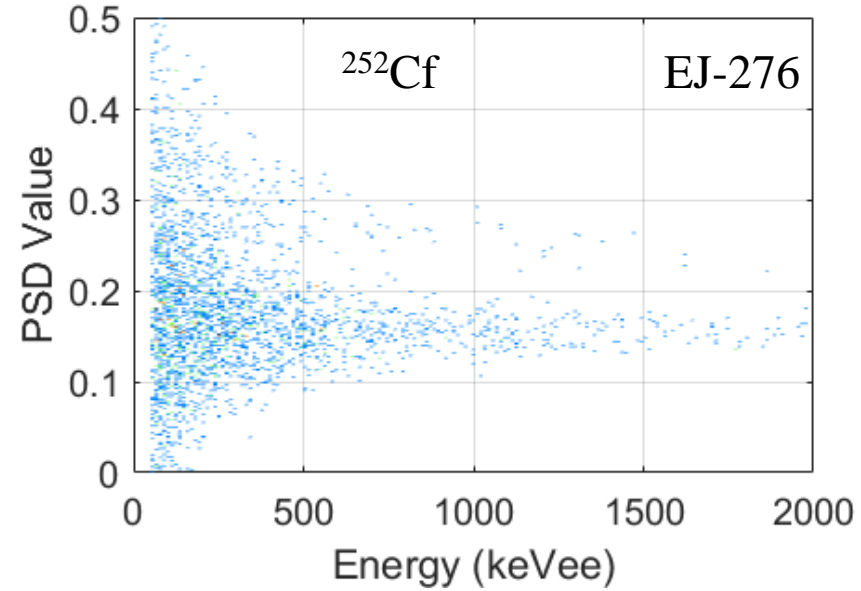
( $\varnothing$  5 cm, 5 cm<sub>r</sub>)

[ Stilbene cylinder crystal ]



## ➤ Comparison of PSD performance

[ One of the Plastic pixels ]

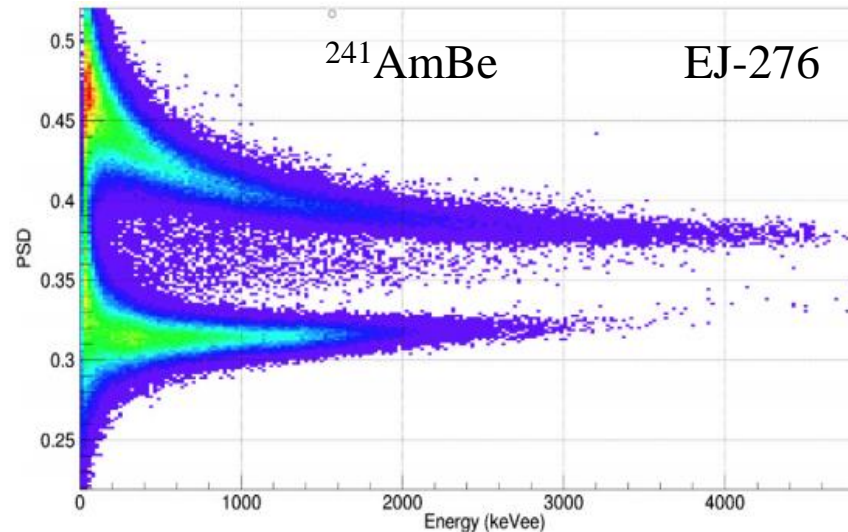


FOM Sensor	0.5-0.6 MeVee	1-1.1 MeVee	1.5-1.6 MeVee
C-series	1.02	1.67	N/A

(ADCs: 12-bit, 50 MS/s)

(6 mm × 6 mm × 6mm)

[ Plastic cube crystal ]



FOM Sensor	0.5-0.6 MeVee	1-1.1 MeVee	1.5-1.6 MeVee
J-series	2.39	2.84	3.03

(ADC: 14-bit, 500 MS/s)

- **Comparison performance between Stilbene and Plastic scintillator arrays (EJ-276) for DPI application**
  - **PSD performance heavily dependent on its light yield when a pixelated array is needed**
- 
- **Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD) optimization**
    - **Change the ADCs resolutions from 12 bits to 14 when maintaining the sampling rate**
    - **Apply a light guide to match the active area of SiPM to the crystal size**

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# **Comparison of Pulse-Shape Discrimination (PSD) Performance Using the Pixelated Stilbene and Plastic Scintillator (EJ-276) Arrays for the Hand-Held Dual-Particle Imager**

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**Thank you for your attention**

**Presenter: Mr. Jihwan Boo**  
Email: [wlgk5648@jejunu.ac.kr](mailto:wlgk5648@jejunu.ac.kr)

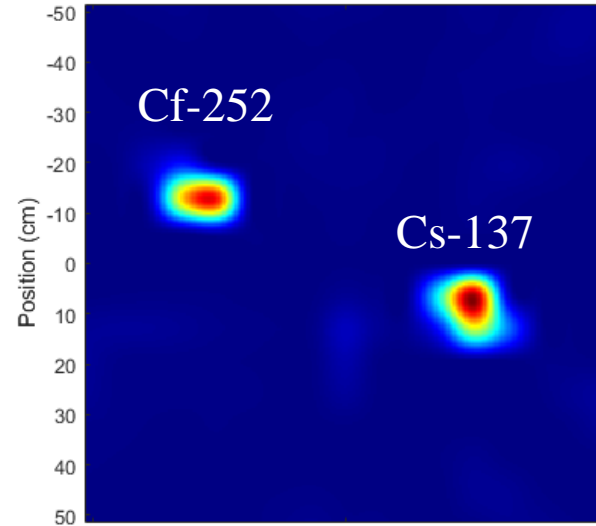
## ➤ Comparison of the reconstructed MLEM image

[ Plastic array ]

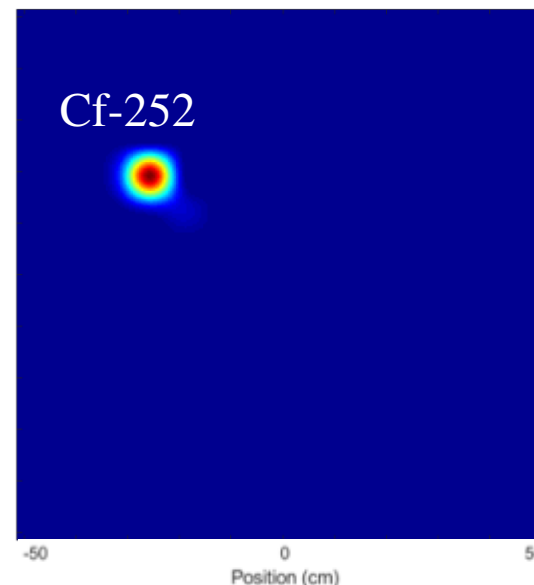
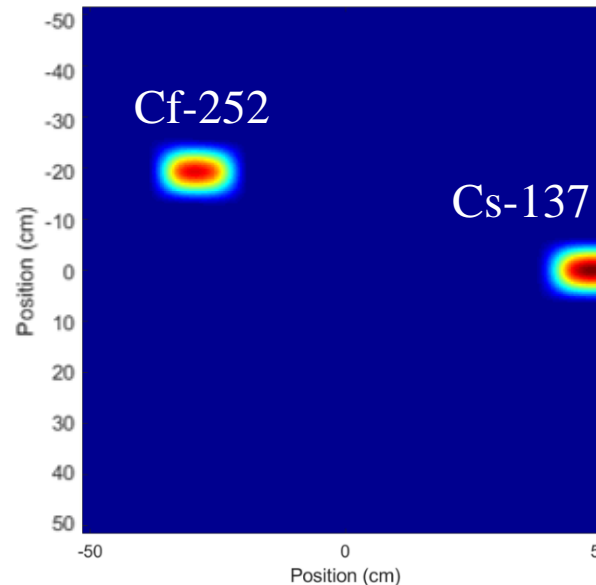
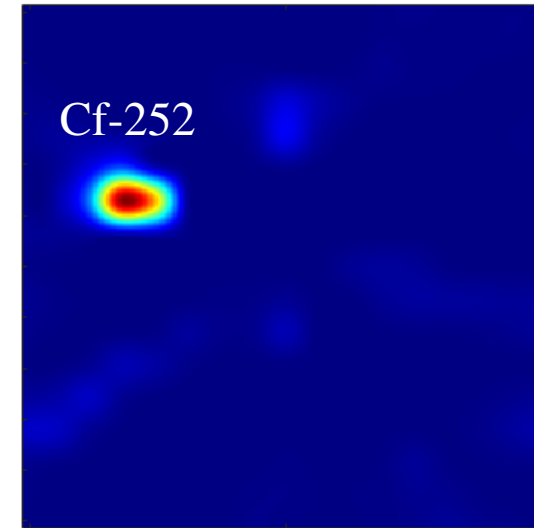
Bias voltage (V)	$R_f$	ADCs
28	Mid (100 $\Omega$ )	12 bit

[ Stilbene array ]

Gamma-ray Image



Neutron Image



Measurement  
time: 5 min

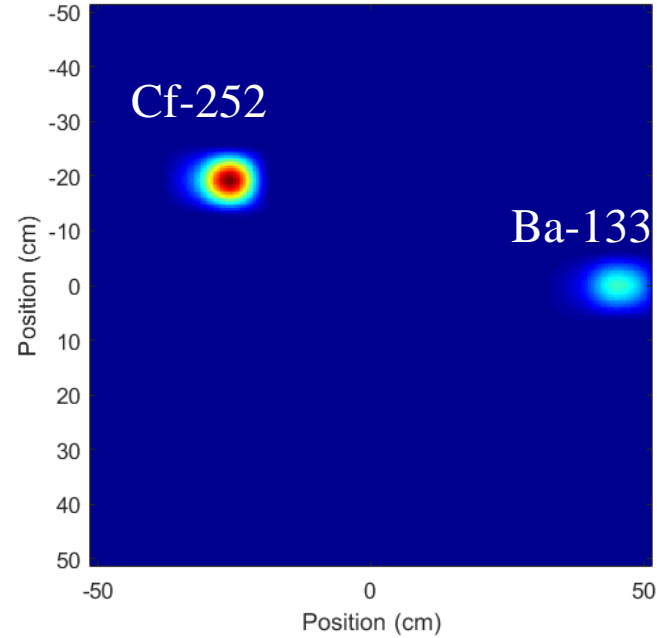
## ➤ Comparison of the reconstructed MLEM image

[ Plastic array ]

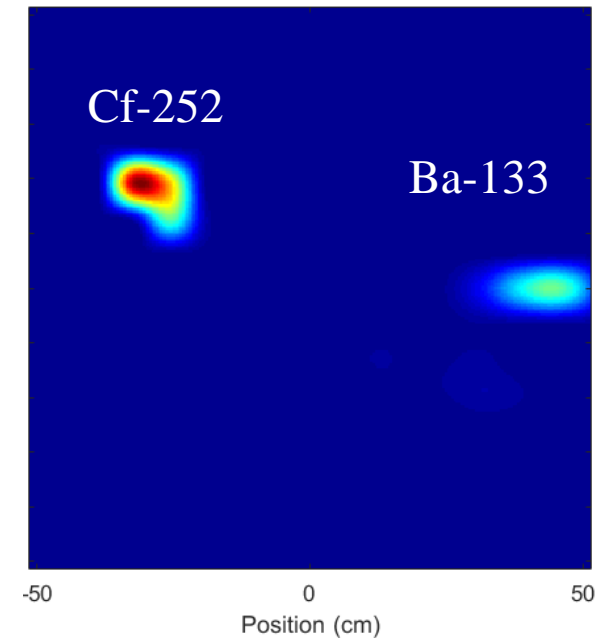
Bias voltage (V)	$R_f$	ADCs
28	Mid (100 $\Omega$ )	12 bit

[ Stilbene array ]

Gamma-ray Image

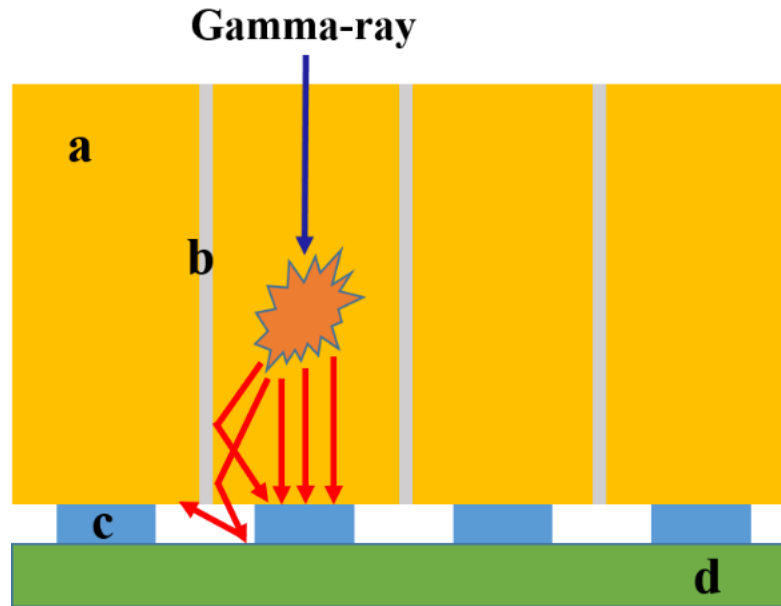


Neutron Image

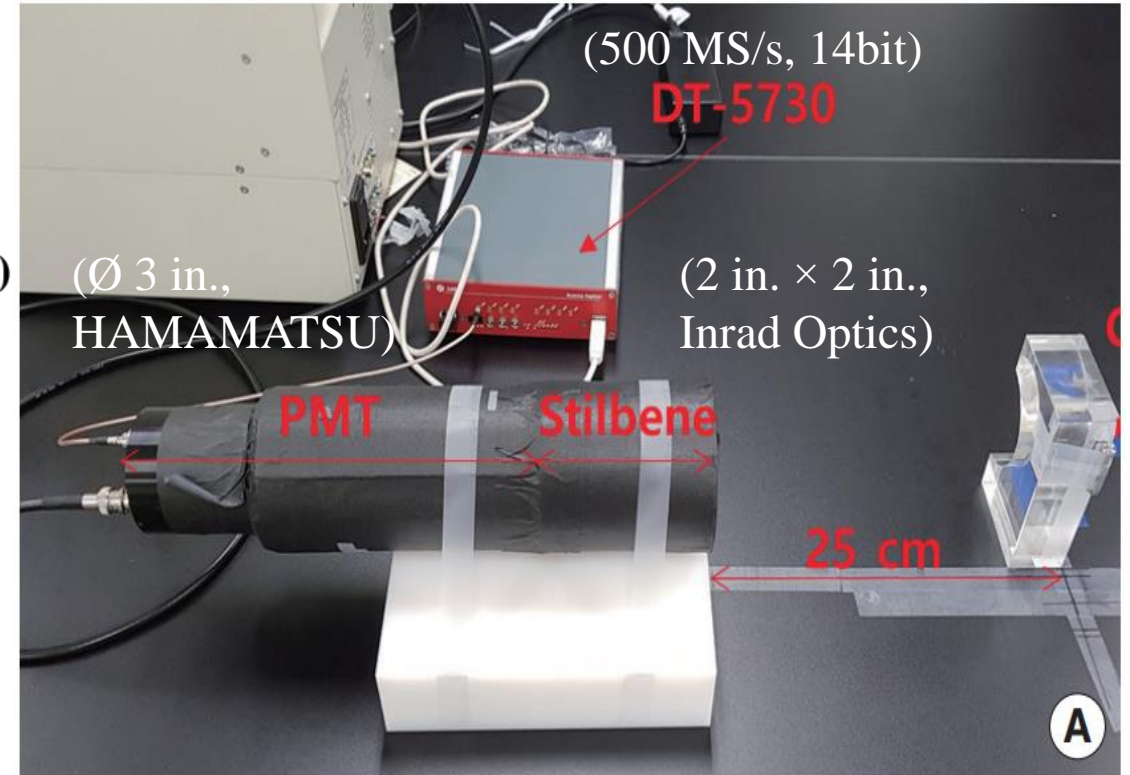


Measurement time: 6 min

## ➤ Comparison of PSD performance



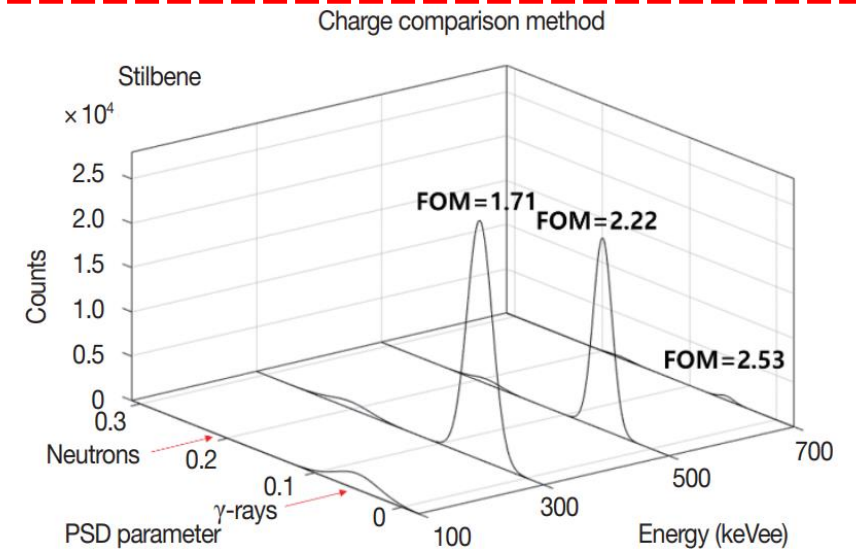
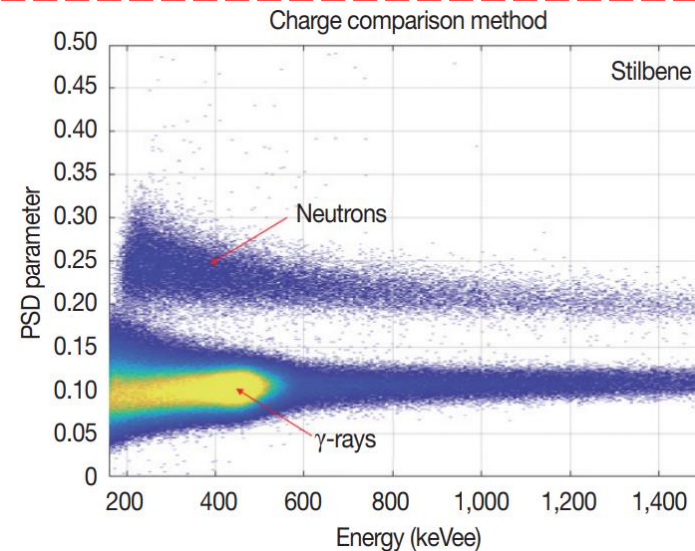
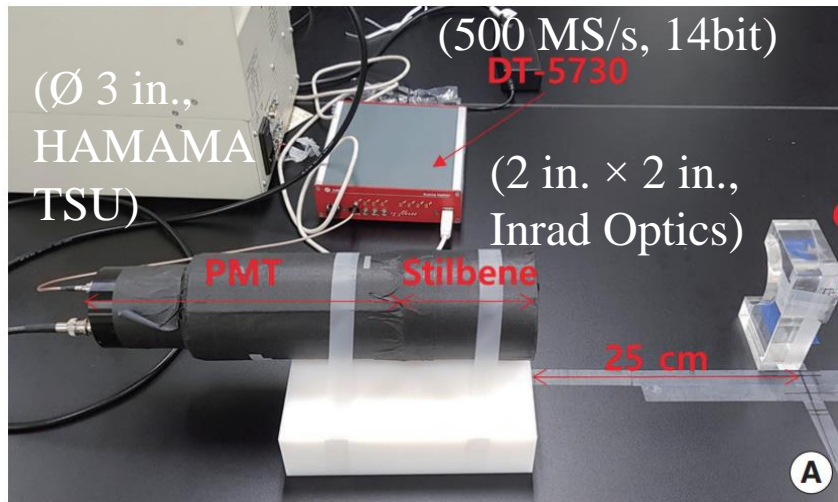
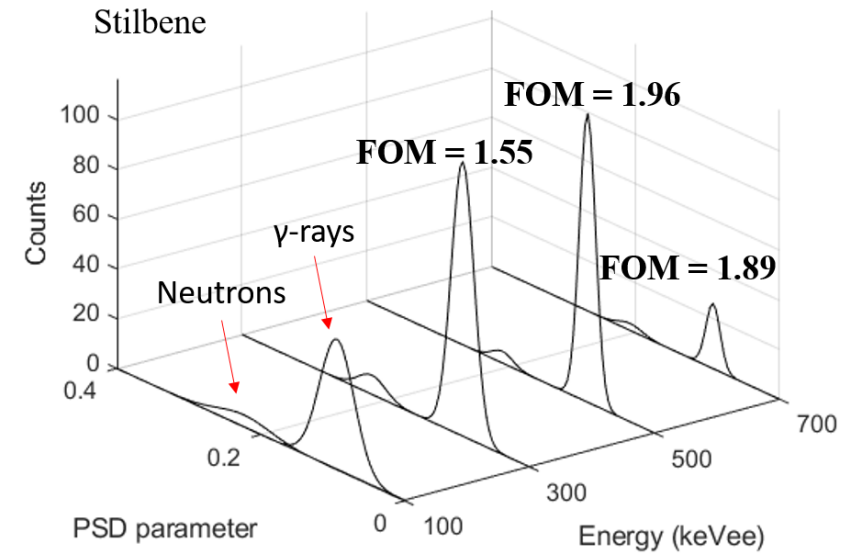
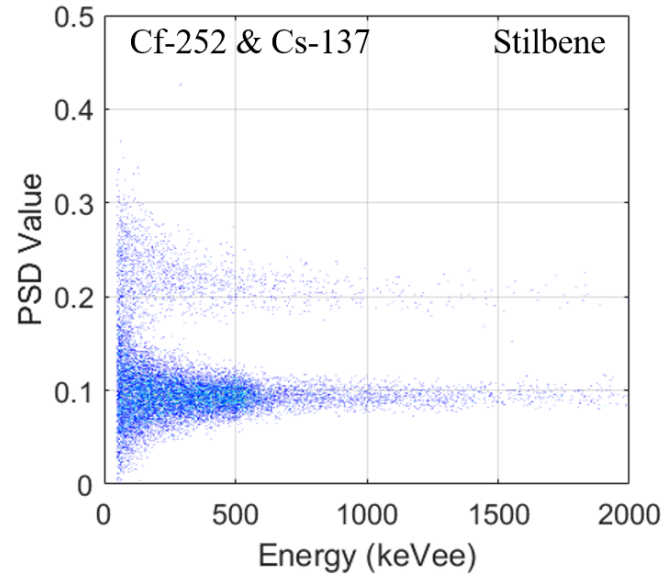
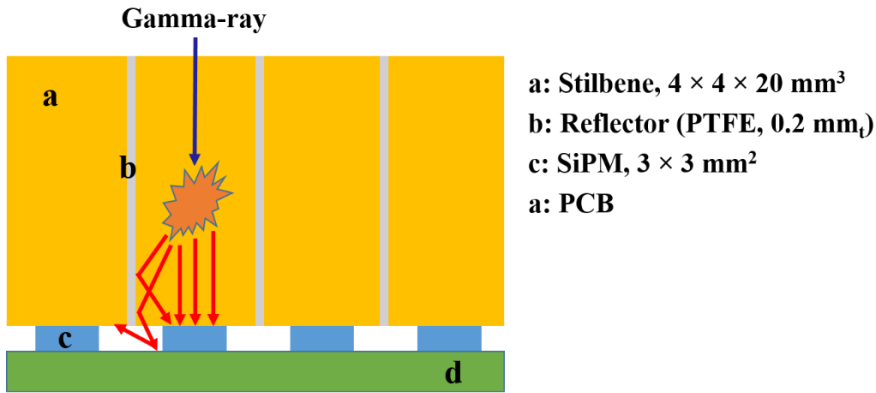
- a: Stilbene,  $4 \times 4 \times 20 \text{ mm}^3$
- b: Reflector (PTFE,  $0.2 \text{ mm}_t$ )
- c: SiPM,  $3 \times 3 \text{ mm}^2$
- a: PCB



(Kim, C. et. al., J. Radiat. Prot. Res. Vol. 44, Page: 53 (2019))



## ➤ Comparison of PSD performance

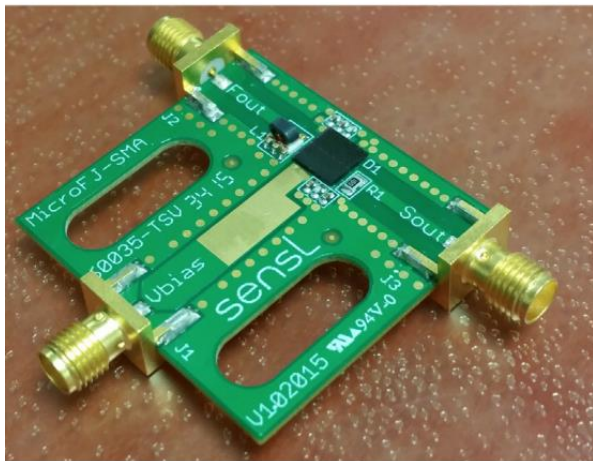


## ➤ Comparison of PSD performance

Some example SiPM characteristics for the SensL C- and J-series.

SiPM	$\lambda_{min}$ (nm)	$\lambda_{max}$ (nm)	No. of microcells	Fill factor
C	300	950	18,980	64%
J	200	900	22,292	75%

SensL MicroFJ-SMA



(500 MS/s, 14bit)

