

DEPARTMENT OF NUCLEAR & QUANTUM ENGINEERING

Vibration System Analysis of Radial Magnetic Bearing for MMR Condition



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Introduction & Background

Experimental study of magnetic bearing instability

KAIST-MMR (MMR, Micro modular Reactor) 's Advantages

- MMR (fully modularized fast reactor with super critical CO₂) has high power density with moderate heat source temperature.
- MMR can replace the diesel engine to avoid violating the newly released IMO regulation.

Appropriate bearing selection

From the power scale of the MMR, magnetic bearing is well applicable. Oil lubricated bearing is excluded because oil supply and sealing system harms its compactness and independence.

Layout of the experiment loop

The pump, chiller and heat exchanger are derived from the SCO_2PE which is $S-CO_2$ pressurizing loop constructed in KAIST to control the thermal condition



7.0m

- Configuration of MMR
- Magnetic bearing's radial instability issue
- Under high pressure & high speed operation
- Shaft breakaways from the revolution orbit

Bearing options for S-CO₂ Brayton cycles with various power scales

- Leaked working fluid cools the rotor
- No such phenomenon with low density fluid

magnetic bearing

- ▲ Compressor shaft trajectory under air condition (left, 30000 RPM) and S-CO₂ condition (right, 14000 RPM))
- In this poster, the modeled $S-CO_2$ lubrication pressure distribution in the magnetic journal bearing geometry

Layout of the Bearing Instability Experiment

 \checkmark S-CO₂ power cycle demonstration facility (S-CO₂PE)

Force analysis

The shaft trajectory data is inserted to the developed fluid force analysis model. From this, the fluid force exerted on the shaft during the experiments are estimated. The calculated results are used to verify the model.

with uniform circular motion is analyzed with its physical properties. To explain and verify the results, the experimental results with shaft position is substituted into the model for comparison. Also, the results are analyzed with air gap's position.

Modified fluid force analysis model

Lubrication in magnetic bearing with inner coated geometry

Magnetic bearing's electromagnet is exposed to the working fluid leaked through the labyrinth seal. Because the complex geometry is difficult to model, smooth geometry is analyzed with model at first.

Fluid force model with Reynolds equation

- Thin film fluid dynamics equation
- Velocity profile from Navier & Stokes equation
- \rightarrow Substitute to the continuity equation
- Negligible axial direction & Quasi steady (perfect revolution)

 $\frac{\partial}{\partial X}\left(\frac{\rho h^3}{12\mu}\frac{\partial p}{\partial X}\right) = \frac{\partial(\rho h)}{\partial t} + \frac{hu}{2}\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial X} + \frac{u}{2}\frac{\partial h}{\partial X}\rho$

- Purpose : Pressure distribution & force exerted to the shaft

Bearing modeling coordinate description

Disturbance source

 F_{LUB} has a period same as electromagnets array. The gaps between the electromagnets appear to cause the CO₂ flows that impede control.

Vibration system analysis

 F_{LUB} and F_{net} follow the trend of the 2nd order system.

High Density and its change is main reason of the fluid force gradient
Control of thermal condition is required for experiment

Conclusions & Future work

Insatbility source

Magnetic bearing's air gaps between the electromagnets appear to be the instability source

High density of S-CO₂ can be the instability source of the \checkmark magnetic bearing levitation

This analysis cannot define the effect of the rapid angle change near pseudo-critical line

State Space Analysis

$$\dot{X} = AX + Bu, X = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ x \\ y \end{pmatrix}, A = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{C_{xx}}{m} & -\frac{C_{xy}}{m} & -\frac{K_{xx}}{m} & -\frac{K_{xy}}{m} \\ -\frac{C_{yx}}{m} & -\frac{C_{yy}}{m} & -\frac{K_{yx}}{m} & -\frac{K_{yy}}{m} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- With *A*'s eigenvalue, the vibration system's convergence can be predicted.
- AMB's control strategy can be designed with desired eigenvalue.
- The effectiveness of it is planned to be tested with several control strategy

