Portable LaBr₃ Detector Characterization and Radioactivity Calculation using the InterSpec and GADRAS-DRF

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Introduction

- In the management of radiological crime scenes, it is important to quickly analyze unidentified sources.
- Mirion's In Situ Object Counting System (ISOCS) is leading in this field and has excellent performance, but software is expensive, and it takes a lot of time and money to create DCG.
- GADRAS-DRF
- Unlike InterSpec, the GADRAS-DRF uses pre-calculated and embedded detector efficiency and FWHM.
- Detector response function :
- 1) Input various geometry parameters and types of detectors such as LaBr₃, Nal, and HPGe.

Introduced InterSpec and GADRAS-DRF, free software that enables simple detector characterization and activity calculation.

Method and Result

Detection of gamma sources

- To obtain spectrum data, Mirion's SPIR-Ace LaBr₃(Ce) model was used in the experiment as shown in Fig. 1.
 - Table I. Data of gamma source used in the experiment. The activities were corrected to the experiment date.

Source	²⁴¹ Am	¹³³ Ba	⁶⁰ Co	¹³⁷ Cs	¹⁵² Eu
Activity (uCi)	50.754	8.129	3.869	9.177	19.274



2) The calculation is performed by applying the variable to embedded value.

Activity calculation in Analyze tab :

Specify the location of source and additional shield, and the type of source

Calculated Activity of $^{152}Eu \rightarrow 18.23 \pm 0.05 uCi$



Fig. 4. Energy spectrum of 152Eu from the experiment and calculation from GADRAS-DRF.

Fig 1. Instruments for experimental measurements : Bruker S1-Titan 600 (LaBr₃ scintillator size : 1'' by 1.34'')

InterSpec

- **Energy calibration** : The full energy peaks of the source (²⁴¹Am, ¹³³Ba, ⁶⁰Co, ¹³⁷Cs) were specified in the **InterSpec**.
- Make Detector Response : Appropriate peaks and parameters, and activity of sources are entered **Intrinsic efficiency and FWHM** are fitted and displayed.

Activity/Shielding Fit :

1) Apply the response function of $LaBr_3$

detector previously made.

2) Specify the peaks of the interested source (¹⁵²Eu) in spectrum.



Conclusion

- The calculated values of activity of ¹⁵²Eu were 17.24 uCi and 18.23 uCi, respectively. The relative errors for the corrected activity of 19.274 uCi were 11.8% and 5.73%, respectively. More detailed settings of Gadras-DRF made the calculations more accurate than **InterSpec**.
- The result of this study will be used as basic information for analysis of nuclear material.
- In the future, a technology optimized for preliminary characterization of unidentified nuclear materials using a portable gamma detector will be developed to maintain safety from nuclear accidents.

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Calculated Activity of ¹⁵²Eu

 \rightarrow 17.24 ± 0.033 uCi

1173.31	31.55	32523	9.034 ± 0.062	1173.23 keV		
1332.74	35.91	29373	8.159 ± 0.052	1332.49 keV		
2240.52	51.39	165	0.0457 ± 0.00	2158.57 keV 💌		
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Q Search for Peaks Clear all Peaks 🖨 Nuc. from Ref. Peak: 🕂 Add						
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	1173.31 1332.74 2240.52 Search for Pea	1173.31 31.55 1332.74 35.91 2240.52 51.39 Search for Peaks Clear a	1173.31 31.55 32523 1332.74 35.91 29373 2240.52 51.39 165 Gearch for Peaks Clear all Peaks	1173.31 31.55 32523 9.034 ± 0.062 1332.74 35.91 29373 8.159 ± 0.052 2240.52 51.39 165 0.0457 ± 0.00 Gearch for Peaks Clear all Peaks © Nuc. from Ref. Peaks		

Fig. 2. The energy spectrum of ⁶⁰Co source and specified peaks



Fig 3. Create Detector Response Function window in the InterSpec.

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